

MOTOROLA

HANDIE-TALKIE FM RADIOPHONE

1.4 & 5.0 W RF POWER
25-54 MC

PORTABLE TRANSISTORIZED

BEPD-8869-O (CE2286-S9)



MODEL P31DDC-1030AM



MOTOROLA INC.

COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION

Engineering Publications

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**THIS MANUAL HAS BEEN
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GUARANTEED PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL

MODELS		P31DDC-1000 Series	P31DDC-3000 Series	P21DDC-1000 Series	P21DDC-3000 Series
POWER SUPPLY		Eleven #1050 Industrial "D" cells or one 14.0 v nickel-cadmium battery.			
BATTERY DRAIN	Standby	4 ma at 14.0 v	10 ma at 14.0 v	4 ma at 14.0 v	10 ma at 14.0 v
	Receive	55 ma at 14.0 v	62 ma at 14.0 v	55 ma at 14.0 v (12 ma**)	62 ma at 14.0 v (19 ma**)
	Transmit	900 ma at 13.5 v	900 ma at 13.5 v	410 ma at 14.0 v	415 ma at 14.0 v
DIMENSIONS (excluding antenna) (with dry cell batteries)	Speaker-microphone	9" x 7-3/4" x 3-3/4"			
	Speaker-Handset	9" x 8-3/4" x 3-3/4"			
	Handset	9" x 8-3/4" x 3-3/4"			
DIMENSIONS (excluding antenna) (with nickel-cadmium batteries)	Speaker-microphone	9" x 6-3/8" x 3-3/4"			
	Speaker-Handset	9" x 7-3/8" x 3-3/4"			
	Handset	9" x 7-3/8" x 3-3/4"			
WEIGHT* (with dry cell batteries)	Speaker-microphone	7# 14 oz.	8#	7# 7 oz.	7# 9 oz.
	Speaker-Handset	8# 7 oz.	8# 9 oz.	7# 15 oz.	8# 1 oz.
	Handset	8# 4 oz.	8# 6 oz.	7# 12 oz.	7# 14 oz.
WEIGHT* (with nickel-cadmium batteries)	Speaker-microphone	6# 8 oz.	6# 10 oz.	6# 1 oz.	6# 3 oz.
	Speaker-Handset	7#	7# 2 oz.	6# 9 oz.	6# 11 oz.
	Handset	6# 13 oz.	6# 15 oz.	6# 6 oz.	6# 8 oz.

TRANSMITTER

CHASSIS MODEL	NTB6060 Series with NLB6120 Series Power Amplifier	NTB6050 Series
RF OUTPUT	5.0 w at nominal battery voltage (13.5 v)	1.4 w at nominal battery voltage (14.0 v)
FREQUENCY STABILITY	NTB6060 Series $\pm 0.002\%$ from -30°C to $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($+25^{\circ}\text{C}$ reference)	NTB6050 Series $\pm 0.0025\%$ from -30°C to $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($+25^{\circ}\text{C}$ reference)
MODULATION	16F3: ± 5 kc for 100% at 1000 cps; or 36F3: ± 15 kc for 100% at 1000 cps	
CRYSTAL MULTIPLICATION	16 times	
SPURIOUS AND HARMONICS	more than 52 db below carrier	more than 45 db below carrier
FM NOISE	At least 35 db below ± 3.3 kc deviation at 1000 cps, or at least 40 db below ± 10 kc deviation at 1000 cps	
AUDIO RESPONSE	$+1, -3$ db of 6 db/octave pre-emphasis characteristic from 300 to 3000 cps	
AUDIO DISTORTION	Less than 8% at 1000 cps, 2/3 rated maximum deviation	

RECEIVER

MODULATION ACCEPTANCE*	± 5 kc (split channel models) or ± 15 kc (wide band models)		
SENSITIVITY	Less than 0.35 microvolt for 20 db quieting		
SPURIOUS AND IMAGE REJECTION	More than 70 db below carrier		
NOISE SQUELCH SENSITIVITY	Noise compensated type: adjustable sensitivity, will open at less than 0.18 microvolt		
TONE CODED SQUELCH SENSITIVITY	Fixed sensitivity will open at less than 0.18 microvolt		Fixed sensitivity will open at less than 0.18 microvolt
AUDIO OUTPUT	500 milliwatts to speaker or 3 milliwatts to handset at less than 10% distortion		
FREQUENCY STABILITY	$\pm 0.0025\%$ from -30°C to $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($+25^{\circ}\text{C}$ reference)		
SELECTIVITY	More than 60 db at ± 20 kc or ± 40 kc measured by the 20 db quieting method		
CHANNEL SPACING*	20 kc (± 5 kc Bandwidth) 40 kc (± 15 kc Bandwidth)		

*Tone-coded squelch available in split-channel models only

**Applies to handset models without loudspeaker

SPECIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

FCC LICENSE DESIGNATION: P31 Series CC1505
P21 Series CC1504B

MOTOROLA

MODEL CHART
FM "HANDLE-TALKIE" RADIOPHONES
25-54 MC 1.4 & 5.0 W RF POWER

LEGEND

- ONE ITEM INCLUDED
- ONE ITEM INCLUDED WITH EVERY 5 (OR LESS) RADIO SETS.
- ONE ALTERNATE ITEM INCLUDED. CHOICE DEPENDENT UPON FREQUENCY.
- TWO ITEMS INCLUDED

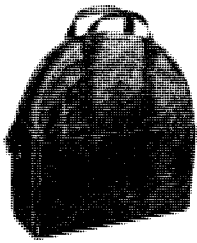
*REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. THE SPECIFIC MODEL, AS STAMPED ON THE CHASSIS, IS DETERMINED BY ITS APPLICATION.

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	REFERENCE DIAGRAM	MODEL NUMBER		XMTR FREQ.	RCVR FREQ.	CHANNEL SPACING	POWER TYPES		TYPES OF SQUELCH
			1.3 W RF OUTPUT	HANDSET MODELS				1.3 W RF OUTPUT	HANDSET MODELS	
*NRB1150AA	RECEIVER (1-FREQ) WIDE CHANNEL, CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X	1	1	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NRB1150AB	RECEIVER (1-FREQ) SPLIT CHANNEL, CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X	1	1	40 KC	NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NRB1150AC	RECEIVER (2-FREQ) WIDE CHANNEL, CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X	2	2	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NRB1150AD	RECEIVER (2-FREQ) SPLIT CHANNEL, CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X	2	2	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NRB1150AE	RECEIVER (1-FREQ) SPLIT CHANNEL, DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X	1	1	20 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NRB1120AA	RECEIVER (1-FREQ) WIDE CHANNEL, CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X	1	1	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NRB1120AB	RECEIVER (1-FREQ) SPLIT CHANNEL, CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X	1	1	40 KC	NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NRB1120AC	RECEIVER (2-FREQ) WIDE CHANNEL, CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X	2	2	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NRB1120AD	RECEIVER (2-FREQ) SPLIT CHANNEL, CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X	2	2	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NRB1120AE	RECEIVER (1-FREQ) SPLIT CHANNEL, DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X	1	1	20 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NRB1120AF	RECEIVER (1-FREQ) SPLIT CHANNEL, DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X	2	2	20 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NRB1120AH	RECEIVER (2-FREQ) SPLIT CHANNEL, DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X	2	2	20 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NTB6050AA	TRANSMITTER (1-FREQ) CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X	1	1	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NTB6050AB	TRANSMITTER (2-FREQ) CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X	2	2	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NTB6050AC	TRANSMITTER (1-FREQ) "PRIVATE-LINE" MODEL	63E81017A22	X	X	1	1	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NTB6050AD	TRANSMITTER (2-FREQ) "PRIVATE-LINE" MODEL	63E81017A22	X	X	2	2	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NTB6060AA	TRANSMITTER (1-FREQ) CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X	1	1	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NTB6060AB	TRANSMITTER (2-FREQ) CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X	2	2	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NTB6060AC	TRANSMITTER (1-FREQ) "PRIVATE-LINE" MODEL	63E81017A22	X	X	1	1	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
*NTB6060AD	TRANSMITTER (2-FREQ) "PRIVATE-LINE" MODEL	63E81017A22	X	X	2	2	40 KC	DRY BATTERY	CARRIER SQUELCH	
NLB6111A	"PRIVATE-LINE" SQUELCH BOARD (25-42 MC)	63E81017A22								
NLB6112A	"PRIVATE-LINE" SQUELCH BOARD (42-54 MC)	63E81017A22								
NLB6120A	HI POWER FINAL AMPLIFIER	63E81017A21 & 22								
NGN6023A	TOP PANEL KIT	63E81017A21	X	X						
NGN6039A	CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X						
NGN6040A	CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X						
NGN6041A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X						
NGN6042A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X						
NGN6043A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 2-FREQ REC CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X						
NGN6044A	CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X						
NGN6045A	CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X						
NGN6046A	CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X						
NGN6047A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X						
NGN6048A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X						
NGN6049A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 2-FREQ REC CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X						
NGN6050A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 2-FREQ REC DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X						
NCN6051A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 2-FREQ REC DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X						
NCN6052A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X						
NCN6053A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X						
NCN6054A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 2-FREQ REC CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X						
NCN6055A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 2-FREQ REC DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X						
NCN6056A	CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X						
NCN6057A	CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X						
NCN6058A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X						
NCN6059A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 1-FREQ REC DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X						
NCN6060A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 2-FREQ REC CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21	X	X						
NCN6061A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ XMIT, 2-FREQ REC DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22	X	X						
NFN6030AB	POWER SUPPLY (LESS DRY BATTERIES)	63E81017A22	X	X						
NFN6031A	POWER SUPPLY (LESS NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERIES)	63E81017A22	X	X						
NLN6310A	BATTERY KIT (DRY)	63E81017A21	X	X						
NLN6267A	BATTERY KIT (NICKEL-CADMIUM)	63E81017A21	X	X						
NLN6129A	CARRYING STRAP	63E81017A21	X	X						
NLN6306A	UNIT HARDWARE KIT	63E81017A21	X	X						
NLN6307A	UNIT HARDWARE KIT	63E81017A21	X	X						
NLN6252A	TUNING TOOL	63E81017A21	X	X						
NMN6017A	HANDSET	63E81017A21	X	X						
NMN6018A	MICROPHONE	63E81017A21	X	X						
YM45	RECEIVER CONTROL CRYSTAL	63E81017A21	X	X						
YM46	RECEIVER CONTROL CRYSTAL	63E81017A21	X	X						
YN	RECEIVER IF CRYSTAL	63E81017A21	X	X						
AB-2	TRANSMITTER CRYSTAL	63E81017A21	X	X						
ABX-2	TRANSMITTER CRYSTAL	63E81017A21	X	X						
TLN6492AA	"VIBRASENDER-SPONDER" UNIT	63E81017A21	X	X						
NAB6141A	ANTENNA	63E81017A21	X	X						
NAB6142A	ANTENNA	63E81017A21	X	X						
NAB6143A	ANTENNA	63E81017A21	X	X						
NAB6144A	ANTENNA	63E81017A21	X	X						
NAB6145A	ANTENNA	63E81017A21	X	X						
NLN6241A	"PRIVATE-LINE" HARDWARE KIT	63E81017A21	X	X						
NLD6315B	BOTTOM PLATE KIT	63E81017A21	X	X						

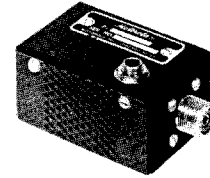
ACCESSORY TABLE

MODEL	DESCRIPTION
NPN6032A	117 V AC Power Supply
NLN6268A	Shock Mount Rack
NLN6129A	Carrying Strap
NLN6262A	Carrying Bag
P-7208-A	RF Dummy Load for P21 Series Radiophone
P-7208	RF Dummy Load for P31 Series Radiophone
NLN6145A	Dummy Load Antenna for P21 Series Radiophone
NLN6040A	Dummy Load Antenna for P31 Series Radiophone
NLN6311A	Back Pack Harness complete with microphone, earpiece and volume control
NLN6312A	Back Pack Harness less microphone, earpiece and volume control
NMN6009A	Headset and Microphone
NLN6029A	Nickel-Cadmium Battery Charger (Requires NKN6077A Battery Charger Adapter)
NKN6079A	Battery Charger Cable Kit (for NPN6031A Power Supply and NLN6029A Battery Charger)
NKN6080A	Battery Charger Cable Kit (for NLN6267A Battery Kit and NLN6029A Battery Charger)
TEKA-40	Power extension cable for easy repair and/or alignment
NLN6270A	6/12 V DC Vehicular Charging Unit
NKN6074A	6 V DC Vehicular Cable for NLN6270A Charging Unit
NKN6075A	12 V DC Vehicular Cable for NLN6270A Charging Unit
NKN6076A	12 V DC Cigarette Lighter Cable for NLN6270A Charging Unit
NKN6042A	Antenna Extension Cable (20" RG-58 A/U)
NAB6101A	Long Wire Antenna 25-30 mc
NAB6102A	Long Wire Antenna 30-36 mc
NAB6103A	Long Wire Antenna 36-42 mc
NAB6104A	Long Wire Antenna 42-48 mc
NAB6105A	Long Wire Antenna 48-54 mc
NEN6048A	Test Jig for Servicing Radiophone

ACCESSORIES



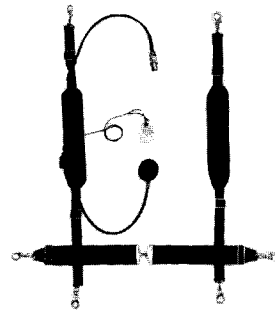
CARRYING CASE
Model NLN6262A
Weather resistant case



RF DUMMY LOAD
Model P-7208
For P31 Series units
Model P-7208-A
For P21 Series units



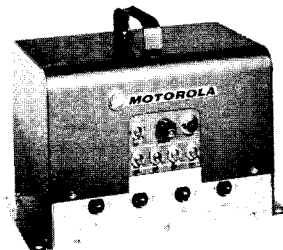
DUMMY LOAD ANTENNA
Model NLN6145A
For P21 Series units
Model NLD6040A
For P31 Series units



BACK PACK HARNESS
Model NLN6311A
Kit is complete with microphone, earpiece and volume control.
Model NLN6312A
Same as NLN6311A less microphone and earpiece.



HEADSET AND MICROPHONE
Model NMN6009A



NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERY CHARGER
Model NLN6029A

4865-6

MC1971

7273-1

14107-4

MC3243

MC6289

DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

1. DESCRIPTION

The Motorola "Handie-Talkie" FM radiophone is a completely transistorized and weatherproof portable communications radio set. The radiophones are complete, self-powered, portable FM transmitter and receiver units for two-way communication. The advantages of the transistor -- reliability, lightweight, compact size, reduced maintenance and operating costs -- are fully utilized.

Motorola dual squelch "Private-Line" radios are especially useful when operating under crowded channel conditions. Several networks may share the same carrier frequency in the same area with a minimum of interference when each network uses a different "Private-Line" tone frequency.

Dual squelch "Private-Line" radios and carrier squelch radios are available in two series of models. The lighter weight P21 series for maximum portability and the P31 series where higher r-f power output is required. The P21 series units deliver 1.4 watts of r-f power at nominal battery voltage throughout the 25-54 mc band and weigh as little as 6 lbs. 1 oz. The P31 series units deliver 5 watts of r-f power output and weigh as little as 6 lbs. 8 oz. Both series of radiophones are available in one or two frequency models. Refer to the Model Chart in the front of this manual for a complete listing of the models available.

a. Power Supplies

All types of units are available with dry batteries, nickel-cadmium batteries or a 117 volt a-c power supply (accessory item). Operation is also possible from either a 6 or 12 volt external battery when the nickel-cadmium power supply is used.

Power packs are changed by unsnapping two spring snaps located at the ends of the unit and separating the power pack from the radio section. Another power pack (dry battery, nickel-cadmium or the 117 volt a-c power supply) can then be attached to the radio section to again form one integral package.

b. Antennas

The NAB6040A Series Antenna consists of a stainless steel whip 42" long and a removable loading coil. The loading coil consists of a series

resonant tunable inductance. The combination of whip and loading coil produces a $1/4$ wavelength antenna tunable within a given band of the 25-54 mc range. Refer to the Model Chart for the specific frequency ranges of the antennas.

NOTE

The Motorola "Handie-Talkie" radiophone may be used with a fixed or elevated antenna. The antenna circuit provides a 50-ohm termination at the antenna receptacle; therefore, any 50-ohm antenna resonant to the transmitter frequency can be used. The higher the antenna, the greater the area that can be covered.

c. Handset

The NMN6017A Handset is supplied complete with a rubber covered coiled cord, which extends to about 5 ft., and a weatherproof connector. A push-to-talk bar on the handset turns the transmitter on. The handset connector plugs into a four-prong receptacle on top of the unit housing.

d. Microphone

The NMN6018A Microphone is supplied with a rubber covered coiled cord, which can be extended to about 5 ft., and a weatherproof connector. This palm type microphone is provided with a push-to-talk button which turns on the transmitter. The microphone connector plugs into a four-prong receptacle located on top of the unit housing.

2. PRE-OPERATIONAL NOTES

Use care when unpacking and handling the "Handie-Talkie" FM radiophone. Open the shipping carton and carefully remove all items. Check the contents to be sure that all items have been included.

Inspect the equipment thoroughly as soon as possible after delivery. If any part of the equipment has been damaged in transit, report the extent of damage to the transportation company immediately.

IMPORTANT

This equipment contains batteries. Extended storage of the equipment will reduce the operating performance due to reduction in battery voltage and life. Partially used dry batteries, if left standing for long

periods, will leak electrolyte and may result in damage to the radio equipment. If equipment is to be stored for a long period of time, remove the batteries and store them in a cool place.

The Motorola "Handie-Talkie" radiophone is shipped direct from the factory completely assembled, ready for use, except for the installation of the antenna.

3. OPERATION

CAUTION

Do not key transmitter unless antenna, dummy load or equivalent is connected to the antenna receptacle.

a. To Turn On

Remove the microphone or handset from the mounting bracket. The ON-OFF switch is located under the microphone or mouthpiece end of the handset. Press down on the side of the switch labeled PUSH ON. This places the receiver in operation.

NOTE

All power supplies except the a-c power supplies, turn on and off with the ON-OFF switch on the radiophone housing. To turn on the a-c power supply, always use the ON-OFF switch on the power supply housing.

b. To Adjust Receiver Audio Volume

Turn the squelch control fully counterclockwise. On dual squelch models, turn the "PL" OFF switch to the OFF position. Adjust the volume control until the desired volume is obtained from the speaker.

c. To Adjust Squelch Control

Turn the squelch control fully counterclockwise. On dual squelch models, turn the "PL" OFF switch to the OFF position. With no signal being received, turn the squelch control clockwise until the noise just cuts out (squelches).

d. "Private-Line" Operation (dual squelch models only)

For "Private-Line" operation, place the "PL" OFF switch in the "PL" position. All non-"Private-Line" and incorrectly coded "Private-Line"

signals will then be blocked from the speaker. The squelch control is inoperative when the "PL" OFF switch is in the "PL" position and does not require adjustment.

NOTE

Before transmitting, momentarily place the "PL" OFF switch in the OFF position. This enables the operator to check for a clear channel and thus avoid breaking in on the transmission of another on-frequency unit.

e. To Monitor

To monitor all on-frequency transmissions, turn the unit on and adjust the volume and squelch controls to the proper levels. On dual squelch models, the "PL" OFF switch must be OFF. To monitor only properly coded "Private-Line" transmissions, the "PL" OFF switch must be in the "PL" position.

NOTE

All models feature a semi-automatic ON-OFF switch that automatically turns the radiophone off when the microphone or handset is replaced in its holder. Continuous monitoring of the receiver in microphone equipped models may be accomplished by placing the microphone in its holder face up. Placing the microphone in its holder face down turns the radiophone off.

f. To Transmit

Hold the mouthpiece 1 to 2 inches from lips. Press the push-to-talk button in firmly and hold it. Speak slowly and clearly across the mouthpiece in a normal-to-loud voice. Release the button to listen. The receiver becomes inoperative when the push-to-talk button is pressed, therefore, the button must be released at the end of a transmission to receive.

NOTE

Additional range may be obtained when the radiophone is placed on the hood or top of a car. This furnishes a good ground plane for the antenna.

g. Frequency Selection (Two-Frequency Models Only)

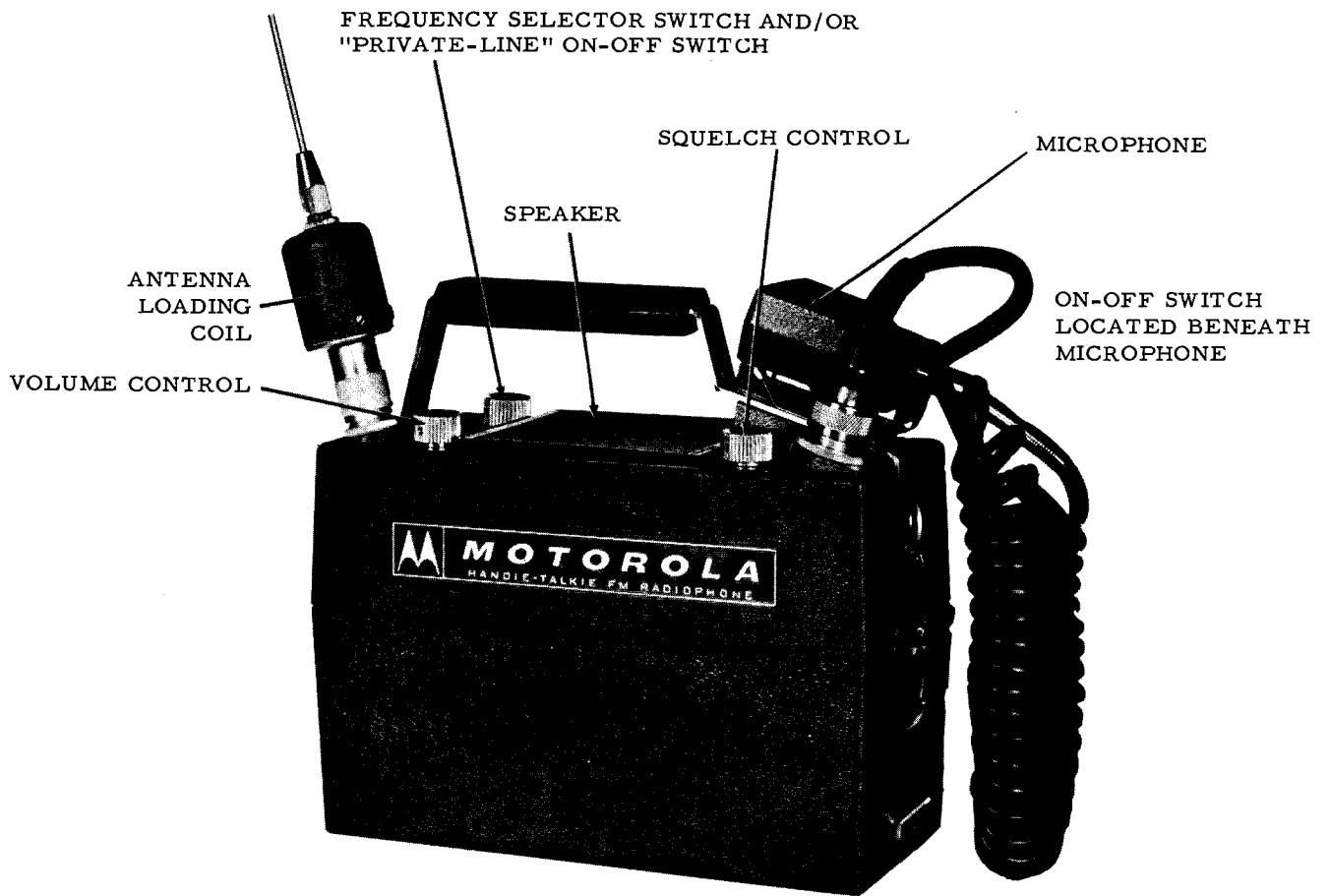
The rotary switch on the top of the unit may be turned to position F1 or F2 to select either of the two operating frequencies.

h. To Turn Off

Replacing the microphone or handset in the mounting bracket automatically turns the receiver off.

i. Storage

Remove the batteries before storing the unit for a long period of time. If the radiophone is equipped with nickel-cadmium batteries, refer to the BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING SECTION for care and storage of the batteries.



CONTROL LOCATION DETAIL

BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING

1. BATTERY REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE

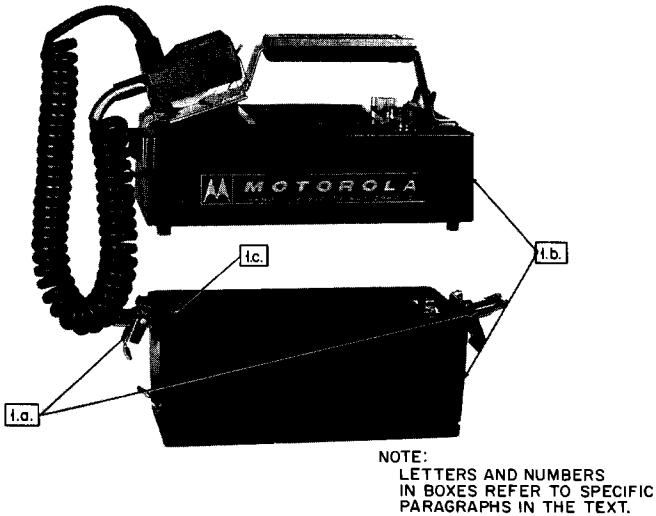


Figure 1

To replace all types of batteries, dry or nickel-cadmium type: (Refer to Fig. 1)

- a. Unsnap the spring snap at each end of the radiophone.
- b. Pull bottom section of radio (battery section) down and away from upper section.
- c. Remove the battery compartment cover by unscrewing the 1/4 turn captive screw and lifting the cover up.
- d. To replace dry batteries, first remove the old batteries by turning the battery compartment upside down. Replace the new batteries in the compartment so the flat (negative) end of the batteries are making contact with the springs and the tip (positive) end of the batteries are making contact with the flat contact surfaces.
- e. To replace nickel-cadmium battery, proceed as follows:

- (1) Remove two screws from corners of battery.
- (2) Lift battery out of battery compartment.

(3) Remove three-prong plug from battery.

(4) Insert new battery by reversing this procedure.

Fast battery replacement can be accomplished by changing the entire power supply and replacing the batteries in the used supply at some later time. Additional power supplies can be purchased as separate accessories for fast changeover.

2. DRY BATTERIES

a. General

All batteries, dry and wet, have a finite shelf life. Storing them for long periods of time reduces their closed circuit voltage and operating life. In some cases, when stored too long, dry batteries may leak electrolyte after partial use and damage the radio. Therefore, if radio equipment is to be stored for long periods of time, remove the batteries and store separately in a cool place. Never store batteries in a warm place as heat increases their chemical action and shortens life.

Shelf life of a dry battery is approximately 3-6 months. Therefore, they should be put into use within 3 months after purchase.

The batteries can be tested at the battery terminals under transmit load conditions.

The batteries should be replaced when the voltage under transmit load conditions is below 11 volts.

IMPORTANT

BATTERY VOLTAGES AND CAPACITY DECREASE MARKEDLY DURING LOW TEMPERATURE PERIODS.

b. Fuse Replacement

To replace the fuse in the battery compartment, proceed as follows:

(1) Unsnap the spring snap at each end of the radiophone.

(2) Pull bottom section of radio (battery section) down and away from upper section.

AEFD-8650-O(CE2286-K8)

(3) Remove the battery compartment cover by unscrewing the 1/4 turn captive screw and lifting the cover up.

(4) Remove all batteries.

(5) Remove the screws from the battery separator and lift out.

(6) Unsolder the pigtail fuse from the under side of the battery separator.

(7) Solder a new fuse in place and reassemble.

3. NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERIES

a. General

The battery comprises 11 hermetically sealed cells which are series connected to provide a nominal 14 volt output. The cells are cased, and fitted with a cable and connector.

The voltage of a nickel-cadmium battery remains approximately constant under load until the battery approaches the discharged condition. At this time, a marked decrease in this voltage occurs and the discharged condition (1.0 v per cell) is reached abruptly. These batteries should be recharged when the voltage under transmit load reaches 11.0 v.

NOTE

Battery voltage can not be measured at charging contacts.

b. Charging

The Motorola battery chargers and cables listed under ACCESSORIES at the front of this manual are recommended for charging these batteries. The use of other chargers will void the battery guarantee and may result in permanent damage to the batteries. Follow the charging instructions which accompany the charger.

c. Storage

The batteries may be stored at room temperature, in any state of charge without damage. These batteries are subject to self discharge however, and should be recharged after extended storage.

4. BATTERY LIFE

Under operating conditions of 10% transmit, 10% receive at rated audio output and 80% receive standby, dry batteries will give approximately the following life:

P21 Series	}	NPN6030B - Standard Power Pack W/NLN6310A Batt. - fourteen 8 hour working days, each separated by a 16 hour OFF period.
		NPN6031A - Nickel-Cadmium Power Pack (with one NLN6267A Batt. Kit) - one 8 hour working day before recharg- ing is necessary.

P31 Series	}	NPN6030B - Standard Power Pack W/NLN6310A Batt. - six 8 hour working days, each separated by a 16 hour OFF period.
		NPN6031A - Nickel-Cadmium Power Pack (with one NLN6267A Batt. Kit) - one 8 hour working day before recharg- ing is necessary.

Note that most actual transmit duty cycles are much smaller and approach 2% rather than 10%. Also in many types of operation, the unit is not kept turned on continuously. If this type of service is prevalent, battery life may be extended to many times those mentioned previously.

THEORY OF OPERATION

1. GENERAL

The "Handie-Talkie" radiophone consists of a crystal controlled transmitter and receiver operating in the 25-54 mc frequency range. The transmitter contains an audio section and an r-f section. The audio section consists of an amplifier-limiter and an integrator stage. In P21 series models, the r-f section consists of a crystal-

controlled oscillator, a modulator, two frequency doublers, one frequency quadrupler, a driver amplifier, a power amplifier stage and a current limiter stage. In P31 series models, an additional chassis containing a power amplifier is added.

The receiver is a double-conversion, super-heterodyne unit consisting of one r-f amplifier, two

oscillators, two mixers, one first i-f amplifier, five second i-f amplifiers, a 455 kc filter, a limiter, discriminator, squelch amplifier, noise recifier and two audio amplifiers. Speaker versions use a third stage of audio amplification.

Dual squelch "Private-Line" models include additional stages, some of which are shared by both the transmitter and receiver. The common stages are a "Vibrasender-sponder" circuit, tone amplifier circuits and a "Vibrasender-sponder" driver. High and low pass filters are unique to the receiver and a diode modulator is unique to the P21 series transmitter.

2. CIRCUIT THEORY

a. Transmitter

A reluctance microphone produces a low level audio output which is directly coupled to a preamplifier, Q501, which is contained in the microphone housing. The output from this stage is capacitively coupled to the amplifier-clipper stage, Q110.

The amplifier-clipper and the integrator stages are part of the "Instantaneous Deviation Control" (IDC) circuit. Since the transmitter is phase modulated, the frequency deviation is dependent upon both the amplitude and frequency of the audio signal applied to the modulator. The combination of the integrator and the phase modulator has a "flat" response since the pre-emphasis characteristic of the phase modulator is offset by the de-emphasis of the integrator. Therefore, the frequency deviation of the modulator system is only dependent upon the amplitude of the input to the integrator. The amplitude of the audio signal is limited in the amplifier-clipper stage before reaching the integrator, thereby, limiting maximum deviation to a fixed value within the desired frequency range. Audio frequencies above 3000 cps are attenuated in the "splatter" filter before reaching the integrator.

Oscillator stage, Q101 (and Q201 in 2-frequency units) is a fundamental, crystal-controlled, anti-resonant oscillator circuit. It generates a radio frequency which is multiplied 16 times in the succeeding stages to produce the desired carrier frequency. A variable capacitor across the crystal permits a fine tuning adjustment (warping) for the proper operating frequency. The oscillator output is coupled to the modulator stage Q102.

RF is applied to the base and collector while audio is applied to the emitter of the modulator transistor. The internal r-f gain of transistor, Q102, is varied by the applied audio voltage. With a fixed phase shift circuit shunting the transistor and a variable phase shift through the transistor, an overall variable phase shift is obtained at the output. The variable inductance in the output of the modulator stage allows matching of the output reactance of the stage to insure minimum distortion and maximum linear deviation. Generally, phase modulators are capable of modulating with low distortion over a small phase angle. This necessitates the addition of frequency multiplier stages which increase the frequency deviation to the desired value.

Transistor frequency multipliers, or class B amplifiers, in general do not require forward biasing. Without signal drive, zero-biased class B frequency multiplier stages will not draw any emitter current. With drive present, the transistor will draw current and this current is easily monitored by measuring the d-c voltage developed across the emitter resistor. An exception to this is the first doubler stage, Q103, where since the signal input level is very low, a small amount of forward bias is supplied to increase the gain of the stage.

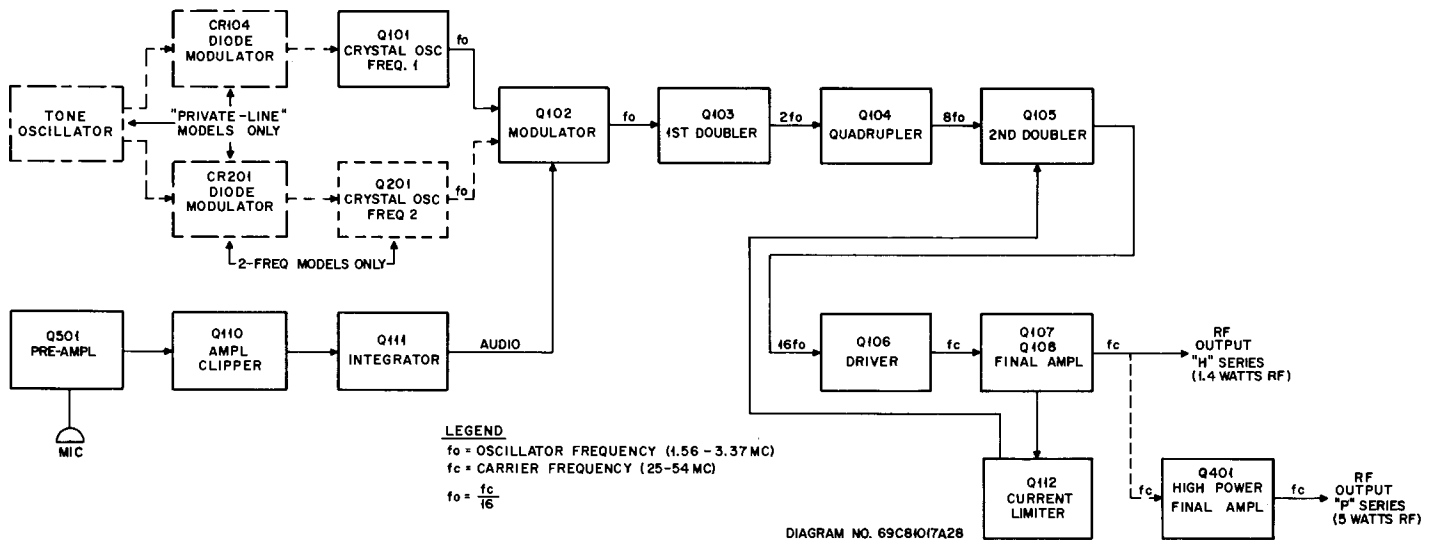
The driver, Q106, provides the proper amount of r-f voltage to drive Q107 and Q108, the power amplifier. In P21 series units, the output power from this stage is coupled directly to the antenna.

In P31 series units, Q107 and Q108 function as an intermediate power amplifier. The output from Q107 and Q108 is coupled to final power amplifier Q401. This higher output is then coupled to the antenna via the transmit-receive relay.

b. Receiver

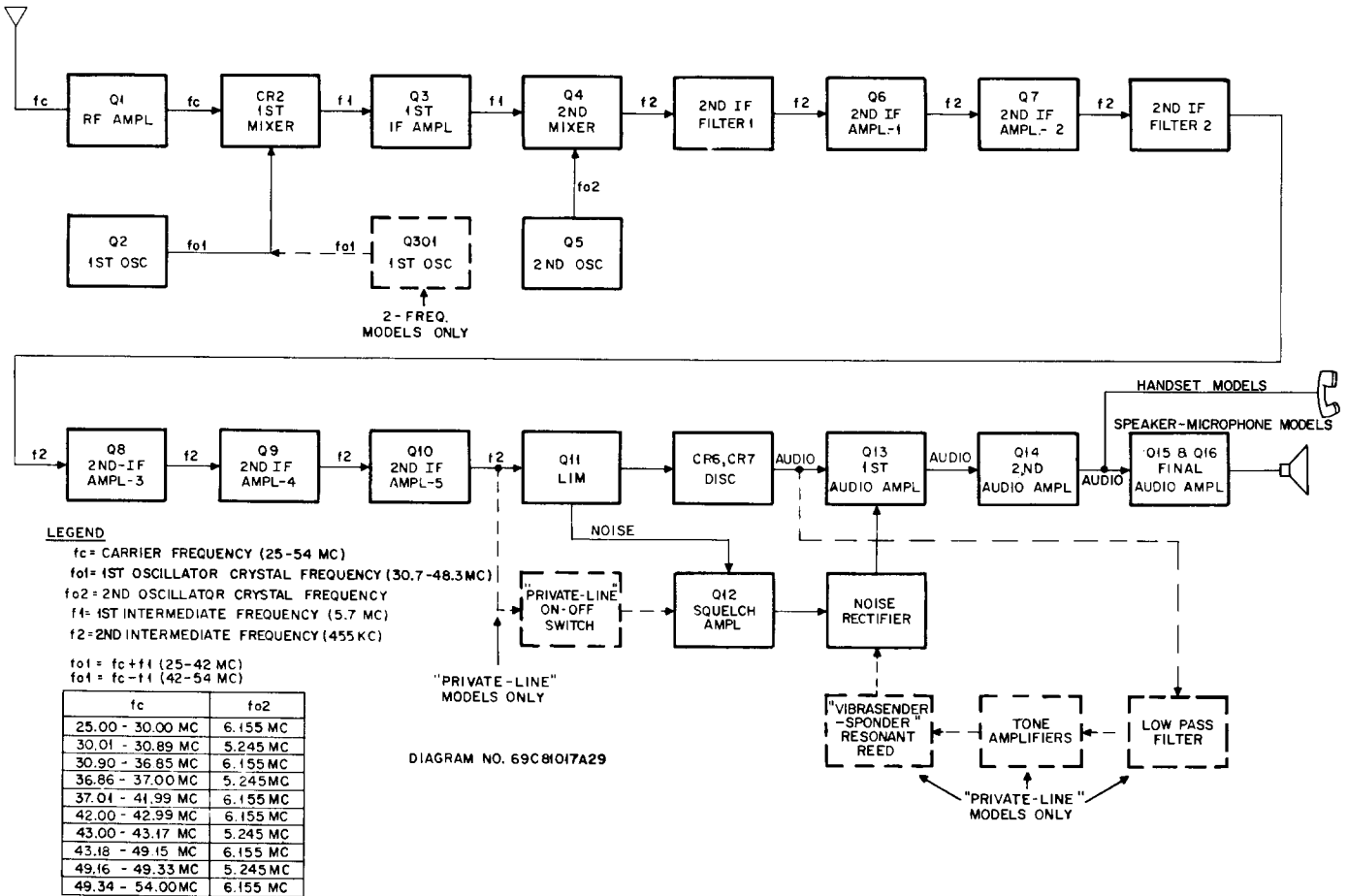
The signal from the antenna is coupled to the r-f amplifier, Q1, where it is amplified before being injected into the first mixer. The oscillator Q2, is a crystal-controlled, series-resonant type. The crystal frequency is multiplied three times before being injected into the mixer. There, the incoming r-f signal and the oscillator frequency mix to produce the first intermediate frequency.

69C81017A28-A



TRANSMITTER BLOCK DIAGRAM

69C81017A29-O



RECEIVER BLOCK DIAGRAM

The first i-f signal is amplified in the next stage, Q3, and fed to the second mixer. The second mixer combines the first i-f signal and the output of the 2nd oscillator to produce the second i-f signal of 455 kc.

The 455 kc signal is selected in the first section of the "Permakay" filter, amplified in the two following stages, Q6 and Q7, and selected again in the second section of the "Permakay" filter. The 455 kc signal is then amplified in the next three stages.

The limiter stage removes any AM noise present on the incoming signal. The discriminator translates the variations of frequency of the i-f signal to an audio frequency signal which is then coupled to the first audio amplifier.

Squelch action is provided by taking the noise produced at the supply voltage decoupling point of the limiter, removing the residual 455 kc signal, amplifying that portion of the noise above the normal voice frequency range, rectifying this noise and applying it as positive bias to the base of the audio output stage. When the receiver is not quieted (in the absence of an r-f carrier), this bias cuts off the audio output stage and eliminates the speaker noise. The degree of squelch action is regulated by a potentiometer.

The audio section consists of two low power amplifier stages in series where the recovered audio is amplified to 3 milliwatts. These two stages are directly coupled so that when the first stage is back biased by the squelch rectifier circuit, the second stage is also turned off. The output of the second stage is coupled to the handset earpiece and provides 3 milliwatts of audio power.

In versions using a speaker, the audio output of the second stage is coupled to a power stage which amplifies the audio signal to 500 milliwatts.

c. Dual Squelch "Private-Line" Transmitters And Receivers

The controlling element in the "Private-Line" circuit is the "Vibrasender-sponder" unit. The unit acts similar to a control crystal in an oscillator stage. When the transmitter is keyed a resonant reed inside the unit vibrates at a predetermined frequency. The resulting tone is then amplified in tone amplifiers which raise the signal to the proper level to drive the diode modulator, CR 104. The diode modulator varies the first oscillator frequency at the tone frequency rate. Modulation is accomplished by varying the effective resistance of the modulator diode. This in turn, varies the effective reactance of a capacitor in parallel with the crystal which modulates the oscillator frequency.

In the receive mode of operation with the "Private-Line" switch in the OFF position, the squelch circuit detects noise on the receiver channel. This noise is amplified in the squelch amplifier and rectified. The resulting current overcomes the forward bias to turn off the 1st audio transistor. Moving the "Private-Line" switch to the ON position changes the bias on the 1st audio transistor to a condition where it is biased off. The normal squelch circuitry now has no effect for it can only bias the transistor off further.

When a properly coded "Private-Line" carrier comes on the air, the tone signal is sent to the "Private-Line" circuitry where it is amplified by the three transistor stages which drive the "Vibrasender-sponder" unit. The contacts in this reed will then close and a negative d-c voltage is sent to the 1st audio transistor where it is used to bias this transistor to a conducting condition, unsquelching the audio amplifiers.

This receiver makes use of two separate and distinct squelch circuits, i. e., tone-coded squelch and noise squelch. On dual squelch receivers, when the incoming signal is properly tone-coded, the squelch sensitivity is never greater than the tone-coded squelch sensitivity.

MAINTENANCE

1. TEST EQUIPMENT

All the required test equipment for aligning and testing the "Handie-Talkie" FM radiophone

is listed in the following TEST EQUIPMENT CHART. The listed items or their equivalents may be used.

TEST EQUIPMENT CHART

EQUIPMENT	USED FOR
Motorola DC Multimeter with r-f probe.	All d-c and r-f measurements. Monitoring the input current when external power supply is used.
Motorola AC Voltmeter FM signal generator - Motorola T1034C Signal Generator.	All a-c signal measurements. Alignment of all r-f and first i-f stages, 20 db quieting sensitivity measurements.
455 kc crystal-controlled oscillator - Motorola S1056A-9A or TU546 Series Test Set with 455 kc crystal.	Alignment of 455 kc i-f limiter and discriminator stages.
Audio generator - Motorola TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Generator, 1000 cps	IDC Adjustment
Oscilloscope - Motorola T1015A General Purpose Oscilloscope or Motorola T1014B Precision Wide Band Oscilloscope.	IDC Adjustment
Motorola Model P-7208 or P-7208-A RF Dummy Load and a field strength meter.	All r-f output power measurements.
Motorola NLN6252A Alignment Tool (supplied with the radiophone)	Adjusting the variable capacitors and tuning coil slugs.
DC power supply capable of supplying -14 v d-c at 1.5 amperes (optional) Motorola TEK-23 Power Supply.	Supplying d-c power to the unit during extended servicing.
Motorola Model TEKA-40 Power Extension Cable.	Connecting batteries to radio for servicing.
Motorola NEN6048A Test Jig	Holding the radiophone for alignment or testing.

2. TEST PROCEDURE

When a radiophone requires servicing, use the following procedures to localize the fault.

a. Check Batteries

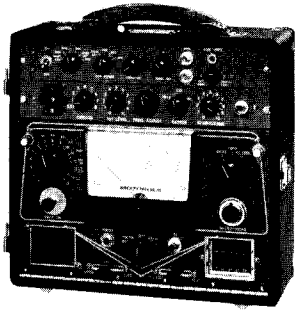
The first step in localizing the trouble is to check the battery voltage under load. With the transmitter turned on (keyed), check the battery

voltage. A convenient way to do this is to separate the battery compartment and radio compartment. Using the TEKA-40 Power Extension Cable (or equivalent), connect the batteries to the radio.

CAUTION

Do not key transmitter unless antenna, dummy load, or equivalent is connected to the antenna receptacle.

RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

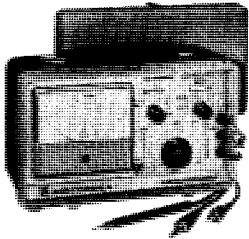


S1059A
TEST SET

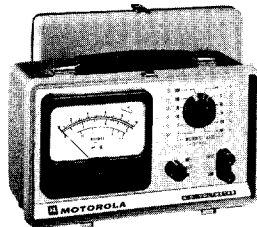


P-7208 for P31 Series units
P-7208-A for P21 Series units
RF DUMMY LOAD

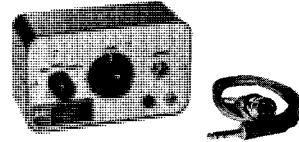
AEPD-7707-O(MC7460)
MCI971



S1063A
DC MULTIMETER

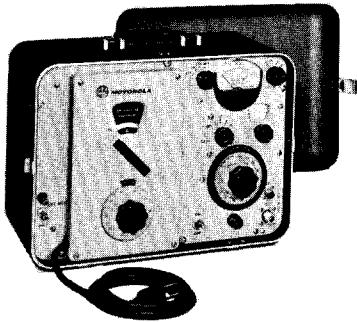


S1051B
TRANSISTORIZED AC
VOLTMETER

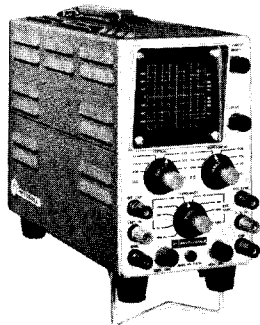


TEK-1A
TRANSISTORIZED TONE
GENERATOR

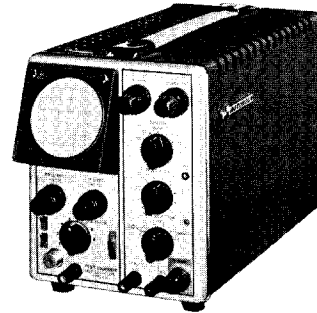
AEPD-7808-O(MC7763)
AEPD-6901-O(MC7131)
CE2114



T1034C
SIGNAL GENERATOR



T1015A
GENERAL PURPOSE
OSCILLOSCOPE



T1014B
PRECISION WIDE BAND
OSCILLOSCOPE

AEPD-6684-O(MC5293)
AEPD-6626-O(MC6863)
AEPD-7846-O(MC7794)



NLN6252A
TUNING TOOL



NLN6145A for P21 Series units
NLD6060A for P31 Series units
DUMMY LOAD ANTENNA

AEPD-7981-O(MC7840)
7273-1

Place the voltmeter ground lead on a convenient ground and measure the voltage at the transmitter A- input while the transmitter is keyed. The measured loaded voltage should be not less than 11 volts for either the dry or nickel-cadmium batteries. Even though the transmitter may operate at this lower voltage, its operation would be marginal and for only a short additional period of time. The recommended procedure is to replace, or recharge, the batteries if the voltage is below 11 volts under load. Refer to the BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING section of this manual for additional information.

NOTE

Only the nickel-cadmium batteries are rechargeable.

b. Check Overall Transmitter Operation

If the battery voltage is sufficient, check the overall performance of the transmitter. A good overall check of the transmitter is the r-f power output measurement. This one check indicates the proper operation of all the transmitter stages (oscillator, frequency multipliers, drivers and final amplifier) with the exception of the modulator and audio circuitry. A P31 series transmitter, when properly tuned and operating at 13.5 v d-c, will produce 5.0 w r-f output into a 50-ohm load. A P21 series transmitter, when properly tuned and operating at 14.0 v d-c, will produce 1.4 w r-f output into a 50-ohm load. It may be necessary to retune the output circuits slightly to match the 50-ohm load. This measurement should be made using a 50-ohm wattmeter connected to one end of the 50-ohm test cable with the other end connected to the antenna receptacle.

For further details, refer to the Transmitter Alignment Procedure. If the power output is less than indicated in the chart, further checking is required. Refer to paragraph 5. TRANSMITTER SERVICE NOTES.

c. Check Overall Receiver Operation

(1) 20 DB Quieting Sensitivity Check

A good overall check of the receiver operation is the 20 db quieting sensitivity measurement. This check will indicate that the receiver has sufficient gain and that all the included circuitry is working properly. The quieting signal is that r-f signal input necessary to reduce the audio output at the speaker by 20 decibels. The measurement should be made in the absence of extraneous signals. Since the receiver squelch

circuitry reduces the noise at the speaker, the squelch control should be set for maximum noise while making this measurement.

The actual measurement is made by observing the noise voltage at the microphone connector on an a-c voltmeter with no r-f signal received at the antenna.

NOTE

On handset models not incorporating a speaker, a 120-ohm resistor must be connected across the a-c voltmeter terminals.

Sufficient carrier signal from a recommended signal generator is then introduced via the antenna receptacle to reduce the noise output voltage to 1/10 of the previous reading. If all circuitry is operating properly, the quieting signal should be 0.35 microvolts or less. Refer to the Alignment Procedure.

(2) Squelch Check

With no r-f input signal, set the squelch control until the speaker noise just cuts out (threshold squelch). Sufficient carrier signal from a recommended signal generator is then introduced until speaker noise is just heard. The signal level at which the squelch begins to open should be less than one-half the 20 db quieting sensitivity voltage measured in subparagraph (1).

(3) Audio Check

The last check to be made is the audio check. This procedure will test the audio circuits exclusive of the squelch circuitry. Refer to the AUDIO AMPLIFIER MEASUREMENTS CHART, which appears later in this manual, for typical measurements and procedures.

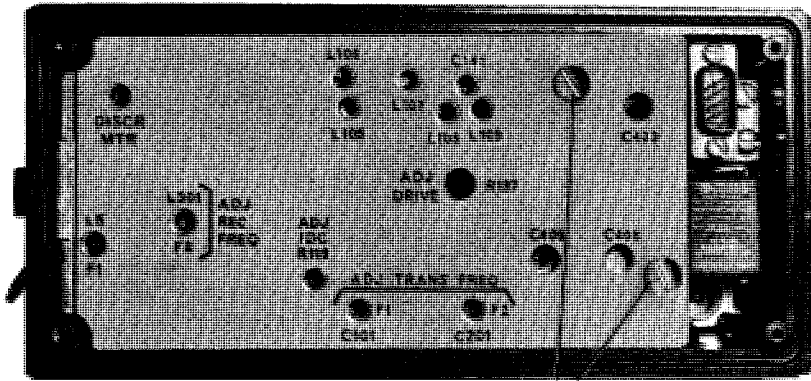
3. DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE (Refer to Fig. 1-4)

To gain access to the transmitter and receiver printed circuit boards, proceed as follows:

- a. Remove the battery compartment as described in the BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING SECTION.
- b. Turn the radiophone upside down and loosen the two captive cover screws.
- c. Lift the radio compartment cover up.

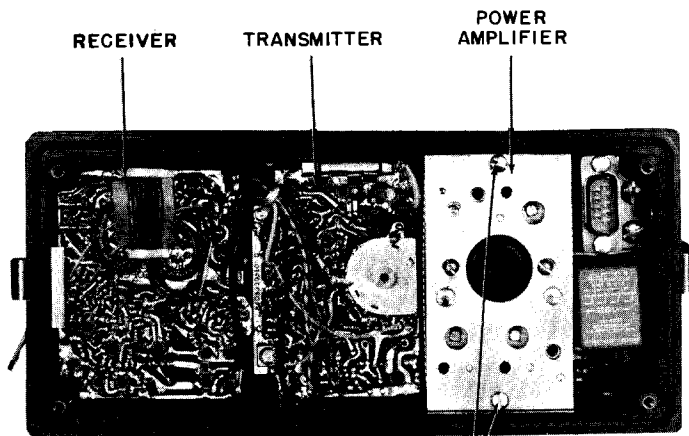
d. The transmitter and receiver printed circuit boards are now accessible. They may be lifted up and out for access to the component side.

e. Access to the power amplifier (P31 series only) is accomplished by loosening two additional captive mounting screws.



TO GAIN ACCESS TO PLATED SIDE OF CHASSIS, REMOVE SCREWS.

Figure 2.



TO GAIN ACCESS TO COMPONENT SIDE OF CHASSIS, REMOVE SCREWS.

Figure 3.

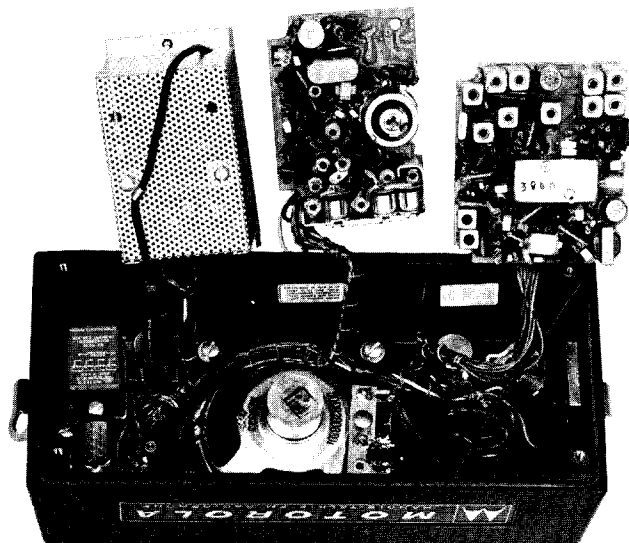


Figure 4.

AEPD-9002-O(CE2286-A12)

AEPD-9004-O(CE2286-B11)

CE2286-Z10

NOTE

To aid circuit tracing, the components side of the circuit board is screened in the pattern of the etched circuitry. This paint does not conduct and has no electrical function.

4. RECEIVER STAGE ANALYSIS

The information contained in the following paragraphs will aid the serviceman in localizing the trouble to a particular stage.

a. Test Points

The test points on the printed circuitry are color coded for easy location. The locations of these test points may be seen on the alignment chart, the schematic diagram, and the wiring diagrams at the back of this manual.

b. Stage Measurements Charts

In addition to the 20 db quieting sensitivity measurement, all stage gain measurements can be checked against those shown in the following RF AND IF STAGE MEASUREMENTS CHART and AUDIO AMPLIFIER MEASUREMENTS CHART.

RF AND IF STAGE MEASUREMENTS CHART

NOTES

1. Output readings taken with a Motorola Transistorized AC Voltmeter, or equivalent.
2. The carrier frequency is injected at the antenna receptacle using an adapter cable coupled to a Motorola Model T1034C Signal Generator, or equivalent.
3. The 1st i-f signal is injected at the points indicated in the chart using a 50 ohm coaxial cable and a series connected .02 uf capacitor.
4. All readings taken with -14.0 volts d-c input.

FREQUENCY	UV INPUT	PROCEDURE	OUTPUT AT	READING (NOTE 1)
-	Noise	-	Base of Q8 (M1)	-55 dbm (0.0014 v)
-	Noise	-	Base of Q10 (M2)	-5 dbm (0.44 v)
-	Noise	-	Base of Q11 (M3)	-10 dbm (0.245 v)
-	Noise	- (Short collector of Q1 to collector coil ground with .002 uf capacitor)	Base of Q8 (M1)	-59 dbm (0.0009 v)
-	Noise	- (Short collector of Q3 to ground with .02 uf capacitor)	Base of Q8 (M1)	-70 dbm (0.00025 v)
Carrier	3	Connect input to external antenna connector	Base of Q8 (M1)	-30 dbm (0.025 v)
Carrier	3	Connect input to external antenna connector	Input to second section of 455 kc filter	-25 dbm (0.045 v)
Carrier	20	Connect input to external antenna connector	Output of 1st section of 455 kc filter	-50 dbm (0.0025 v)
5.7 mc	3	Connect input to top of T3 (primary)	Base of Q8 (M1)	-40 dbm (0.0077 v)
5.7 mc	10,000	Connect input to top of T5 (primary)	Base of Q8 (M1)	-30 dbm (0.025 v)

AUDIO AMPLIFIER MEASUREMENTS CHART

NOTES

1. Remove the GRN-RED lead from test point M4.
2. Connect an audio oscillator capable of generating 1000 cps, to this GRN-RED lead with a 47K ohm resistor in series.
3. Set the frequency and voltage according to the chart below. The input voltage is measured at the junction of the 47K ohm resistor and GRN-RED lead.
4. The output readings are referenced to ground unless otherwise indicated and are taken with a Motorola transistorized a-c voltmeter, or equivalent.
5. All measurements made with -14.0 volts d-c input.

FREQUENCY	VOLTS INPUT	INPUT TO	OUTPUT AT	READING	REMARKS
1000 cps	.02 (-32 dbm)	GRN-RED lead (top of volume control)	Base of Q13	-41 dbm (0.007 v)	Volume control set at maximum
			Collector of Q13	-9 dbm (0.28 v)	
			Base of Q14	-21 dbm (0.07 v)	
			Collector of Q14	+17 dbm (5.6 v)	Volume control set at maximum. Spkr-mic & Spkr-handset models only
			Bases of Q15 and Q16	+17 dbm (5.6 v)	
			Emitters of Q15 and Q16	+16 dbm (5.0 v)	Spkr-mic & Spkr-hand- set models only
			Collector of Q14	+10 dbm (2.4 v)	Handset models only. Volume control set at maximum. A 120 ohm resistor connected from pin 4 to pin 1 of the mic receptacle.
			Secondary of transformer (T3)	-2 dbm (0.6 v)	

5. TRANSMITTER SERVICE NOTES

The following information will aid the serviceman in troubleshooting the radiophone transmitter.

CAUTION

Do not key transmitter unless antenna, dummy load or equivalent is connected to the antenna receptacle.

a. Metering Points

The test points on the printed circuit board are supplied for ease in checking. These points are indicated on the schematic diagram, wiring diagrams, and the photograph on the Alignment

Procedure. The chart on the Alignment Procedure provides nominal voltage readings corresponding to these test points for a fully tuned transmitter with -14 volts d-c input.

b. DC Voltage Measurements

If the r-f power output is lower than normal for a fully tuned transmitter, the d-c voltages on the printed circuit board should be checked. These voltages should all be referenced to ground.

CAUTION

When checking a transistor, either in or out of the circuit, do not use an ohmmeter having more than 1.5 volts d-c appearing across the test leads.

The transistor is a dependable component and is not subjected to replacement as frequently as tubes. Therefore, the serviceman is cautioned not to replace transistors before a thorough check is made. The transistor terminal voltages should be checked first. If these voltages are not reasonably close to those specified, the associated components should be checked. A low impedance meter should not be used for measurement. If all d-c voltages are correct, the signal should be traced through the circuit to show any possibility of breaks in the signal path.

c. RF Signal Tracing

An r-f probe attachment for a d-c multimeter may be used to good advantage in checking the radiophone transmitter. The presence of r-f can be checked throughout the r-f circuitry for continuity of signal path. This would include the oscillator, modulator, frequency multipliers, and the driver and final amplifier. Following the heavy signal flow line through the r-f stages, as indicated on the schematic diagram, is recommended.

d. Frequency Multipliers

Transistor frequency multipliers, or class B amplifiers in general, do not require forward biasing. Without signal drive, a zero-biased, class B frequency multiplier stage will not draw any emitter current. With drive present, the transistor will draw current and this current is monitored best by measuring the d-c voltage developed across the emitter resistor. In the transmitter, these checks are made using test points M1 and M2. The 1st doubler stage Q103 operates at a very low signal level. Therefore, a small amount of forward bias is supplied to increase the gain of this stage.

e. Driver and Final Amplifiers

When tuning up the driver, the intermediate power amplifiers and the final amplifiers, it may be necessary to retune previously tuned circuits. This includes coils L107, L108, L109 and capacitor C141, (all models) C403, C406 and C408 (P31 series only). All these components interact to some extent. By using care in tuning these stages, rated power output will be obtained with minimum current drain.

f. Audio Circuits

If the transmitter does not modulate properly, the audio circuits should be checked to make sure that the audio modulating voltage is reaching the modulator. The audio circuit is a transistorized version of the Motorola audio and IDC circuit. External audio test signals can be coupled into the amplifier-clipper stage, Q110, through a 0.1 microfarad capacitor. In this manner, the audio circuitry can be signal traced.

The IDC control is a printed circuit potentiometer. Care should be taken when setting this control for the proper deviation.

CAUTION

Do not use a sharp metallic tool to adjust the IDC control. This may result in damage to the carbon track which could alter the resistance of the control.

6. REPAIR

The information contained in the following paragraphs will aid the serviceman in repairing the "Handie-Talkie" FM radiophone.

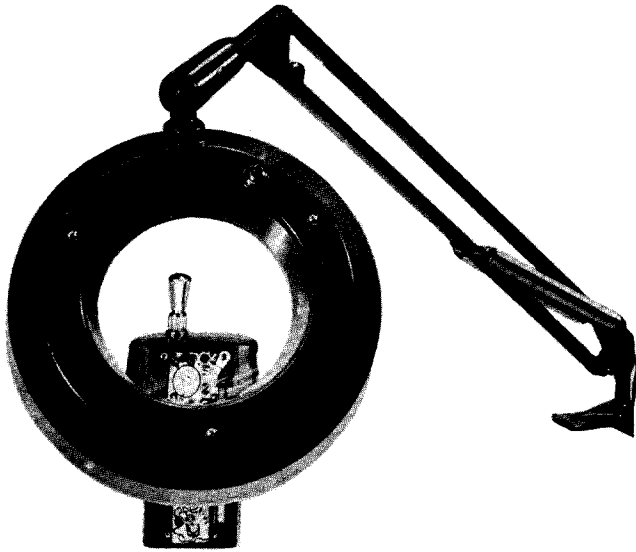
a. Construction

The various stages of the receiver and transmitter are built on printed circuit boards. The power amplifier is built on a standard metal chassis. These printed circuit boards and chassis mount and interconnect the components which comprise the radiophone. The boards may be easily removed from the housing for servicing. Refer to the paragraph on disassembly procedure. Components may be located by referring to the wiring diagrams and the parts location details at the back of this manual.

Do not apply the soldering iron repeatedly to the same spot in the printed circuit board as this will break down the plating. If a break exists in a printed circuit, it can be repaired by the addition of a jumper across the break. If a printed circuit should be damaged, refer to the TEK-4 Printed Circuit Repair Kit instruction manual for information on printed circuit repair practices.

b. Servicing Aids

Motorola has available several items which can be used to aid in parts replacement and repair of the printed circuit board.



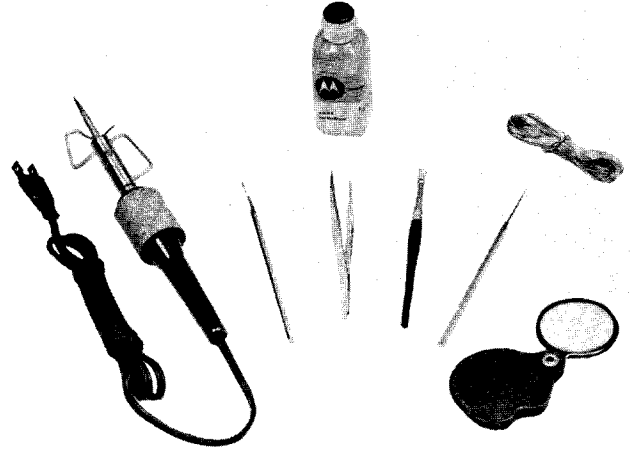
TEKA-12 MAGNIFYING GLASS &
BUILT-IN LIGHT SOURCE

(1) Magnifying Glass

Miniaturization requires precision work both in manufacture and in field service. Adequate concentration of light and magnification are aids to service by enabling a visual examination of connections and miniature parts. The TEKA-27 or TEKA-12 Magnifying Glass & Built-In Light Sources are most satisfactory devices for use in servicing miniature equipment in the shop. This large illuminated magnifying glass makes it easy to see any portion of the small components found on the printed circuit board. Refer to the accompanying illustration.

(2) Printed Circuit Repair Kit

The TEK-4A Printed Circuit Repair Kit supplies most of the basic tools needed for work



TEK-4A PRINTED CIRCUIT
REPAIR KIT

on printed circuitry and miniature components. Refer to the accompanying illustration.

NOTE

The needle point triplet for the soldering element may be filed to an even finer point to avoid damaging the closely knit printed circuitry.

c. Alignment Notes

If any element in a tunable stage is replaced or repaired, the associated stage should be aligned along with the stage that precedes and follows it. The alignment information is contained on the Alignment Procedure sheet toward the back of this manual. Refer to the Alignment Procedure sheet when a crystal is replaced or a new carrier frequency is required.

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT

1. Motorola NLN6252A Alignment Tool (supplied) or equivalent.
2. Motorola DC Multimeter with r-f probe or equivalent.
3. RF Wattmeter (50-ohm impedance).
4. Motorola TEK-23 Power Supply or equivalent.
5. Motorola Model T1100A Series FM Station Monitor or equivalent.
6. Motorola TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Oscillator or equivalent.
7. Motorola T1014B Precision Wide Band Oscilloscope or Model T1015A General Purpose Oscilloscope or equivalent.

NOMINAL VOLTAGE READINGS

NOTE

The following readings apply to a fully tuned transmitter with -13.5 v d-c input.

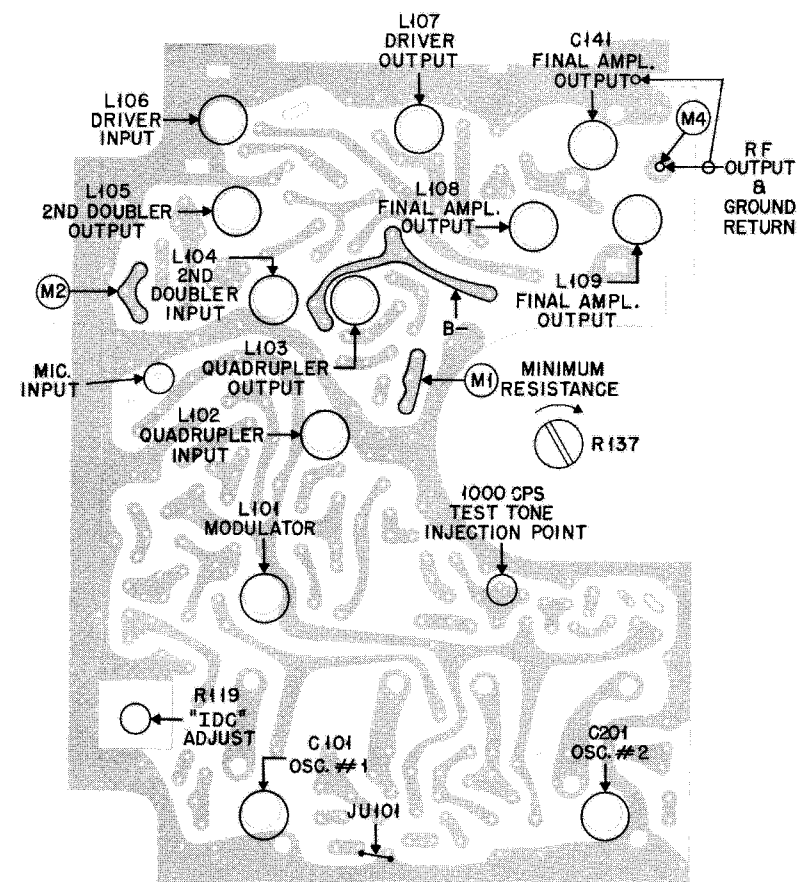
METER POINT	M1 BRN	M2 RED
READING (V DC)	-1.7	-2.5

PRELIMINARY SET-UP FOR TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT

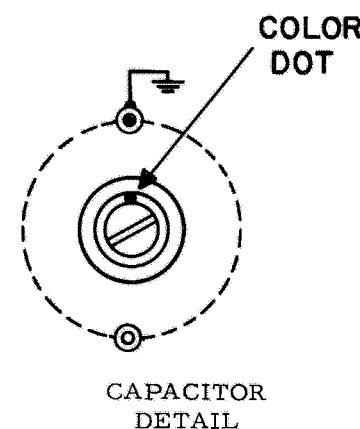
1. Remove the cover from the radio section of the unit.
2. When aligning a two-frequency unit, align on the primary or higher of the two frequencies.
3. The d-c multimeter ground lead should be connected to a convenient ground.
4. For complete alignment, the battery should be removed and a 15 volt d-c power supply and ammeter connected to the battery plug. All tuning slugs except L101 should be unscrewed so they protrude 1/8 inch above the printed circuit board.
5. Remove the antenna by unscrewing it from the receptacle. Connect a wattmeter to the external antenna receptacle.
6. Tuning capacitors on power amplifier should be set as shown in the photograph.
7. The drive adjustment, R137, should be set for minimum resistance (fully clockwise).

FREQUENCY CALCULATIONS

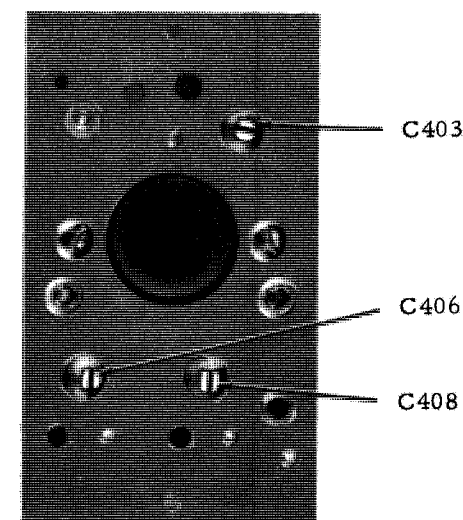
$$f_o = \frac{f_c}{16} \quad \text{where: } f_o = \text{oscillator frequency and } f_c = \text{carrier frequency}$$



METERING AND ALIGNMENT POINTS



NOTE
To adjust C141, C101 or C201 for maximum capacity, turn screwdriver slot so color dot is nearest the grounded side of the capacitor housing.



POWER AMPLIFIER

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

STEP	TEST EQUIPMENT	METER POINT & COLOR	ADJUSTMENT	PROCEDURE
1	-----	-----	-----	Key the transmitter and adjust the power supply voltage to -12 volts d-c.
2	DC multimeter	M1(BRN)	L102 1st Doubler	Adjust L102 for a maximum reading. This circuit is tuned to twice the crystal frequency.
3	DC multimeter	M2 (RED)	L103 L104 Quadrupler	<p>QUADRUPLER: NOTE - When aligning the Quadrupler coil L103 in the 30-42 mc and the 42-54 mc band, it is possible to tune the coil to the incorrect harmonic at the upper and lower ends of the frequency range.</p> <p>Place the multimeter probe on meter point M2.</p> <p>At 30 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 42 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 4th peak At 33 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 45 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 3rd peak At 36 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 48 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 2nd peak At 42 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 54 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 1st peak</p> <p>At a frequency between those given above, tune to the peak(s) for the next higher frequency, for example: at 50 mc tune to 1st real peak. (If no peaks are obtained, turn the slug of L104 into the coil about 1/8".)</p> <p>Adjust L104 for a maximum reading.</p>
4	DC multimeter	M2 (RED)	L105 2nd Doubler	Adjust L105 for a minimum reading. This circuit is tuned to 16 times the crystal frequency.
5	RF probe	M4	C141, L105, L106	Adjust C141 for maximum output. (If no reading can be obtained, tune L106 for a maximum reading and readjust C141.) Peak L105 and L106 for a maximum reading.
6	RF probe	M4	L107, L108, L109	Adjust L107, L108, L109 for a maximum reading. (If L108 and L109 cannot be adjusted for such a reading turn the slugs of each coil into the form about 1/8", and readjust them.)
7	RF wattmeter	-----	C406, C408, C403	Adjust C406, C408 and C403, in that order for maximum power output.
8	RF wattmeter	-----	L106, L107, L108, C141, C403, C406, C408	Replace the cover plate and repeak L106, L107, L108, C141, C403, C406 and C408 for maximum power output

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE (CONT'D)

STEP	TEST EQUIPMENT	METER POINT & COLOR	ADJUSTMENT	PROCEDURE
9	RF wattmeter	-----	L108, L109, C403, C406, C408	Increase the power supply voltage to -13.5 volts d-c and adjust L108, L109, C403, C406, and C408 for 5.0 watts output while minimizing current. NOTE: For optimum performance, adjust C408 for proper current while peaking C406 for power output. Once proper power and current levels are reached, do not repeak C408. DO NOT EXCEED 900 MA TOTAL CURRENT DRAIN INCLUDING RELAY CURRENT.
10	RF wattmeter	-----	L108, L109, C403, C406, C408, R137	If current drain exceeds 900 ma total, decrease current by rotating drive adjusting resistor, R137, and repeating STEP 9.
11	-----	-----	-----	<p>OSCILLATOR: C101 is preset to the assigned frequency at the factory. Do not readjust unless the crystal is replaced or the setting was accidentally changed.</p> <p>If it is necessary to readjust C101, set up the frequency monitor for frequency measurement and replace the cover plate on the unit and tighten securely. Adjust C101 for zero reading on the monitor CARRIER FREQUENCY meter. IMPORTANT - When the cover plate is attached, the frequency may shift; therefore, always set the carrier frequency on the frequency monitor with the cover plate attached.</p> <p>TWO-FREQUENCY TRANSMITTERS ONLY OSCILLATOR NO. 2: Use the same procedure as above, substituting C201 for C101.</p>
12	-----	-----	L101	DEVIATION CHECK: See "IDC" ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE on the reverse side of this chart.
13	-----	-----	-----	ANTENNA PEAKING: Completely assemble unit. Connect loading coil and antenna to antenna receptacle and turn the core in the antenna loading coil clockwise until it is stopped. Slowly adjust the core in the loading coil counterclockwise until a peak is reached on the field strength meter.

"IDC" ADJUSTMENT (PREFERRED METHOD USING OSCILLOSCOPE)

1. INTRODUCTION

Accuracy of test equipment is of prime importance to any user of radio communications equipment; but of equal importance is a knowledge of the characteristics of the measuring equipment under various conditions. The Motorola Model T1100A Series FM Station Monitor is the leader in the field with respect to sensitivity, accuracy under conditions of variation in r-f signal level line voltage, and other environmental conditions. In common with most other meters, however, they have the characteristic of responding differently to different wave shapes. Therefore, the use of most present-day deviation meters can lead to confusion and errors in deviation setting, if the pitfalls are unknown or disregarded.

The "ideal" deviation indicator would be one which would respond instantaneously to the peak value of the modulation deviation, regardless of waveform. The only device which meets all these requirements is an oscilloscope. It responds instantaneously, and it shows the peak value of any waveform, no matter how complex. Properly calibrated, an oscilloscope is the most accurate and reliable means for measuring and setting transmitter deviation.

The oscilloscope must be used in conjunction with a receiver which has a stable discriminator characteristic, since the oscilloscope displays the demodulated signal. In addition to the oscilloscope a receiver and a means to accurately calibrate the system is required. The Motorola monitors fill these requirements, since they provide both a sensitive receiver with the proper discriminator characteristic and a reliable means of calibrating the oscilloscope. They have convenient terminals on the front panel for connection of the oscilloscope. Furthermore, the Motorola FM Station Monitor is provided with two modulation meter scales, 0-20 kc for wide-band systems, and 0-10 kc for split-channel systems.

Split-channel conversion kits are available for modification of older models, so that they too are provided with convenient oscilloscope terminals and can be more accurate measurement devices for such systems.

2. TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- Motorola T1100A Series FM Station Monitor (or equivalent)
- Motorola Transistorized AC Voltmeter (or equivalent)
- Motorola Model TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Generator, 400 & 1000 cps (or equivalent)
- Motorola Model T1015A General Purpose Oscilloscope, Motorola Model T1014B Precision Wide Band Oscilloscope (or equivalent)
- Motorola Model S1056A-9A or TU546 Series Portable Test Set (or equivalent) for "Private-Line" models only

3. OSCILLOSCOPE CALIBRATION

The first step in the measurement of transmitter deviation is to calibrate the oscilloscope. This can be done by using the transmitter which is to be measured. A "Private-Line" unit can be used for this purpose if the tone oscillator is disabled by removal of the "Vibrasender-sponder" unit. This is necessary since the "Private-Line" tone contributes to the maximum deviation.

Proceed as follows:

- The oscilloscope should be connected to the monitor oscilloscope terminals, and the monitor controls should be set up in accordance with the monitor instruction manuals.
- Turn the IDC control on the transmitter chassis to the full clockwise position.
- Feed a 1000 cps test tone into pin 2 of the microphone input jack (base of the amplifier-clipper stage Q110 in the IDC circuit). A 0.33 uf capacitor should be placed in series with the tone generator output. Modulate the transmitter with this tone so adjusted that the deviation as read on the FM monitor deviation meter is 2 kc (6 kc in a wide-band system). An audio oscillator must be used for generation of this tone, since a sinusoidal waveform is very important. The Motorola TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Generator is excellent for this purpose.
- Adjust the vertical gain of the oscilloscope so that the total recovered audio pattern occupies some convenient height, e.g., four small squares. (12 squares in a wide-band system.) The split-channel indication is shown in figure 1.

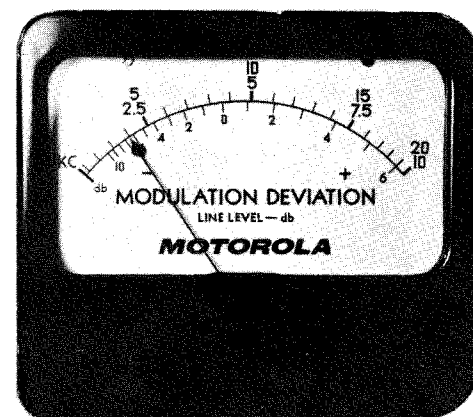


Figure 1.
Oscilloscope Calibration for
Split-Channel Transmitter

Having calibrated the oscilloscope, there is no further need for the modulation deviation meter and its reading should be ignored from this point on. It has already performed its important function of calibrating the oscilloscope.

With the oscilloscope calibrated as indicated, a recovered signal which occupies 10 squares (peak-to-peak) is equivalent to ± 5 kc deviation. For wide-band systems, a recovered signal occupying 30 squares (peak-to-peak) is equivalent to ± 15 kc deviation.

4. MEASUREMENT AND SETTING OF TRANSMITTER DEVIATION

a. Models for Carrier Squelch Application

Once the oscilloscope has been calibrated the transmitter deviation can be properly adjusted by the following method:

- Adjust the 1000 cps input signal to 1.5 volt. This should drive the IDC circuit into full clip. See Figure 2.

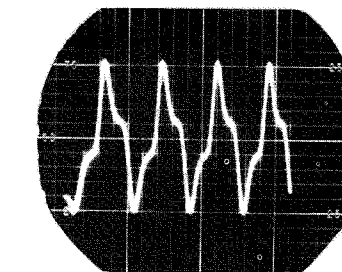


Figure 2.
5 KC Peak Deviation as seen on the Oscilloscope
(NOTE: Waveform is clipped fully)

(2) With this input signal level adjust the IDC control on the transmitter to provide a peak-to-peak recovered signal on the oscilloscope of 10 squares, which is equivalent to ± 5 kc deviation as shown in figure 2. A wide-band system should be adjusted for 30 squares (± 15 kc). If the waveform under the above conditions does not resemble the waveform shown in figure 2 adjust L101 until a symmetrical waveform is obtained. Re-adjust the IDC control.

(3) Reduce 1000 cps input to 0.3 volt. Essentially full deviation should still be observed on the oscilloscope. Less than full deviation may indicate a weak audio transistor or other lack of audio gain.

b. "Private-Line" Models

- Remove "Vibrasender-sponder" resonant reed from its socket.
- Adjust the 1000 cps input signal to 1.5 volts. This should drive the IDC circuit into full clip. See Figure 2.
- With this input signal level adjust the IDC control on the transmitter to provide a peak-to-peak recovered signal on the oscilloscope of 10 squares, which is equivalent to ± 5 kc deviation as shown in figure 2. If the waveform under the above conditions does not resemble the waveform shown in figure 2, adjust L101 until a symmetrical waveform is obtained. Re-adjust the IDC control.
- Reduce 1000 cps input to 0.3 volt. Essentially full deviation should still be observed on the oscilloscope. Less than full deviation may indicate a weak audio transistor or other lack of audio gain.
- Remove the 1000 cps tone signal. Insert the "Vibrasender-sponder" unit in its socket.
- Check the "Private-Line" tone deviation. This may be read directly from the oscilloscope by pressing the transmitter on switch on the test set. The tone deviation should be 0.5 to 1 kc.

NOTE

If the tone deviation is less than 0.5 kc with jumper JU1 on position 2 (see circuit board diagram), move the jumper to position 3. If the deviation is greater than 1.0 kc, move the jumper to position 1M for the 30-42 mc band or 1H for the 42-54 mc band. Always choose the jumper position which produces a tone deviation between 0.5 and 1.0 kc.

Due to a slight increase in discriminator response at the lower frequencies, the oscilloscope will read high, thus, an indication of 1.4 to 2.8 squares (peak-to-peak) is equivalent to 0.5 to 1 kc. This slight variation is only important when checking tone deviation. When setting maximum transmitter deviation as described in the following paragraphs, it may be ignored.

(7) Apply a 1000 cps test tone to pin 2 of the microphone input jack (base of the amplifier-clipper stage Q110). Place a 0.33 uf capacitor in series with the tone generator output.

(8) Adjust the 1000 cps input signal level for 1 volt and note the resultant combined deviation of the 1000 cps modulation and tone signal modulation on the oscilloscope.

(9) The IDC control on the transmitter should be adjusted to provide a peak-to-peak combined signal of 10 squares, equivalent to full 5 kc as shown in figure 3.

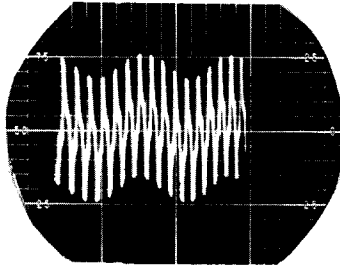


Figure 3.
5 KC Peak Deviation for Combined PL Tone and
1000 CPS Modulation

(10) Reduce the 1000 cps input to 0.35 volt. Essentially full combined 1000 cps tone and "Private-Line" tone deviation should still be observed on the oscilloscope. Less than full combined deviation may indicate a defective transistor or other lack of audio gain.

5. EMERGENCY MEASUREMENT OF DEVIATION

If an audio oscillator is not available, a loud sustained whistle of approximately 1000 cycles can be used for a rough measurement of deviation. If this rough check indicates the need for resetting deviation, do so only under controlled conditions, using a 1000 cps tone as previously indicated. The calibration of the oscilloscope should always be performed with a steady controlled signal. Do not attempt to calibrate the oscilloscope with a sustained whistle as waveform distortion will prevent an accurate calibration.

6. OTHER MEANS FOR MEASUREMENT OF DEVIATION

Another accurate means of measuring transmitter deviation is to use the Motorola T1020A Portable Frequency and Deviation Meter. This unit, properly used, permits the accurate measurement and setting of transmitter deviation from a peak-reading meter which is unaffected by waveform. An oscilloscope is not required with this instrument. With this device, the transmitter deviation can be measured accurately even with voice modulation.

7. MICROPHONE LEVELS

If the modulation level in the system still appears to be too low after setting deviation as indicated above, check the microphone and audio amplifier.

The foregoing procedure will insure that the transmitter will comply with FCC requirements for maximum deviation.

The importance of the correct deviation setting can not be overemphasized. Optimum system performance demands accurate deviation setting, both from the standpoint that over deviation will interfere with the user on the adjacent channel, and underdeviation may reduce system range.

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT

1. Motorola NLN6252A Alignment Tool (supplied) or equivalent.
2. Motorola DC Multimeter with r-f probe or equivalent.
3. RF Wattmeter (50-ohm impedance).
4. Motorola TEK-23 Power Supply or equivalent.
5. Motorola Model T1100A Series FM Station Monitor or equivalent.
6. Motorola TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Oscillator or equivalent.
7. Motorola T1014B Precision Wide Band Oscilloscope or Model T1015A General Purpose Oscilloscope or equivalent.

NOMINAL VOLTAGE READINGS

NOTE

The following readings apply to a fully tuned transmitter with -14 v d-c input.

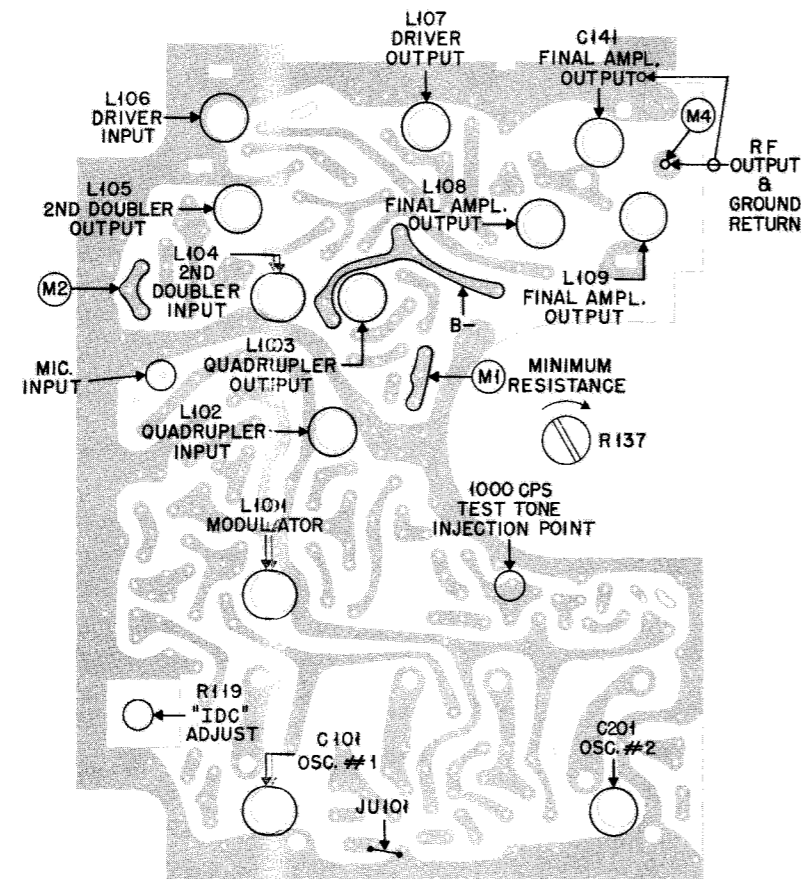
METER POINT	M1 BRN	M2 RED
READING (V DC)	-1.7	-2.5

PRELIMINARY SET-UP FOR TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT

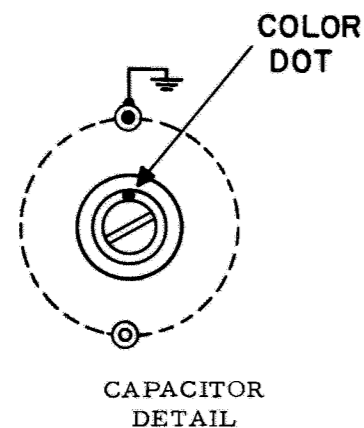
1. Remove the cover from the radio section of the unit.
2. When aligning a two-frequency unit, align on the primary or higher of the two frequencies.
3. The d-c multimeter ground lead should be connected to a convenient ground.
4. For complete alignment, the battery should be removed and a 15 volt d-c power supply and ammeter connected to the battery plug. All tuning slugs except L101 should be unscrewed so they protrude 1/8 inch above the printed circuit board.
5. Remove the antenna by unscrewing it from the receptacle. Connect a wattmeter to the external antenna receptacle.

FREQUENCY CALCULATIONS

$$f_o = \frac{f_c}{16} \quad \text{where: } f_o = \text{oscillator frequency and } f_c = \text{carrier frequency}$$



METERING AND ALIGNMENT POINTS



NOTE
To adjust C141, C101 or C201 for maximum capacity, turn screwdriver slot so color dot is nearest the grounded side of the capacitor housing.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

STEP	TEST EQUIPMENT	METER POINT & COLOR	ADJUSTMENT	PROCEDURE
1	----	----	----	Key the transmitter and adjust the power supply voltage to -12 volts d-c.
2	DC multimeter	M1 (BRN)	L102 1st Doubler	Adjust L102 for a maximum reading. This circuit is tuned to twice the crystal frequency.
3	DC multimeter	M2 (RED)	L103 L104 Quadrupler	<p>QUADRUPLER: NOTE - When aligning the Quadrupler coil L103 in the 30-42 mc and the 42-54 mc band, it is possible to tune the coil to the incorrect harmonic at the upper and lower ends of the frequency range.</p> <p>Place the multimeter probe on meter point M2.</p> <p>At 30 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 42 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 4th peak At 33 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 45 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 3rd peak At 36 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 48 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 2nd peak At 42 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 54 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 1st peak</p> <p>At a frequency between those given above, tune to the peak(s) for the next higher frequency, for example; at 50 mc tune to 1st real peak. (If no peaks are obtained, turn the slug of L104 into the coil about 1/8".)</p> <p>Adjust L104 for a maximum reading.</p>
4	DC multimeter	M2 (RED)	L105 2nd Doubler	Adjust L105 for a minimum reading. This circuit is tuned to 16 times the crystal frequency.
5	RF wattmeter	----	C141, L105, L106	Adjust C141 for maximum output. (If no reading can be obtained, tune L106 for a maximum reading and readjust C141.) Peak L105 and L106 for a maximum reading.
6	RF wattmeter	----	L107, L108, L109	Adjust L107, L108, L109 for a maximum reading. (If L108 and L109 cannot be adjusted for such a reading turn the slugs of each coil into the form about 1/8", and readjust them.)
7	----	----	L108, L109	Increase the power supply voltage to -14 v d-c and adjust L108 and L109 for a maximum reading.
8	----	----	----	Replace the cover plate and repeat Step 6.
9	----	----	----	<p>ANTENNA PEAKING: Completely assemble unit. Connect loading coil and antenna to antenna receptacle and turn the core in the antenna loading coil clockwise until it is stopped. Slowly adjust the core in the loading coil counterclockwise until a peak is reached on the field strength meter.</p>
10	----	----	----	<p>OSCILLATOR: C101 is preset to the assigned frequency at the factory. Do not readjust unless the crystal is replaced or the setting was accidentally changed.</p> <p>If it is necessary to readjust C101, set up the frequency monitor for frequency measurement and replace the cover plate on the unit and tighten securely. Adjust C101 for zero reading on the monitor CARRIER FREQUENCY meter. Replace the back cover on the transmitter unit and tighten securely. IMPORTANT - When the cover plate is attached, the frequency may shift; therefore, always set the carrier frequency on the frequency monitor with the cover plate attached.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">TWO-FREQUENCY TRANSMITTERS ONLY</p> <p>OSCILLATOR No. 2: Use the same procedure as above, substituting C201 for C101.</p>
11	----	----	L101	DEVIATION CHECK: See "IDC" ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE on the reverse side of this chart.

"IDC" ADJUSTMENT (PREFERRED METHOD USING OSCILLOSCOPE)

1. INTRODUCTION

Accuracy of test equipment is of prime importance to any user of radio communications equipment; but of equal importance is a knowledge of the characteristics of the measuring equipment under various conditions. The Motorola Model T1100A Series FM Station Monitor is the leader in the field with respect to sensitivity, accuracy under conditions of variation in r-f signal level, line voltage, and other environmental conditions. In common with most other meters, however, they have the characteristic of responding differently to different wave shapes. Therefore, the use of most present-day deviation meters can lead to confusion and errors in deviation setting, if the pitfalls are unknown or disregarded.

The "ideal" deviation indicator would be one which would respond instantaneously to the peak value of the modulation deviation, regardless of waveform. The only device which meets all these requirements is an oscilloscope. It responds instantaneously, and it shows the peak value of any waveform, no matter how complex. Properly calibrated, an oscilloscope is the most accurate and reliable means for measuring and setting transmitter deviation.

The oscilloscope must be used in conjunction with a receiver which has a stable discriminator characteristic, since the oscilloscope displays the demodulated signal. In addition to the oscilloscope a receiver and a means to accurately calibrate the system is required. The Motorola monitors fill these requirements, since they provide both a sensitive receiver with the proper discriminator characteristic and a reliable means of calibrating the oscilloscope. They have convenient terminals on the front panel for connection of the oscilloscope. Furthermore, the Motorola FM Station Monitor is provided with two modulation meter scales, 0-20 kc for wide-band systems, and 0-10 kc for split-channel systems.

Split-channel conversion kits are available for modification of older models, so that they too are provided with convenient oscilloscope terminals and can be more accurate measurement devices for such systems.

2. TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- Motorola T1100A Series FM Station Monitor (or equivalent)
- Motorola Transistorized AC Voltmeter (or equivalent)
- Motorola Model TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Generator, 400 & 1000 cps (or equivalent)
- Motorola Model T1015A General Purpose Oscilloscope, Motorola Model T1014B Precision Wide Band Oscilloscope (or equivalent)
- Motorola Model S1056A-9A or TU546 Series Portable Test Set (or equivalent) for "Private-Line" models only

3. OSCILLOSCOPE CALIBRATION

The first step in the measurement of transmitter deviation is to calibrate the oscilloscope. This can be done by using the transmitter which is to be measured. A "Private-Line" unit can be used for this purpose if the tone oscillator is disabled by removal of the "Vibrasender-sponder" unit. This is necessary since the "Private-Line" tone contributes to the maximum deviation.

Proceed as follows:

- The oscilloscope should be connected to the monitor oscilloscope terminals, and the monitor controls should be set up in accordance with the monitor instruction manuals.
- Turn the IDC control on the transmitter chassis to the full clockwise position.
- Feed a 1000 cps test tone into pin 2 of the microphone input jack (base of the amplifier-clipper stage Q110 in the IDC circuit). A 0.33 uf capacitor should be placed in series with the tone generator output. Modulate the transmitter with this tone so adjusted that the deviation as read on the FM monitor deviation meter is 2 kc (6 kc in a wide-band system). An audio oscillator must be used for generation of this tone, since a sinusoidal waveform is very important. The Motorola TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Generator is excellent for this purpose.
- Adjust the vertical gain of the oscilloscope so that the total recovered audio pattern occupies some convenient height, e.g., four small squares. (12 squares in a wide-band system.) The split-channel indication is shown in figure 1.

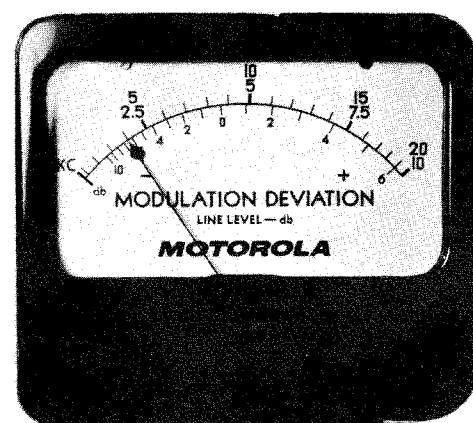


Figure 1.
Oscilloscope Calibration for
Split-Channel Transmitter

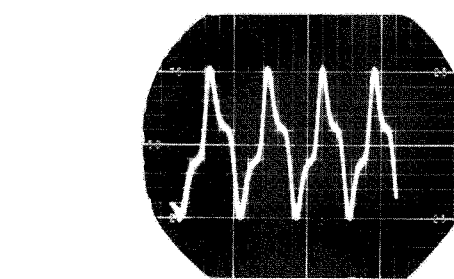
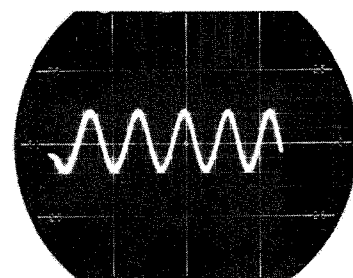


Figure 2.
5 KC Peak Deviation as seen on the Oscilloscope
(NOTE: Waveform is clipped fully)

(2) With this input signal level adjust the IDC control on the transmitter to provide a peak-to-peak recovered signal on the oscilloscope of 10 squares, which is equivalent to ± 5 kc deviation as shown in figure 2. A wide-band system should be adjusted for 30 squares (± 15 kc). If the waveform under the above conditions does not resemble the waveform shown in figure 2 adjust L101 until a symmetrical waveform is obtained. Re-adjust the IDC control.

(3) Reduce 1000 cps input to 0.3 volt. Essentially full deviation should still be observed on the oscilloscope. Less than full deviation may indicate a weak audio transistor or other lack of audio gain.

b. "Private-Line" Models

- Remove "Vibrasender-sponder" resonant reed from its socket.
- Adjust the 1000 cps input signal to 1.5 volts. This should drive the IDC circuit into full clip. See Figure 2.
- With this input signal level adjust the IDC control on the transmitter to provide a peak-to-peak recovered signal on the oscilloscope of 10 squares, which is equivalent to ± 5 kc deviation as shown in figure 2. If the waveform under the above conditions does not resemble the waveform shown in figure 2, adjust L101 until a symmetrical waveform is obtained. Re-adjust the IDC control.
- Reduce 1000 cps input to 0.3 volt. Essentially full deviation should still be observed on the oscilloscope. Less than full deviation may indicate a weak audio transistor or other lack of audio gain.
- Remove the 1000 cps tone signal. Insert the "Vibrasender-sponder" unit in its socket.
- Check the "Private-Line" tone deviation. This may be read directly from the oscilloscope by pressing the transmitter on switch on the test set. The tone deviation should be 0.5 to 1 kc.

NOTE

If the tone deviation is less than 0.5 kc with jumper JU1 on position 2 (see circuit board diagram), move the jumper to position 3. If the deviation is greater than 1.0 kc, move the jumper to position 1M for the 30-42 mc band or 1H for the 42-54 mc band. Always choose the jumper position which produces a tone deviation between 0.5 and 1.0 kc.

Due to a slight increase in discriminator response at the lower frequencies, the oscilloscope will read high, thus, an indication of 1.4 to 2.8 squares (peak-to-peak) is equivalent to 0.5 to 1 kc. This slight variation is only important when checking tone deviation. When setting maximum transmitter deviation as described in the following paragraphs, it may be ignored.

Having calibrated the oscilloscope, there is no further need for the modulation deviation meter and its reading should be ignored from this point on. It has already performed its important function of calibrating the oscilloscope.

With the oscilloscope calibrated as indicated, a recovered signal which occupies 10 squares (peak-to-peak) is equivalent to ± 5 kc deviation. For wide-band systems, a recovered signal occupying 30 squares (peak-to-peak) is equivalent to ± 15 kc deviation.

4. MEASUREMENT AND SETTING OF TRANSMITTER DEVIATION

a. Models for Carrier Squelch Application

Once the oscilloscope has been calibrated the transmitter deviation can be properly adjusted by the following method:

- Adjust the 1000 cps input signal to 1.5 volt. This should drive the IDC circuit into full clip. See Figure 2.

(7) Apply a 1000 cps test tone to pin 2 of the microphone input jack (base of the amplifier-clipper stage Q110). Place a 0.33 uf capacitor in series with the tone generator output.

(8) Adjust the 1000 cps input signal level for 1 volt and note the resultant combined deviation of the 1000 cps modulation and tone signal modulation on the oscilloscope.

(9) The IDC control on the transmitter should be adjusted to provide a peak-to-peak combined signal of 10 squares, equivalent to full 5 kc as shown in figure 3.

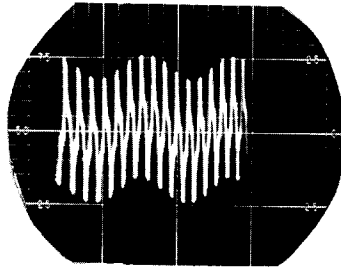


Figure 3.
5 KC Peak Deviation for Combined PL Tone and
1000 CPS Modulation

(10) Reduce the 1000 cps input to 0.35 volt. Essentially full combined 1000 cps tone and "Private-Line" tone deviation should still be observed on the oscilloscope. Less than full combined deviation may indicate a defective transistor or other lack of audio gain.

5. EMERGENCY MEASUREMENT OF DEVIATION

If an audio oscillator is not available, a loud sustained whistle of approximately 1000 cycles can be used for a rough measurement of deviation. If this rough check indicates the need for resetting deviation, do so only under controlled conditions, using a 1000 cps tone as previously indicated. The calibration of the oscilloscope should always be performed with a steady controlled signal. Do not attempt to calibrate the oscilloscope with a sustained whistle as waveform distortion will prevent an accurate calibration.

6. OTHER MEANS FOR MEASUREMENT OF DEVIATION

Another accurate means of measuring transmitter deviation is to use the Motorola T1020A Portable Frequency and Deviation Meter. This unit, properly used, permits the accurate measurement and setting of transmitter deviation from a peak-reading meter which is unaffected by waveform. An oscilloscope is not required with this instrument. With this device, the transmitter deviation can be measured accurately even with voice modulation.

7. MICROPHONE LEVELS

If the modulation level in the system still appears to be too low after setting deviation as indicated above, check the microphone and audio amplifier.

The foregoing procedure will insure that the transmitter will comply with FCC requirements for maximum deviation.

The importance of the correct deviation setting can not be overemphasized. Optimum system performance demands accurate deviation setting, both from the standpoint that over deviation will interfere with the user on the adjacent channel, and underdeviation may reduce system range.

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT

1. Motorola NLN6252A Alignment Tool (supplied) or equivalent.
2. Motorola DC Multimeter with r-f probe or equivalent.
3. RF Wattmeter (50-ohm impedance).
4. Motorola TEK-23 Power Supply or equivalent.
5. Motorola Model T1100A Series FM Station Monitor or equivalent.
6. Motorola TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Oscillator or equivalent.
7. Motorola T1014B Precision Wide Band Oscilloscope or Model T1015A General Purpose Oscilloscope or equivalent.

NOMINAL VOLTAGE READINGS

NOTE

The following readings apply to a fully tuned transmitter with -14 v d-c input.

METER POINT	M1 BRN	M2 RED
READING (V DC)	-1.7	-2.5

PRELIMINARY SET-UP FOR TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT

1. Remove the cover from the radio section of the unit.
2. When aligning a two-frequency unit, align on the primary or higher of the two frequencies.
3. The d-c multimeter ground lead should be connected to a convenient ground.
4. For complete alignment, the battery should be removed and a 15 volt d-c power supply and ammeter connected to the battery plug. All tuning slugs except L101 should be unscrewed so they protrude 1/8 inch above the printed circuit board.
5. Remove the antenna by unscrewing it from the receptacle. Connect a wattmeter to the external antenna receptacle.

FREQUENCY CALCULATIONS

$$f_o = \frac{f_c}{16}$$

where: f_o = oscillator frequency and f_c = carrier frequency

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR RECEIVER ALIGNMENT

1. Motorola DC Multimeter with r-f probe.
2. Motorola Transistorized AC Voltmeter or equivalent.
3. Motorola T1034C Signal Generator or equivalent.
4. Motorola S1056A-9A or TU546 Series Test Set with 455 kc crystal or equivalent crystal-controlled oscillator.
5. Motorola NLN6252A Alignment Tool (supplied).

PRELIMINARY SET-UP FOR RECEIVER ALIGNMENT

1. Remove the cover from the radio section of the unit.
2. When aligning a two-frequency unit, align on the primary or higher of the two frequencies.
3. The d-c multimeter ground lead should be connected to a convenient ground.
4. For complete alignment, the battery should be removed and a 15 volt d-c power supply and ammeter connected to the battery plug. All tuning slugs should be unscrewed so they protrude 1/8 inch above the printed circuit board.
5. Remove the antenna by unscrewing it from the receptacle. Connect a signal generator to the antenna receptacle.

FREQUENCY CALCULATIONS

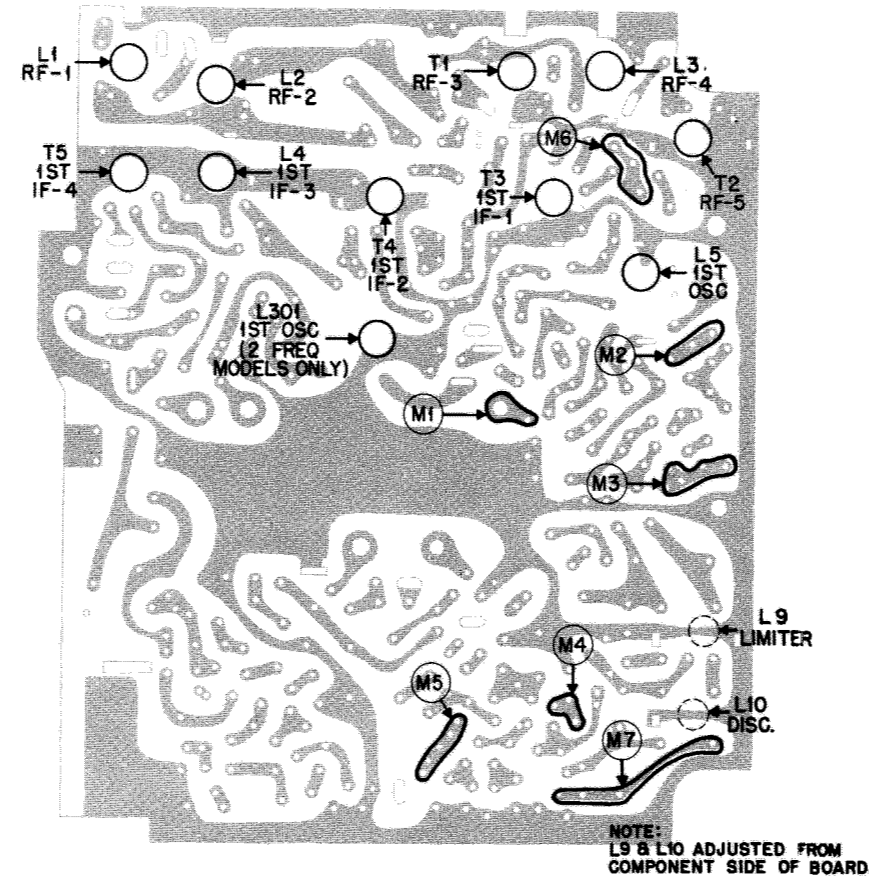
LEGEND

- f_c = carrier frequency (25-54 mc)
- f_{01} = 1st oscillator crystal frequency (30.7-48.3 mc)
- f_{02} = 2nd oscillator frequency
- f_1 = 1st intermediate frequency (5.7 mc)
- f_2 = 2nd intermediate frequency (455 kc)

$f_{01} = f_c + f_1$ (25-42 mc)

$f_{01} = f_c - f_1$ (42-54 mc)

f_c	f_{02}
25.00-30.00 mc	6.155 mc
30.02-30.86 mc	5.245 mc
30.90-36.84 mc	6.155 mc
36.86-37.00 mc	5.245 mc
37.02-41.98 mc	6.155 mc
42.00-42.98 mc	6.155 mc
43.00-43.16 mc	5.245 mc
43.18-49.14 mc	6.155 mc
49.16-49.32 mc	5.245 mc
49.34-54.00 mc	6.155 mc



METERING AND ALIGNMENT POINTS

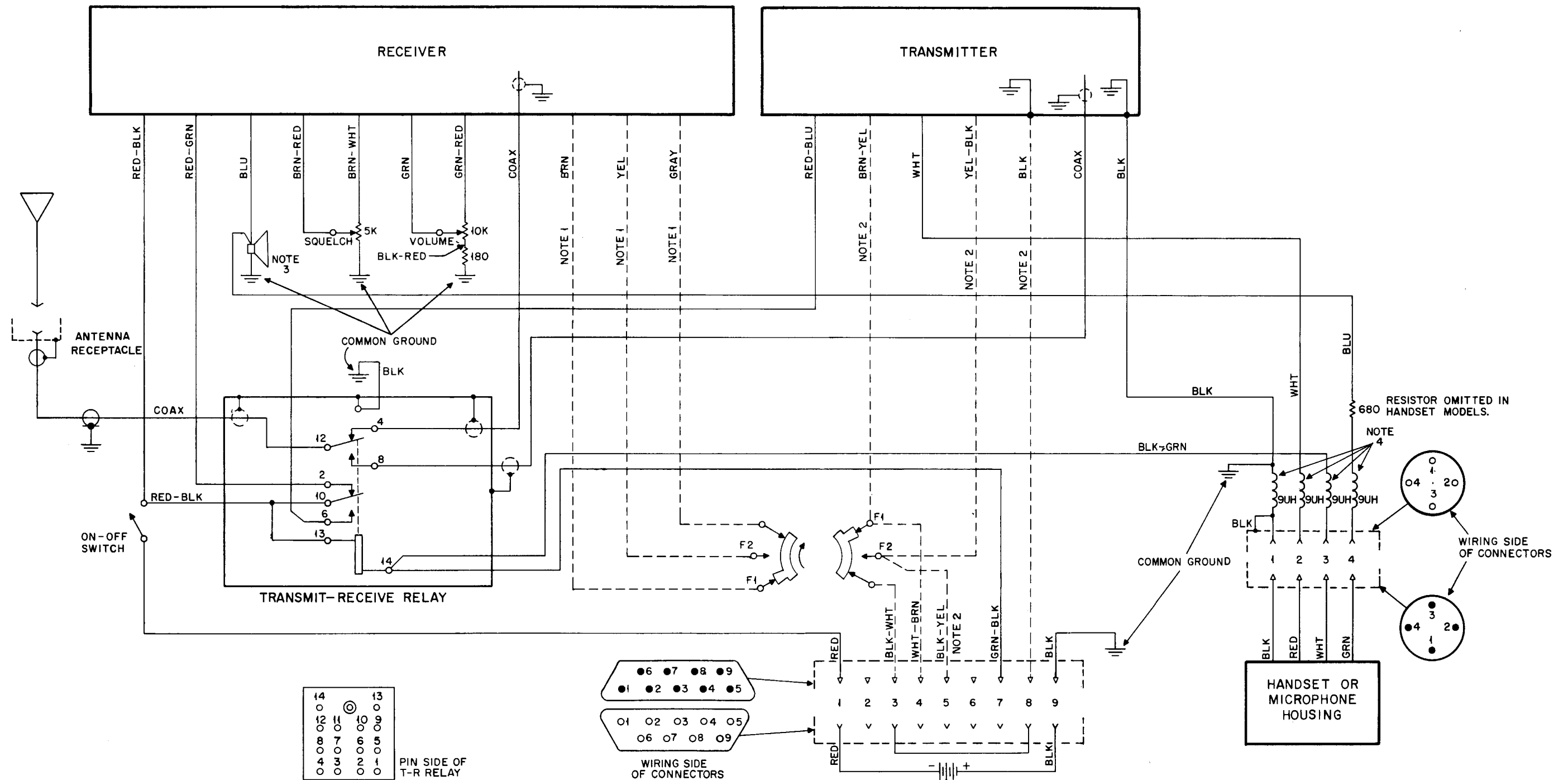
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

NOTES

1. All slugs should be tuned to the peak nearest the printed circuit board end of the coil.
2. Turn on the radiophone and set the squelch control for maximum noise.

STEP	TEST EQUIPMENT	METER POINT & COLOR CODE	ADJUSTMENT	PROCEDURE
1	DC multimeter with r-f probe	M-6 (BLU)	L5 1st Osc	Tune L5 for max. d-c reading on the meter.
2	DC multimeter and 455 kc crystal osc	M-7 (VIO)	L9 Limiter	Couple a 455 kc signal into the 455 kc filter input terminals. Tune L9 for a maximum positive d-c reading.
3	DC multimeter and 455 kc crystal osc	M-4 (YEL)	L10 Disc.	Tune L10 for a zero d-c meter reading. NOTE: As the slug is moved into the discriminator coil, the meter reading may move slowly through zero and then sharply return through zero again. Tune the slug to the latter point.
4	T1034C Signal Generator and d-c multimeter	M-4 (YEL)	Signal Generator to carrier frequency	Connect the signal generator to the test jig. Set the attenuator for 5,000 microvolts and adjust the signal frequency for a zero d-c reading on the meter. *Do not set the frequency to the 2nd i-f image frequency.
5	T1034C Signal Generator and a-c voltmeter	M-1 (TAN)	L1, L2, T1, L3, T2, T3, T4, L4, T5	Tune these slugs successively for a maximum meter reading. Keep the meter reading below -30 dbm on the a-c voltmeter.
6	DC multimeter	M-4 (YEL)	L5 1st Osc	Use the base station transmitter or a frequency standard as a signal source and adjust L5 for a zero d-c reading. NOTE: Set JU2 (and JU3 on 2-freq.) to tap ① or ② to obtain proper frequency.
7	T1034C Signal Generator and a-c voltmeter. A 120 ohm resistor must be connected across the a-c voltmeter (handset only models).	Pin #4 of Mic. connector	Signal Generator	Set squelch control for maximum noise. Connect the adapter cable from the voltmeter to the antenna receptacle. Adjust the volume control for an output voltage of 0.44 v a-c (noise only-no signal input) for receivers with speakers and 0.12 v a-c for handset only models. Using the test set this reading should be about 50 ua with the multiplier switch in the 0.2 v a-c position. Zero the signal generator on the discriminator. Increase the signal intensity until the noise reading is reduced to one-tenth of the reading with no signal (maximum noise). Read the attenuator scale in microvolts (should be less than 0.35 microvolts). This is the 20 db quieting sensitivity.

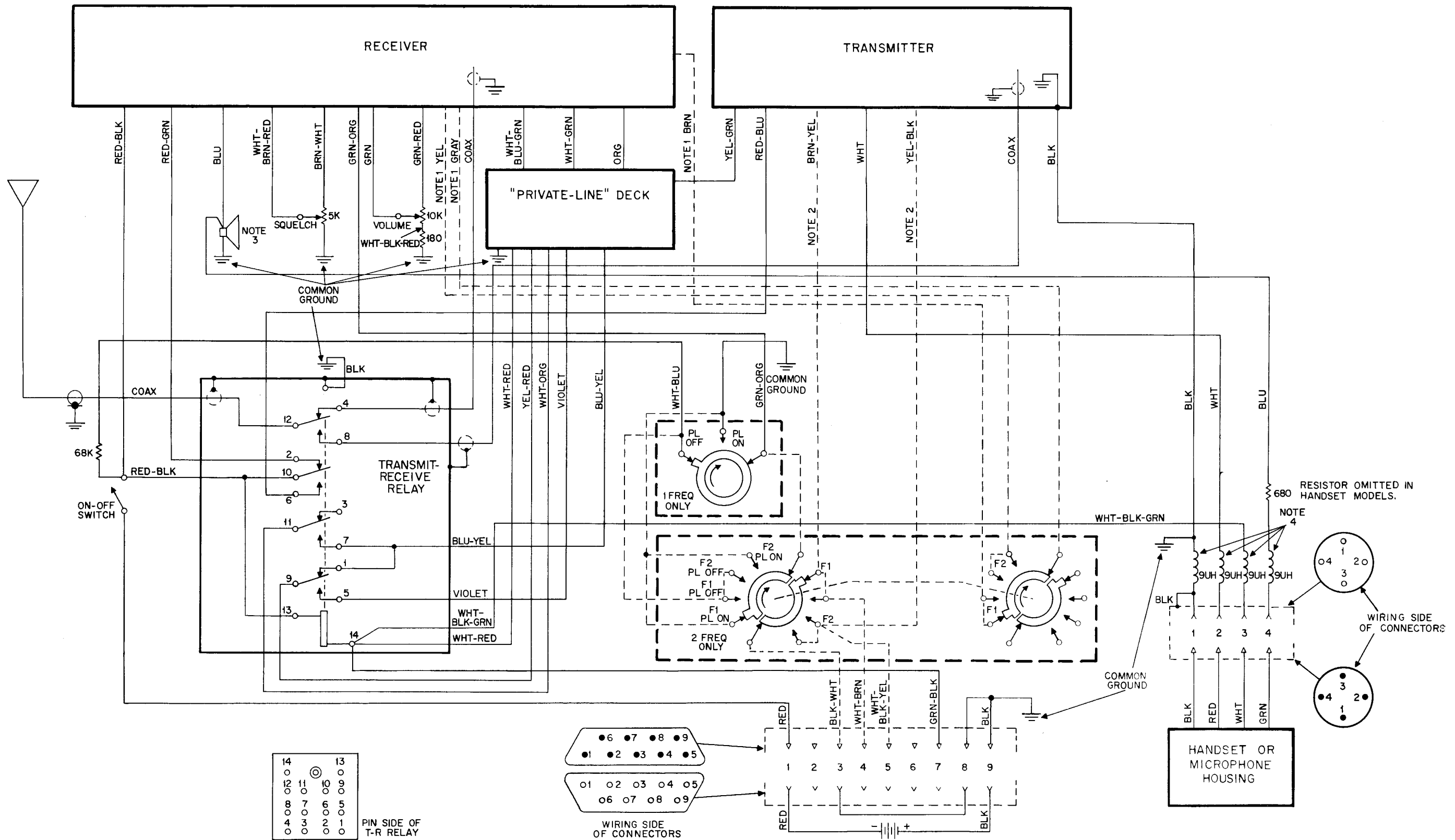
***CAUTION:** After adjusting the signal generator to the carrier in the 42-54 mc (H) band look for the image frequency at 910 kc below this setting if the 2nd oscillator frequency is 5.245 mc or 910 kc above this setting if the 2nd oscillator frequency is 6.155 mc. After adjusting the signal generator to the carrier in 25-30 mc (L) band or 30-42 mc (M) band look for the image frequency 910 kc above this setting if the 2nd oscillator frequency is 5.245 mc or 910 kc below this setting if the 2nd oscillator frequency is 6.155 mc. This is a check on the accuracy of the setting. Upon locating the image, return to the proper setting for the carrier frequency.



- NOTES:
1. 2-FREQ. RECEIVER ONLY.
 2. 2-FREQ. TRANSMITTER ONLY.
 3. SPEAKER AND GROUND OMITTED IN HANDSET MODELS.
 4. 25-54MC MODELS ONLY.

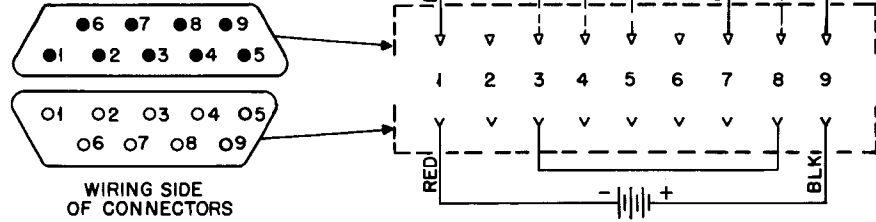
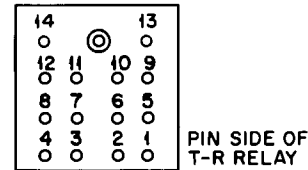
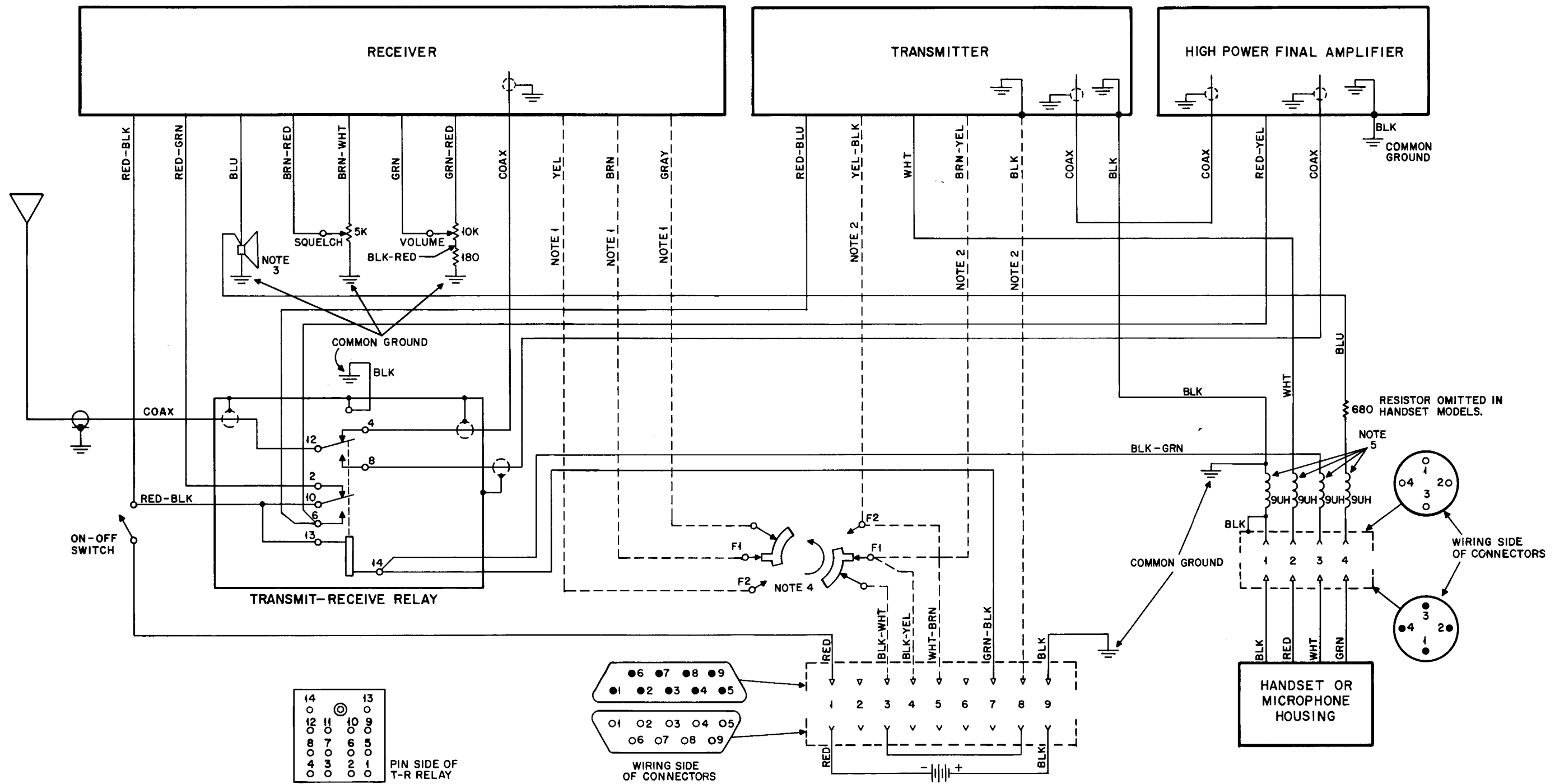
DIAGRAM NO. 63D81017A46

P21DDC-1000 Series
 Intercabling Diagram
 Motorola No. 63D81017A46-A



- NOTES:
1. 2-FREQ. RECEIVER ONLY.
 2. 2-FREQ. TRANSMITTER ONLY.
 3. SPEAKER AND GROUND OMITTED IN HANDSET MODELS.
 4. 25-54 MC MODELS ONLY.

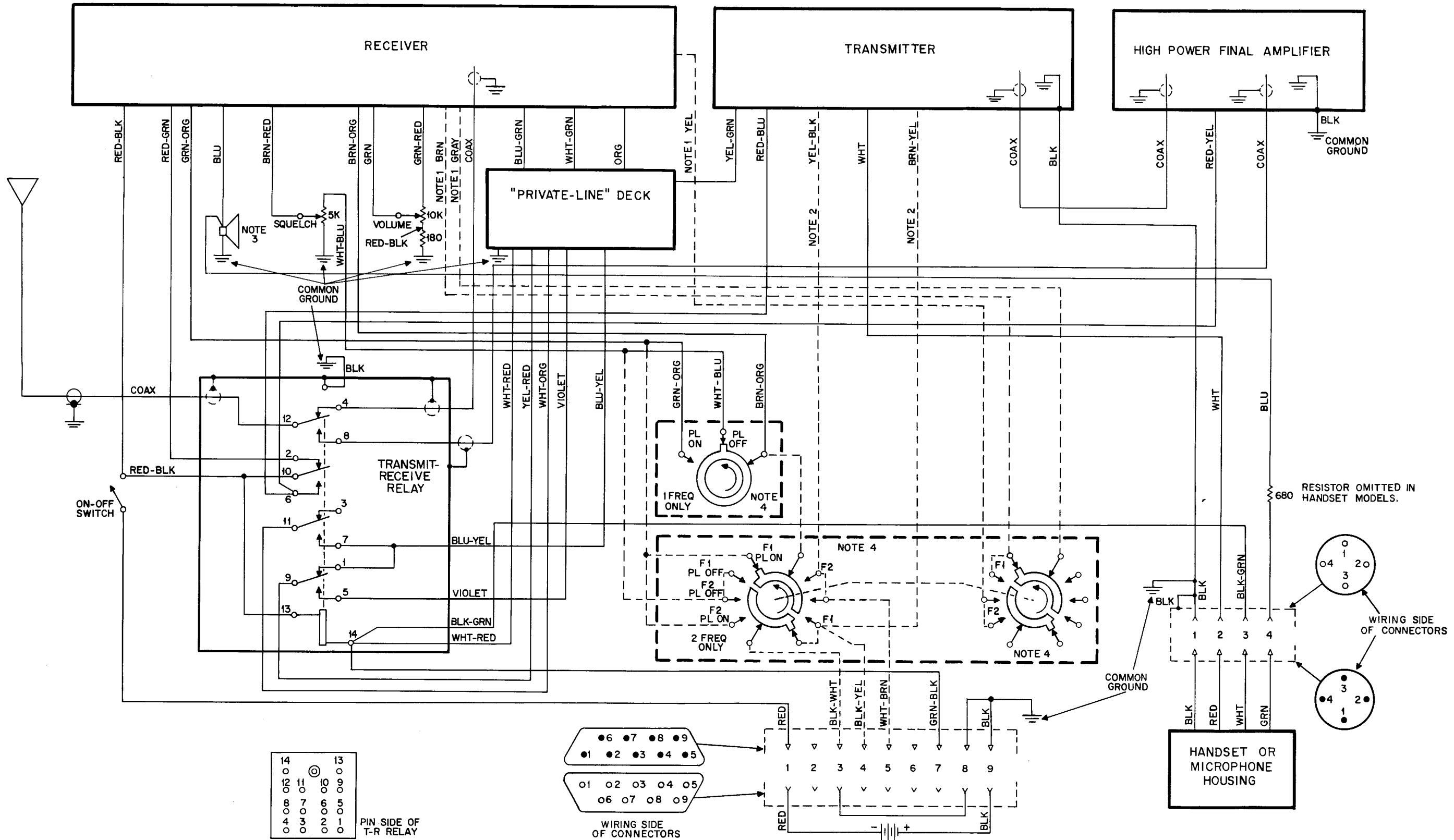
DIAGRAM NO. 63D81017A47



- NOTES:
1. 2-FREQ. RECEIVER ONLY.
 2. 2-FREQ. TRANSMITTER ONLY.
 3. SPEAKER AND GROUND OMITTED IN HANDSET MODELS.
 4. SWITCH VIEWED FROM REAR.
 5. 25-54 MC MODELS ONLY.

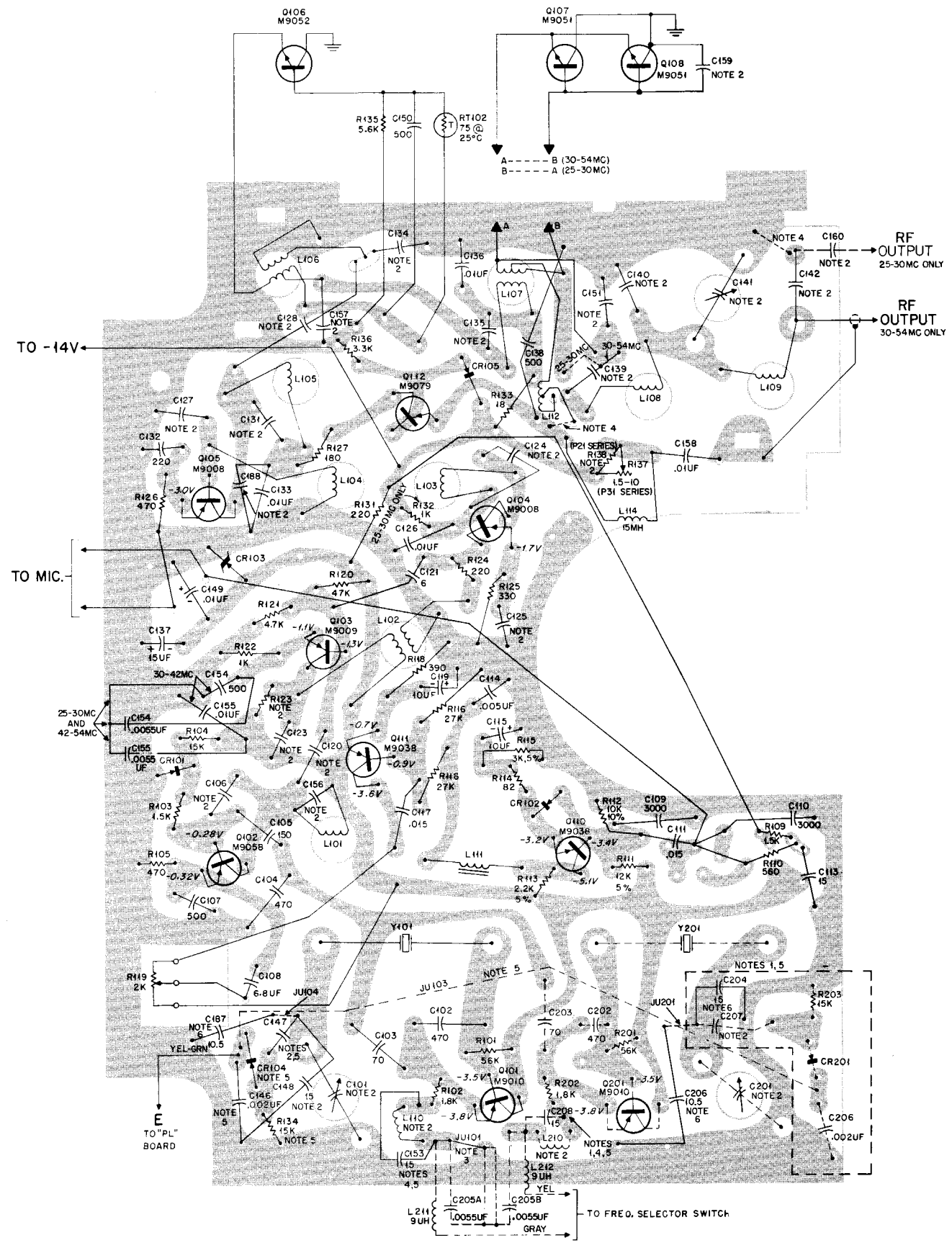
DIAGRAM NO. 63D81017A48

P31DDC-1000 Series
Intercombing Diagram
Motorola No. 63D81017A48-D



- NOTES:
1. 2-FREQ. RECEIVER ONLY.
 2. 2-FREQ. TRANSMITTER ONLY.
 3. SPEAKER AND GROUND OMITTED IN HANDSET MODELS.
 4. SWITCH VIEWED FROM REAR.

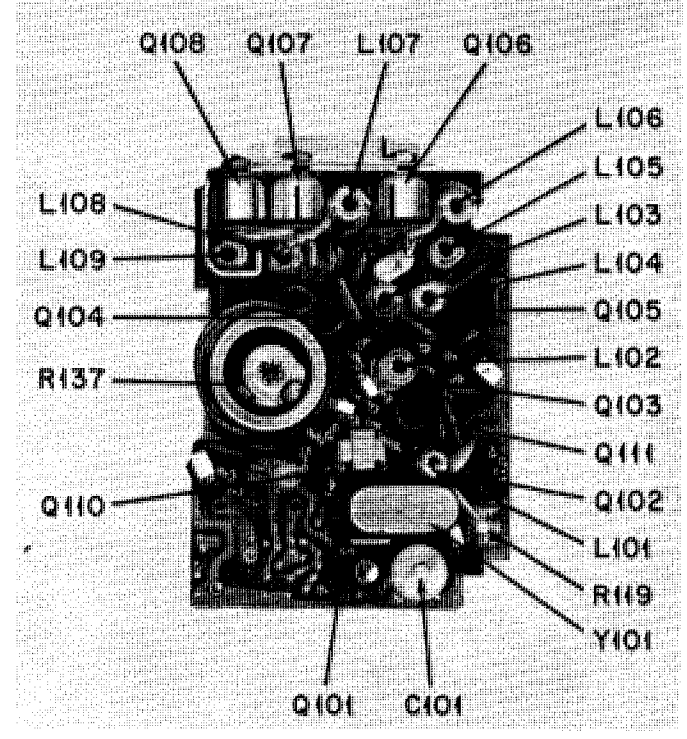
DIAGRAM NO. 63D81017A49



- NOTES:
- 1. DASHED CIRCUITRY USED IN TWO FREQUENCY OPERATION ONLY.
 - 2. REFER TO PARTS LISTS FOR COMPONENT VALUES.
 - 3. USED ON 1-FREQ. MODELS ONLY.
 - 4. APPEARS ON 30-42 MC UNITS ONLY.
 - 5. USED IN "PRIVATE-LINE" MODELS ONLY.
 - 6. USED IN CARRIER SQUELCH MODELS ONLY.
 - 7. USED IN NTB6060 SERIES ONLY.

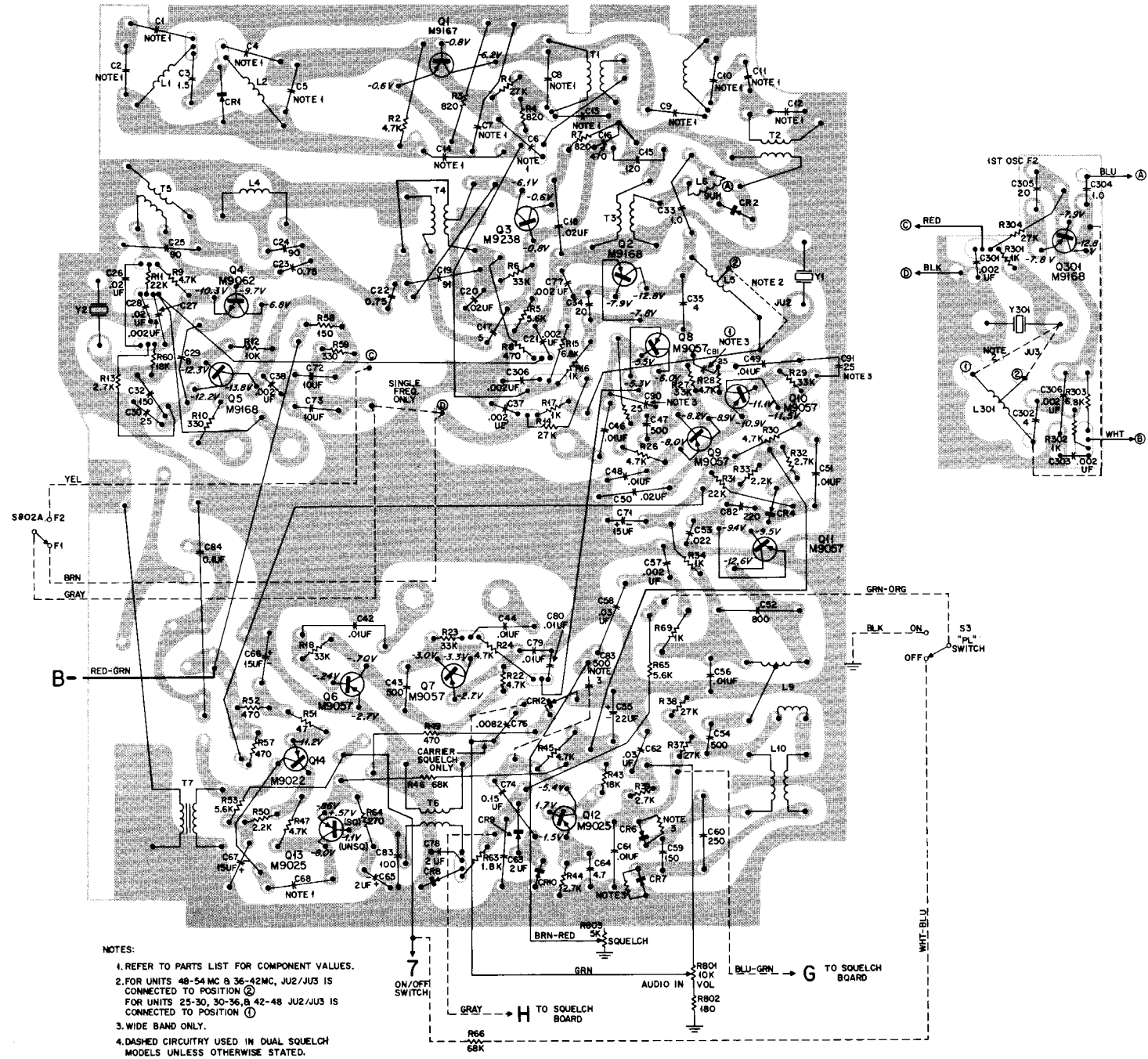
REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION	
A	NTB6061AA NTB6062AA NTB6063AA NTB6061AB NTB6062AB NTB6063AB	C109, 110	WERE 21D82428D10 (.0033 uf)	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD	
		L211, 212	ADDED 24C82000E03 (9 uh)		
B	NTB6051AA-1 NTB6052AA-1 NTB6053AA-2 NTB6051AB-1 NTB6052AB-1 NTB6053AB-2 NTB6061AA-1 NTB6062AA-1 NTB6063AA-2 NTB6061AB-1 NTB6062AB-1 NTB6063AB-2	C187, 206	ADDED 21D82877B11 (10.5 uuf)	BOTTOM OF BOARD	
C	NTB6051AA, AB-1 NTB6052AA, AB-2 NTB6053AA, AB-3 NTB6061AA, AB-1 NTB6062AA, AB-2 NTB6063AA, AB-3	C106L, M, H	WAS C106 21D82877B02 (150 uuf)	PARTS LIST	
		C138	WAS 21K861443 (.01 uf)		
		C156L	ADDED 21K861435 (70 uf)	Q102 COLLECTOR	
		C157L	ADDED 21K861432 (20 uuf)	Q106 BASE	
		C158	ADDED 21K861443 .01 uf	Q108 BASE	
		L114	ADDED 24D82549D01 (15 uh)		
		D	NTB6051AA, AB-1 NTB6061AA, AB-1	C139L	WAS 21K861436 (100 uuf)
C141L	WAS 20C82399D04, VAR 5.5-18 uuf				
C141M	WERE 20C82399D05				
C141H	VAR 9-35 uuf				
C142L	REMOVED 21D82877B18, 30 uuf				
C151L	WAS C151 21K861430 10 uuf				
C160L	ADDED 21K861432 (20 uuf)			L109 RF OUTPUT	
E	NTB6051AC-1 NTB6051AD-1 NTB6061AC-1 NTB6061AD-1	C159	ADDED 21K861434 (40 uuf)	Q108 BASE	
		R132L	WAS 6R129617, (120)	L103	
		C151L	WAS 21K861432, 20 uuf	PARTS LIST	
		R139L	ADDED 6K127802, 1K	Q112 COLLECTOR	
F	NTB6051AC-1 NTB6051AD-1 NTB6061AC-1 NTB6061AD-1	C159L	REMOVED 21K861434, 40 uuf. WAS BETWEEN Q108 BASE AND GROUND	Q108 BASE	
		C188	ADDED 1.0 uf	RIGHT OF Q105	
		C159L	ADDED 40 uuf	RIGHT OF Q108	
G	NTB6051AA-3 NTB6053AA-4 NTB6061AA-3 NTB6063AA-4 NTB6051AB-3 NTB6052AB-3 NTB6053AB-4 NTB6061AB-3 NTB6062AB-3 NTB6063AB-4	C151L, 154L, 155L, 155H	WERE 21B861469, DUAL .01 uf	PARTS LIST	
			Q103 EMITTER		
			C205A, 205B		BELOW Q101

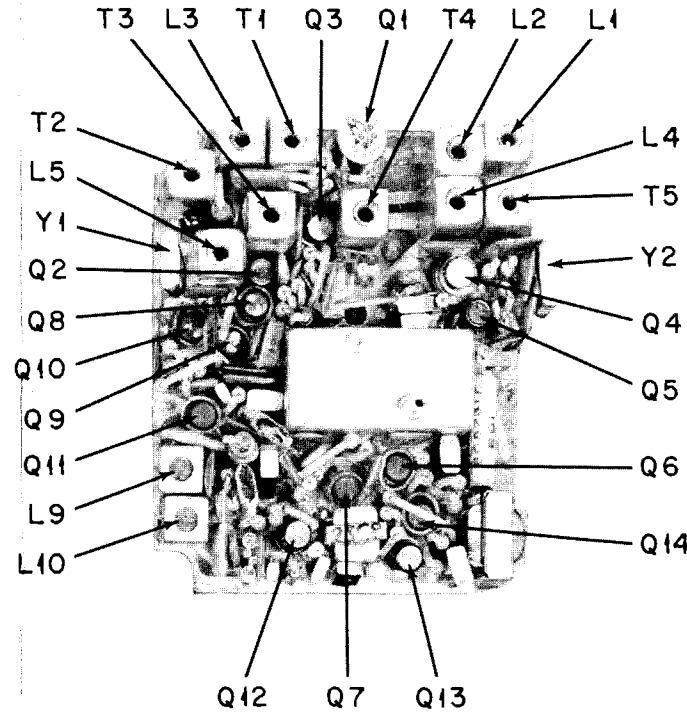


Transmitter Printed Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram
Motorola No. EPD-8838-G

MODEL TABLE (HANDSET ONLY)			
MODEL SERIES	NO. OF FREQ	CHANNEL WIDTH	TYPE OF SQUELCH
NRB1150AA	1	40KC	CARRIER
NRB1150AB	1	20KC	
NRB1150AC	2	40KC	
NRB1150AD	2	20KC	
NRB1150AF	1	20KC	DUAL



- NOTES:
- REFER TO PARTS LIST FOR COMPONENT VALUES.
 - FOR UNITS 48-54 MC & 36-42MC, J2/J3 IS CONNECTED TO POSITION (2) FOR UNITS 25-30, 30-36 & 42-48 J2/J3 IS CONNECTED TO POSITION (1)
 - WIDE BAND ONLY.
 - DASHED CIRCUITRY USED IN DUAL SQUELCH MODELS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.



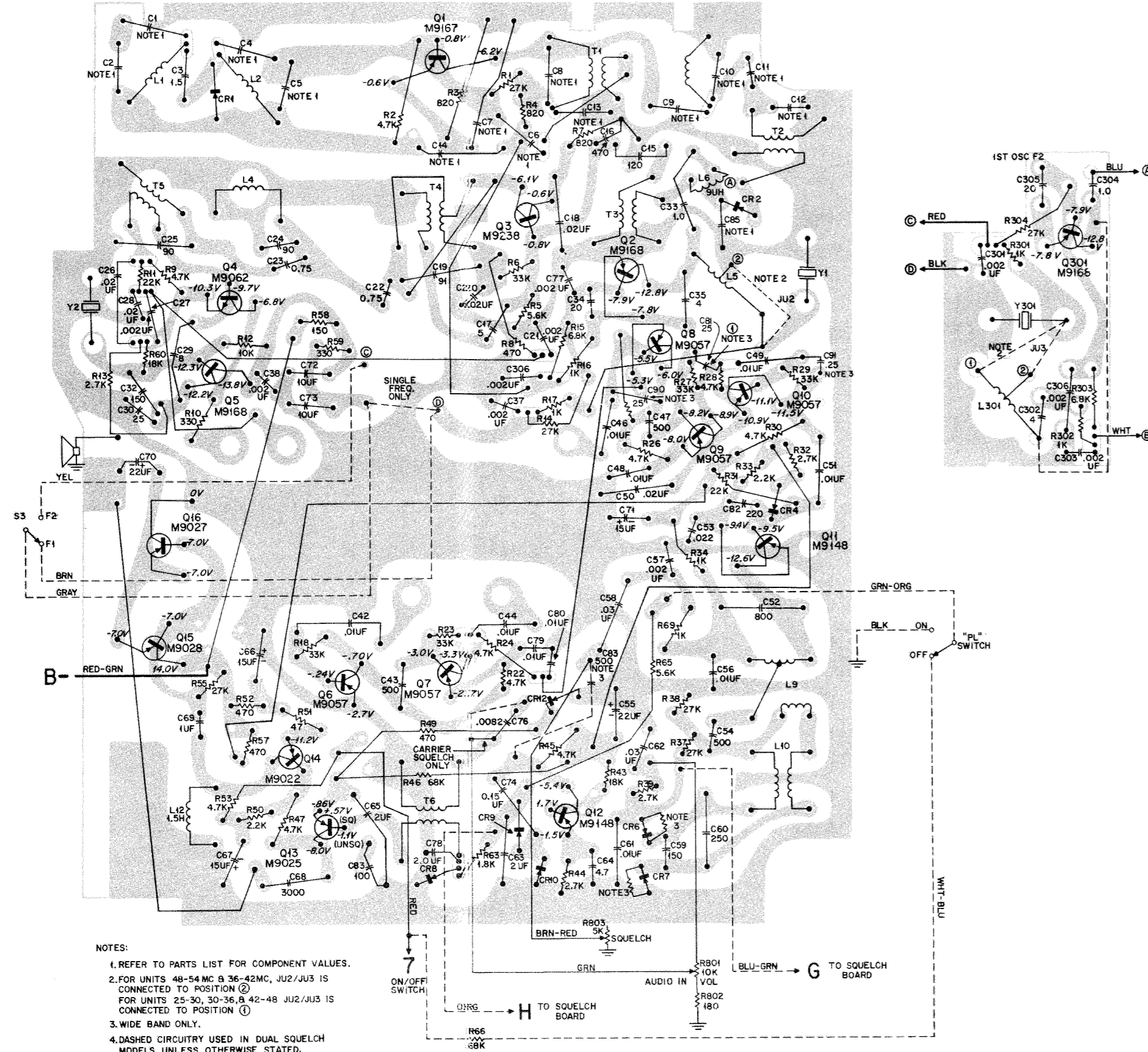
REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
A	NRB1151AF-1	C34L, M, 34H, 305L, M, 305H	WAS C34, 305 21D82877B06 (30 uuf)	PARTS LIST
B	NRB1151,52,53AA-1 NRB1151,52,53AB-1 NRB1151,52,53AC-1 NRB1151,52,53AD-1 NRB1151,52,53AF-2 NRB1151,52,53AH-1	R64 R66	WAS 6K129752, 270 ADDED 6K129144, 68K	Q13 EMITTER S3 "PL" SWITCH
B1	NRB1151AA-2 NRB1151AB-2 NRB1151AC-2 NRB1151AD-2 NRB1151AF-3	C6L	WAS 21K861426 (2.2 uuf)	PARTS LIST
C	NRB1151AA-3 NRB1152AA-2 NRB1153AA-2 NRB1151AB-3 NRB1152AB-2 NRB1153AB-2 NRB1151AC-3 NRB1152AC-2 NRB1153AC-2 NRB1151AD-3 NRB1152AD-2 NRB1153AD-2 NRB1151AF-4 NRB1152AF-3 NRB1153AF-3	L11 R69	REMOVED 24V80900A61, 0.62 mh; (WAS BETWEEN JUNCTIONS OF L9, C56 AND C57, 58). ADDED 6K127802, 1K (REPLACES L11)	BELOW Q11
D	NRB1151AA-4 NRB1152AA-3 NRB1153AA-3 NRB1151AB-4 NRB1152AB-3 NRB1153AB-3 NRB1151AC-4 NRB1152AC-3 NRB1153AC-3 NRB1151AD-4 NRB1152AD-3 NRB1153AD-3	Q12, 13	WERE 48R869025, M9025	Q12, 13
E	NRB1151AA-5 NRB1152AA-4 NRB1153AA-4 NRB1151AB-5 NRB1152AB-4 NRB1153AB-4 NRB1151AC-5 NRB1152AC-4 NRB1153AC-4 NRB1151AD-5 NRB1152AD-4 NRB1153AD-4	C63 R63 C78	WAS 23D82397D07, 6.8 uf WAS 6K128545, 470 WAS 23D82397D07, 6.8 uf	LOWER LEFT OF Q12 BELOW T6
F	NRB1151AA-6 NRB1152AA-5 NRB1153AA-5 NRB1151AB-6 NRB1152AB-5 NRB1153AB-5 NRB1151AC-6 NRB1152AC-5 NRB1153AC-5 NRB1151AD-6 NRB1152AD-5 NRB1153AD-5	C35 R14 R15 Q2, 301 Q3, 5 C302 R304 R303	WAS 21K861428, 6 uuf WAS 6K127807, 33K WAS 6K127804, 4.7K WERE TYPE M9047 WERE TYPE M9031 WAS 21K861428, 6 uuf WAS 6K127807, 33K WAS 6K127804, 4.7K	Q2 COLLECTOR Q2 BASE BELOW Q301
G	NRB1151AA-6 NRB1152AA-5 NRB1153AA-5 NRB1151AB-6 NRB1152AB-5 NRB1153AB-5 NRB1151AC-6 NRB1152AC-5 NRB1153AC-5 NRB1151AD-6 NRB1152AD-5 NRB1153AD-5	Q1	WAS TYPE M4576	
H	NRB1151AA-7 NRB1152AA-6 NRB1153AA-6 NRB1151AB-7 NRB1153AB-6 NRB1151AC-7 NRB1152AC-6 NRB1153AC-6 NRB1151AD-7 NRB1152AD-6 NRB1153AD-6	C17 Q3	WAS 21K861603, 3.3 uuf WAS 48R869169, M9169	Q3 BASE TOP CENTER OF BOARD
J	NRB1151AA-8 NRB1152AA-7 NRB1153AA-7 NRB1151AC-8 NRB1152AC-7 NRB1153AC-7	C81 C90, 91	WAS 21K864013 ADDED	Q9 BASE TO COLL. Q8 AND Q10 BASE TO COLL.

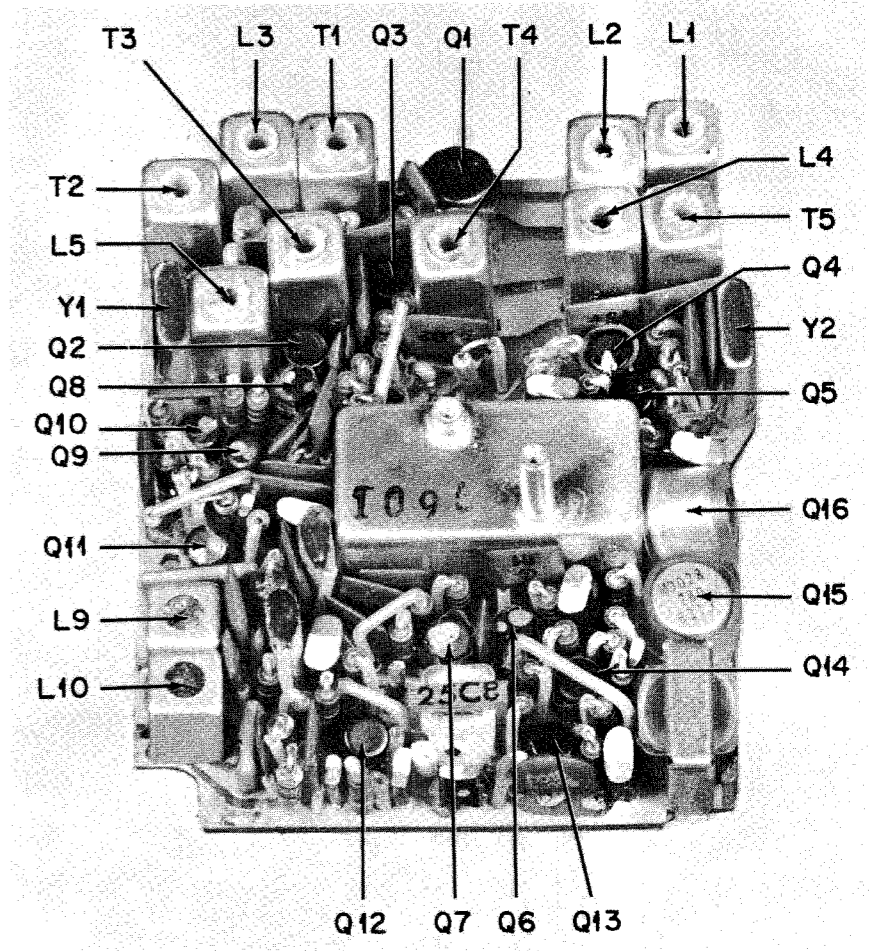
Handset Models Only
Receiver Printed Circuit
Board and Wiring Diagram
Motorola No. EPD-8978-J

MODEL TABLE (SPEAKER MODELS)

MODEL SERIES	NO. OF FREQ.	CHANNEL WIDTH	TYPE OF SQUELCH
NRB1120AA		40 KC	CARRIER
NRB1120AB		20 KC	
NRB1120AC		40 KC	
NRB1120AD		20 KC	
NRB1120AF	1	20 KC	DUAL
NRB1120AH	2	20 KC	



NOTES:
 1. REFER TO PARTS LIST FOR COMPONENT VALUES.
 2. FOR UNITS 48-54 MC 9 36-42MC, JU2/JU3 IS CONNECTED TO POSITION ②
 FOR UNITS 25-30, 30-36, 42-48 JU2/JU3 IS CONNECTED TO POSITION ①
 3. WIDE BAND ONLY.
 4. DASHED CIRCUITRY USED IN DUAL SQUELCH MODELS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

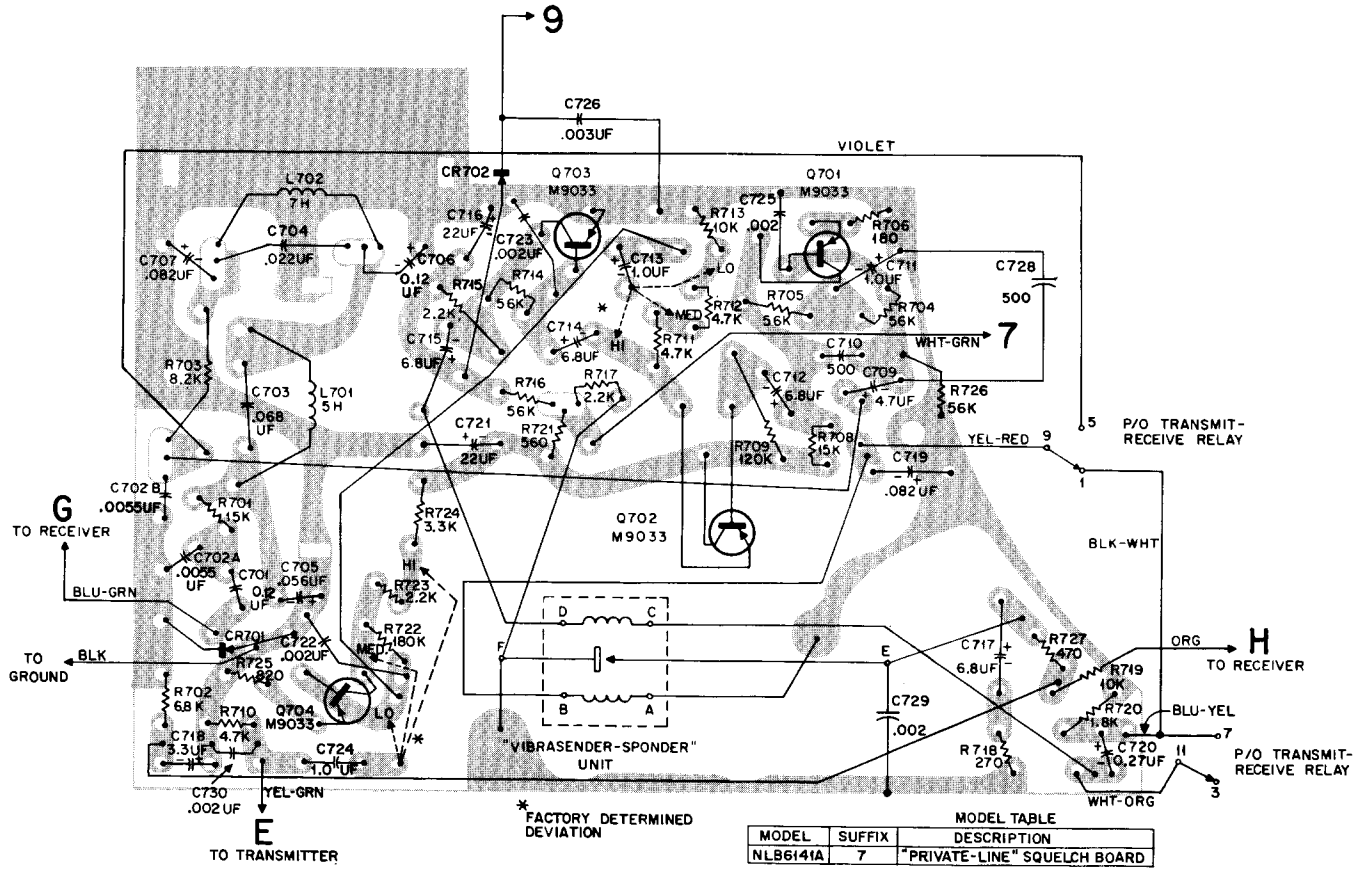


RECEIVER PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD

Speaker-Microphone and Speaker-Handset Models Receiver Printed Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram Motorola No. EPD-8841-K

(Page 32 is blank)

DA6. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION		
a	NRB1121AF-2 NRB1122AF-7 NRB1123AF-6	C83	ADDED 21K861437 (100 uuf)	BOTTOM LEFT OF BOARD		
		C85L	ADDED 21K861426 (2.2 uuf)	TOP RIGHT OF BOARD		
		C34L, 34M, 34H, C34, C305	WERE REF. ITEM	PARTS LIST		
b	NRB1121AA-3 NRB1121AB-3 NRB1121AC-3 NRB1121AD-3	C35L, M 35H, 302L, 302M, 302H	WERE REF. ITEM			
		C35, C302				
c	NRB1121AF-5 NRB1122AF-9 NRB1123AF-8 NRB1121AH-1 NRB1122AH-1 NRB1123AH-1	R61	REMOVED 6K127804 (4.7K) WAS BETWEEN ON POSITION OF "PL" SWITCH AND GROUND	S3		
		C86	REMOVED 21D8277R02 (150 uuf) WAS BETWEEN Q10 COLLECTOR AND ON POSITION OF "PL" SWITCH	Q10 COLLECTOR		
		R49	WAS 6K127803 (1.5K)	Q13 EMITTER		
		R65	ADDED 6K129433 (5.6K)	ABOVE Q12		
		CR12	ADDED 48C82392B03			
d	NRB1121AH-2 NRB1122AH-2 NRB1123AH-2	L11	REMOVED 24V80900A61, 0.62 mH; (WAS BETWEEN JUNCTIONS OF L9, C56 AND C57, 58).	BELOW Q11		
		R69	ADDED 6K127802, 1K (REPLACES L11) WERE 48R869025, M9025			
e	NRB1121AA-6 NRB1122AA-9 NRB1123AA-9 NRB1121AB-6 NRB1122AB-9 NRB1123AB-8 NRB1121AC-6 NRB1122AC-9 NRB1123AC-9 NRB1121AD-6 NRB1122AD-9 NRB1123AD-8	Q12, 13		Q12, 13		
		C63	WAS 23D82397D09, 6.8 uF	LOWER LEFT OF Q12		
		R63, C78	WAS 5K128545, 470 WAS 23D82397D09, 6.8 uF	BELOW T6		
g	NRB1121AA-8 NRB1122AA-11 NRB1123AA-11 NRB1121AB-8 NRB1122AB-11 NRB1123AB-10 NRB1121AC-8 NRB1122AC-11 NRB1123AC-11 NRB1121AD-8 NRB1122AD-11 NRB1123AD-9	C35	WAS 21K861428, 6 uuf	Q2 COLLECTOR		
		R14	WAS 6K127807, 33K	Q2 BASE		
		R15	WAS 6K127804, 4.7K			
		Q2, 301	WERE TYPE M9047			
		Q3, 5	WERE TYPE M9031			
		C302	WAS 21K861428, 6 uuf	BELOW Q301		
		R304, R303	WAS 6K127807, 33K WAS 6K127804, 4.7K			
h	NRB1121AA-8 NRB1122AA-11 NRB1123AA-11 NRB1121AB-8 NRB1122AB-11 NRB1123AB-10 NRB1121AC-8 NRB1122AC-11 NRB1123AC-11 NRB1121AD-8 NRB1122AD-11 NRB1123AD-10	Q1	WAS TYPE M4576			
		C17	WAS 21K861603, 3.3 uuf	Q3 BASE		
			WAS 48R869169, M-9169	TOP CENTER OF BOARD		
			WAS 21K860413	Q9 BASE TO COLL.		
			ADDED	Q8 AND Q10 BASE TO COLL.		
		k	NRB1121AA-10 NRB1122AA-13 NRB1123AA-13 NRB1121AC-10 NRB1122AC-13 NRB1123AC-13	C81	WAS 21K860413	Q9 BASE TO COLL.
				C90, 91	ADDED	Q8 AND Q10 BASE TO COLL.

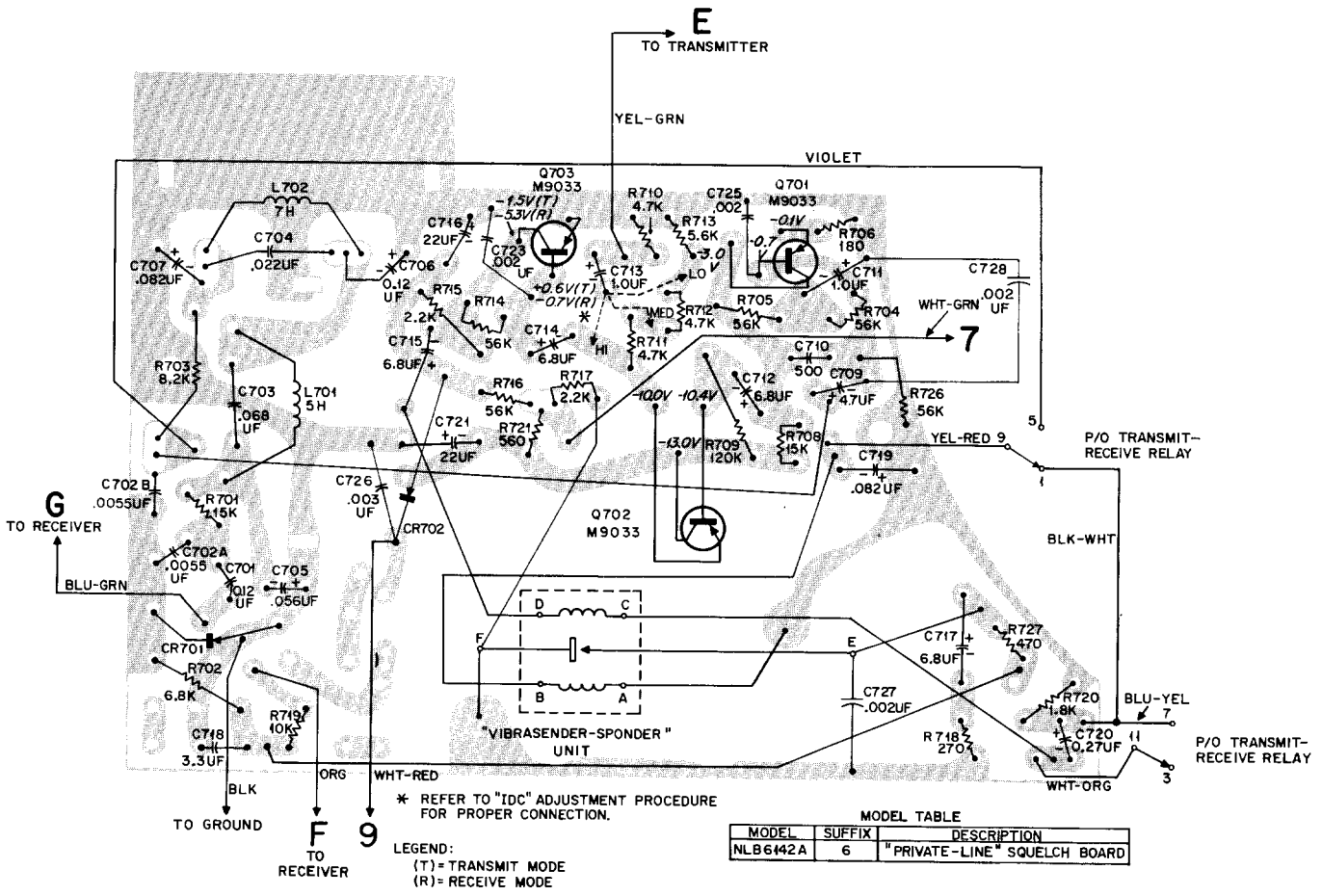


MODEL TABLE		
MODEL	SUFFIX	DESCRIPTION
NLB6141A	7	"PRIVATE-LINE" SQUELCH BOARD

REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
A	NLB6141A-1	C727	ADDED 21K831126 .02 uf	"VIBRASENDER-SPONDER" UNIT CONTACT A
B	NLB6141A-2	R719	WAS 6K127806 (27K)	"VIBRASENDER-SPONDER" RESONANT REED CONTACT E
C	NLB6141A-3	C718	WAS 23D82397D07	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD
D	NLB6141A-3	C729	ADDED	"VIBRASENDER-SPONDER" UNIT CONTACT E
E	NLB6141A-4	R706	WAS 6K129862, 150 OHMS	Q701 EMITTER
F	NLB6141A-5	R726	ADDED 56K OHMS	Q701 BASE
		R727	ADDED 470 OHMS	LOWER RIGHT OF BOARD
G	NLB6141A-6	C702A, 702B	WAS 21B861469, DUAL .01 uf	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD
H	NLB6141A-7	C730	ADDED	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD

Model NLB6141A
 25-42 MC "Private-Line" Printed
 Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram
 Motorola No. EPD-9204-H



REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
A	NLB6142A-1	C727	ADDED 21K831126 .02 uf	"VIBRASENDER-SPONDER" UNIT CONTACT A
B	NLB6142A-2	R719	WAS 6K127906 (27K)	"VIBRASENDER-SPONDER" RESONANT REED CONTACT E
C	NLB6142A-3	C718	WAS 23D82397D07 1 uf	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD
D	NLB6142A-4	R706	WAS 6K129862, 150 OHMS	Q701 EMITTER
		R726	ADDED 56K OHMS	Q701 BASE
E	NLB6142A-5	R727	ADDED 470 OHMS	LOWER RIGHT OF BOARD
F	NLB6142A-6	C702A, 702B	WAS 21B861469, DUAL .01 uf	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD

Model NLB6142A
42-54 MC "Private-Line" Printed
Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram
Motorola No. EPD-9206-F

REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	CHASSIS AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION	REFER TO CIRCUIT BOARD
V	NTB6051AA-3 NTB6053AA-4 NTB6061AA-3 NTB6063AA-4	C154L, 154H, 155L, 155H	WERE 21B861469, DUAL .01 uf	PARTS LIST	XMTR. BD. EPD-8838-G
	NTB6051AB-3 NTB6052AB-3 NTB6053AB-4 NTB6061AB-3 NTB6062AB-3 NTB6063AB-4	C205A, 205B		XMTR F2 OSC, S802B SWITCH	
V1	NRB1151AA-6 NRB1152AA-5 NRB1153AA-5 NRB1151AB-6 NRB1152AB-5 NRB1153AB-5 NRB1151AC-6 NRB1152AC-5 NRB1153AC-5 NRB1151AD-6 NRB1152AD-5 NRB1153AD-5	Q1	WAS 48R134576	PARTS LIST	RCVR. BD. EPD-8978-G EPD-8841-H
V2	NTB6051AA-3 NTB6052AA-2 NTB6053AA-4 NTB6051AB-3 NTB6052AB-3 NTB6053AB-4 NTB6061AA-3 NTB6062AA-2 NTB6063AA-4 NTB6061AB-3 NTB6062AB-3 NTB6063AB-4	L110M, 110H, 210M, 210H L114	WERE 24D82549D02 WAS 24D82549D01	PARTS LIST	NONE
W	NTB6052AA-3 NTB6052AB-4 NTB6062AA-3 NTB6062AB-4	C188L, M	WAS REF. C188	PARTS LIST	NONE
	NLB6121A-2 NLB6122A-2	R401L, M	ADDED 6R6330, 150	RF INPUT TO POWER AMP. (USED IN P31DDC SER- IES ONLY)	
Y	NRB1121AB-9 NRB1122AB-12 NRB1123AB-11 NRB1121AA-9 NRB1122AA-12 NRB1123AA-12 NRB1121AD-9 NRB1122AD-12 NRB1123AD-11 NRB1121AC-9 NRB1122AC-12 NRB1123AC-12		REPLACE THE 455 KC FILTERS, MOD- ELS NFN6004HS & NFN6004AW WITH NFN6006AS AND NFN6006AW RE- SPECTIVELY	PARTS LIST	NONE
Y1	NRB1121AA-9 NRB1122AA-12 NRB1123AA-12 NRB1121AB-9 NRB1122AB-12 NRB1123AB-11 NRB1121AC-9 NRB1122AC-12 NRB1123AC-12 NRB1121AD-9 NRB1122AD-12 NRB1123AD-11	C17 Q3	WAS 21K861603, 3.3 uf WAS 48R869169, M9169	Q3 BASE IF AMP.	RCVR. BD. EPD-8841-J
	NRB1151AA-7 NRB1153AA-6 NRB1151AB-7 NRB1153AB-6 NRB1151AC-7 NRB1153AC-6 NRB1151AD-7 NRB1153AD-6				RCVR. BD. EPD-8978-H
AA	NRB1121AA-10 NRB1122AA-13 NRB1123AA-13 NRB1121AC-10 NRB1122AC-13 NRB1123AC-13 NRB1151AA-8 NRB1152AA-7 NRB1153AA-7 NRB1151AC-8 NRB1152AC-7 NRB1153AC-7	C81 C90, 91	WAS 21K864013 ADDED	PARTS LIST Q8 AND Q10 BASE TO COLL.	EPD-8841 EPD-8978

PARTS LIST for Schematic Diagram 63E81017A21-AA

LEGEND
L = 25-30 MC
M = 30-42 MC
H = 42-54 MC

RECEIVER

NRB1121AA	NRB1121AD	NRB1151AC
NRB1122AA	NRB1122AD	NRB1152AC
NRB1123AA	NRB1123AD	NRB1153AC
NRB1121AB	NRB1151AA	NRB1151AD
NRB1122AB	NRB1152AA	NRB1152AD
NRB1123AB	NRB1153AA	NRB1153AD
NRB1121AC	NRB1151AB	
NRB1122AC	NRB1152AB	
NRB1123AC	NRB1153AB	

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
		<u>CAPACITOR, fixed; uuf ±10%;</u> 75 v; unl. stated
C1L, 1M, 10M	21K861433	36; N150
C1H, 10H, 12H	21K861462	15; N150
C2L, 2H, 32, 59	21D82877B02	150; N1400
C2M, 82	21K868829	220; N1400
C3	21C82450B27	1.5; 500 v
C4L	21K861433	36; N150; handset models
	or 21K861434	40; N150; speaker models
C4M, 5M, 81	21K864013	50; N150
C4H, 34, 305	21K861432	20; N150
C5L	21K861435	70; N150
C5H, 8M, 12M	21D82877B06	30; N150
C6L, 6M, 6H, 9L, 11L	21C82450B30	1.8 ±5%
C7L, 7M, 13L, 13M, 14L, 14M, 21, 27, 31, 37, 75, 77, 301, 303, 306	21K861442	.002 uf +100-20%
C7H, 13H, 14H, 43, 47, 54, 83	21K847065	500 GMV; 250 v
C8L	21D82877B01	24; N150
C8H	21K861431	12; N150
C9H, 11H	21C82450B24	0.47; 500 v
C9M, 11M, 33, 304	21C82450B28	1.0; 500 v
C10L, 12L	21D82877B01 or 21D82877B06	24; N150; handset models 30; N150; speaker models
C15	21D82877B15	120; N150
C16	21K861440	470; N2200
C17	21D82877B17	5 ±5%; N150
C18, 20, 26, 28, 50	21K861444	.02 uf +100-20%
C19	21D82877B14	91; N470
C22, 23	21C82450B22	0.75; 500 v
C24, 25	21K864522	90; N080
C29	21K861429	8; N150
C30	21K865197	25; N150
C33, 304	21C82450B28	1.0; 500 v
C35, 302	21K861427	4; N150
C42, 44, 46, 48, 49, 51, 56, 61, 79, 80	21K861443	.01 uf +100-20%
C52	21D82239E02	800 ±5%; 200 v
C53	23D82397D06	0.22 uf +40-20%; 35 v
C55	23D82397D16	22 uf ±20%; 15 v
C57	21K864457	.002 uf +100-20%
C58, 62	8C82317B03	.03 uf; 50 v
C60	21D82239E03	250 ±5%; 200 v
C63, 78	23D82397D19	2 uf +40-20%; 8 v
C64	23D82397D05	4.7 uf +40-20%; 3 v
C65	23D82397D19	2 uf +40-20%; 8 v
C66, 67, 71	23D82397D17	15 uf ±20%; 20 v
C68	21C82187B16 or 21D82428B09	3000; 100 v (speaker models) 4700; 100 v (handset models)
C69	23D82397D07	1 uf +40-20%; 15 v
C70	23D82397D16	22 uf ±20%; 15 v (speaker models)
C72, 73	23D82397D15	10 uf ±20%; 20 v
C74	23D82397D08	0.15 uf +40-20%; 35 v
C84	8C82317B01	0.1 uf; 100 v
C85L, 85M	21K861426	2.2; N150

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
CR1	48C82363E03	<u>SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE,</u> diode; NOTE I
CR2	48C859464	silicon
CR4, 6, 7	48C82178A01	germanium
CR8, 9, 10	48C82363E02	germanium silicon
L1L, 2L, 3L	24C82765D07	<u>COIL, RF;</u> GRN-RED; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning
L1M, 1H, 2M, 2H, 3M, 3H	24C82765D06	GRN-BRN; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron
L4	24C82765D05	GRN-GR; does not incl 76K847160 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron
L5M, 301M	24C82766D08	BLU-RED; does not incl 76A82686D02 CORE, tuning
L5L, 5H, 301L, 301H	24C82766D04	BLU-GR; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron
L6	24C847920	choke; 9 uh
L9	24B82695D01	limiter; c/o; pri: term. no. 1 and 2 with no. 5 center tap; sec: term. no. 3 and 4
L10	24B82696D01	discriminator; 455 kc; incl tuning core
L12	25B82751D01	choke; 1.5 h
Q1	48R869167	<u>TRANSISTOR; NOTE I</u> P-N-P; type M9167
Q2, 5, 301	48R869168	P-N-P; type M9168
Q3	48R869238	N-P-N; type M9238
Q4	48R869062	N-P-N; type M9062 BLU
Q6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11	48R869057	P-N-P; type M9057
Q12, 13	48R869148	P-N-P; type M9148
Q14	48R869022	N-P-N; type M9022
Q15	48R869028	P-N-P; type M9028
Q16	48R869027	N-P-N; type M9027
R1,14,37,38,304	6K127806	<u>RESISTOR, fixed; ±10%; 1/4 w;</u> unl stated
R2, 9, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 45, 47	6K127804	27K 4.7K
R3, 4, 7	6K129432	820
R5	6K129433	5.6K
R6, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29	6K127807	33K
R8, 52, 57	6K127801	470
R10, 59	6K129775	330
R11, 31	6K128685	22K
R12	6K129225	10K
R13,32,39,44	6K128688	2.7K
R15, 303	6K128687	6.8K
R16, 17, 34,61, 301, 302	6K127802	1K
R33, 50	6K128689	2.2K
R43, 60	6K128904	18K
R46	6K129144	68K
R49	6K127803	1.5K
R51	6K129233	47
R53	6K129433	5.6K; handset models 4.7K; speaker models-
	or 6K127804	27K; speaker models
R54, 55	6K127806	150
R58	6K129862	1.8K; 1/10 w
R63	6K129269	100; handset models
R64	6K129753	
T1L	24C82767D06	<u>TRANSFORMER;</u> GRN-BLK; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning
T1M, 1H	24C82767D03	GRN-ORG; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron
T2L	24C82767D07	GRN-VIO; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning
T2M, 2H	24C82767D04	GRN-GRN; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron
T3, 5	24C82767D05	GRN-BLU; does not incl 76K847160 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
T4	24C82207G01	RED-RED; does not incl 76K847160 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron
T6	25B82699D01	audio input; BLU dot; c/o; pri: coil res. 1340; impd. 10K
T7	25B82893E01	sec: coil res. 348; impd. 1K audio; pri: impd. 1200; res. 125; sec: impd. 120; res. 12
Y1, 301	YM45	<u>CRYSTAL UNIT, quartz;</u> NOTE II
Y2	YN	25-42 mc 42-54 mc 5.245 or 6.155 mc

NLN6234A Resistor Kit (Wide Channel Spacing)

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
C81, 90, 91	21K865197	<u>CAPACITOR, fixed;</u> 50 ±10%; 75 v; N150
C83	21K847065	500 GMV; 250 v
R35, 36	6K128563	<u>RESISTOR, fixed; ±10%; 1/10 w</u> unl stated 15K

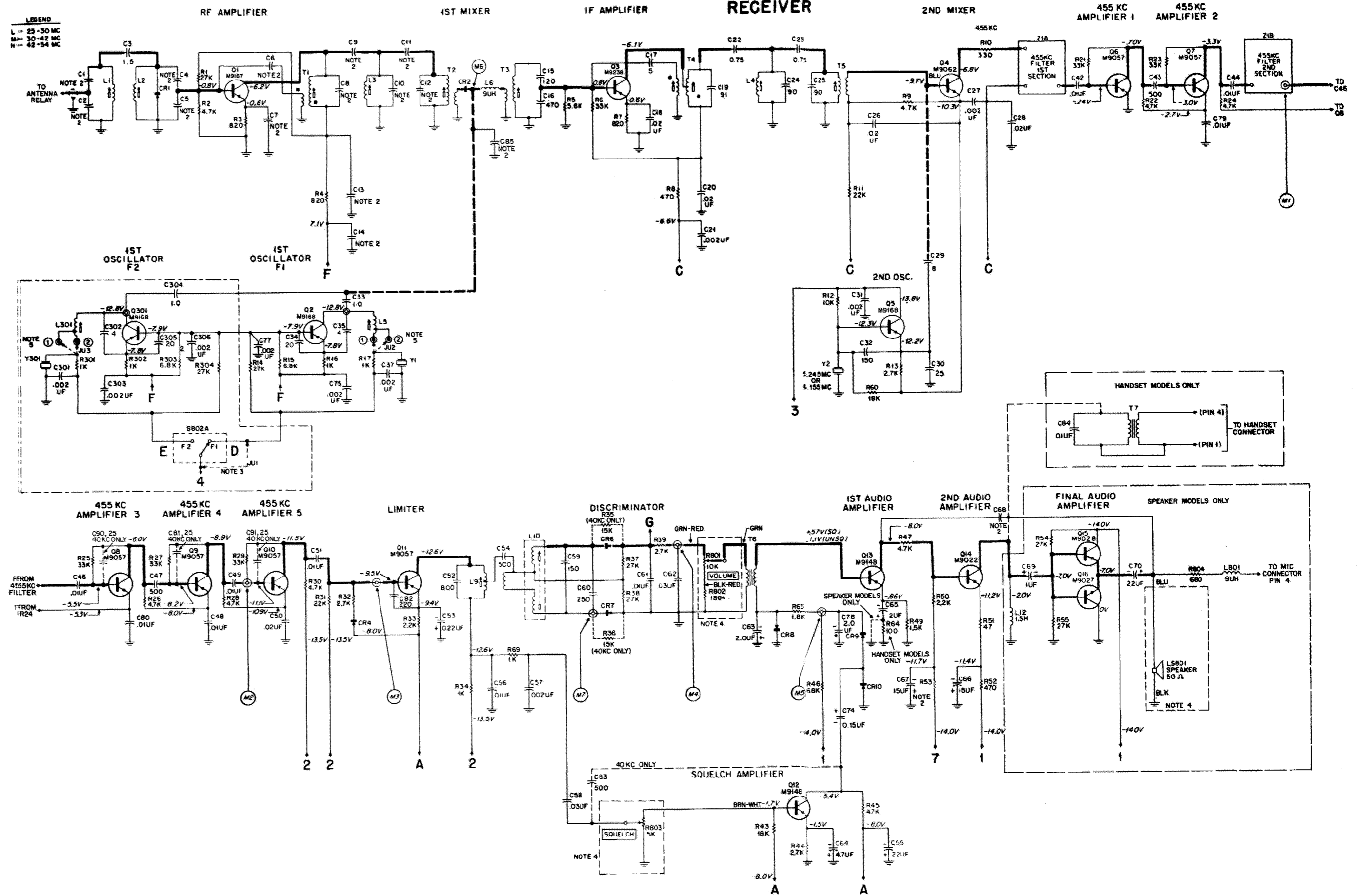
FILTER

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
Z1	NFN6006AS NFN6006AW	<u>FILTER, IF;</u> bandpass; 20 kc bandpass; 40 kc
NON-REFERENCED ITEMS		
	26B82671D01 14A82271E01	SHIELD, coil: 10 req'd INSULATOR, coil shield; used with L1, 2, 3, 5, T1, 2

NOTES:

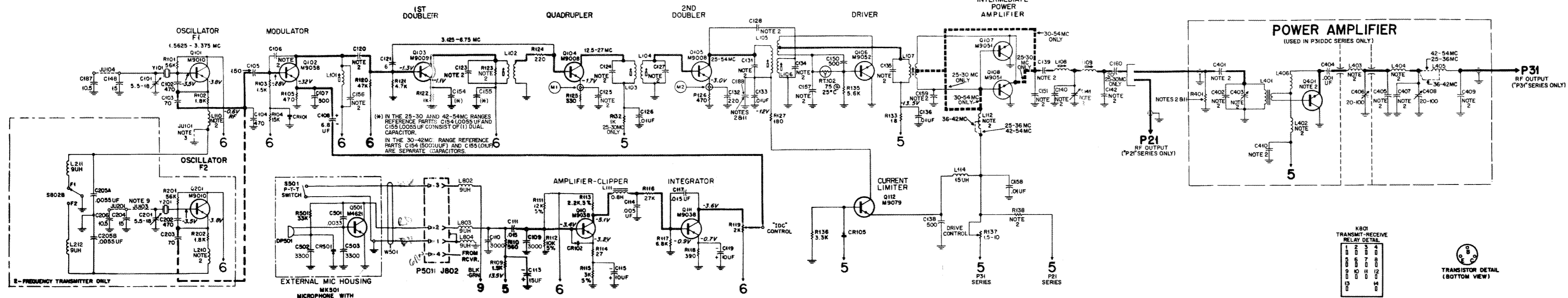
- UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED: RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, ±10%, 1/4 WATT, K=1000. ALL CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROMICROFARADS.
- REFER TO PARTS LIST FOR COMPONENT VALUE.
- USED IN SINGLE FREQUENCY MODELS ONLY.
- PART OF HOUSING.
- REFER TO RECEIVER PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD AND WIRING DIAGRAM FOR PROPER TAP.
- ALL VOLTAGE READINGS REFERENCED TO CHASSIS GROUND. DC READINGS TAKEN WITH A MOTOROLA DC MULTIMETER.
- FREQUENCY CALCULATIONS:
TRANSMITTER: $f_0 = \frac{f_c}{16}$
RECEIVER: $f_c =$ CARRIER FREQUENCY (25-54 MC)
 $f_{01} =$ 1ST OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (30.7-48.3 MC)
 $f_{02} =$ 2ND OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (REFER TO CHART ON BLOCK DIAGRAM)
 $f_1 =$ 1ST INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (5.7 MC)
 $f_2 =$ 2ND INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (455 KC)
 $f_{01} = f_c + f_1$ (25-42 MC)
 $f_{02} = f_c - f_1$ (42-54 MC)
- HANDSET MODELS ONLY.
- JU103 MAY OR MAY NOT EXIST DEPENDING UPON OPERATING FREQUENCY.
- REFER TO BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING SECTION OF THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR LOCATION OF FUSE.
- NOT USED IN 42-54 MC RANGE.

EPD-8874-C



Carrier Squelch Schematic Diagram Motorola No. 63E81017A21-AA (Sheet 1 of 2)

TRANSMITTER



TRANSMITTERS

SERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	FREQUENCY RANGE	RF POWER OUTPUT
NTB6050AA	NTB6051AA	3	1	25-30 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6052AA	3	1	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AA	4	1	42-54 MC	1.4 W
NTB6051AB	NTB6051AB	3	2	25-30 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6052AB	4	2	30-42 MC	1.4 W
NTB6053AB	NTB6053AB	4	2	42-54 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6061AA	3	1	25-30 MC	5 W
NTB6062AA	NTB6062AA	3	1	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AA	4	1	42-54 MC	5 W
NTB6061AB	NTB6061AB	4	2	25-30 MC	5 W
	NTB6062AB	3	2	30-42 MC	5 W
NTB6063AB	NTB6063AB	4	2	42-54 MC	5 W

CONTROL PANELS

MODEL NUMBER	SUFFIX	XMTR. FREQ.	RCVR. FREQ.	HANDSET	SPEAKER	MICROPHONE	RF POWER OUTPUT
NGN6023A	1	1	X				1.4 W
NGN6025A	2	1	X				1.4 W
NGN6026A	2	2	X				1.4 W
NCN6039A	1	1		X	X	X	1.4 W
NCN6041A	2	1		X	X	X	1.4 W
NCN6043A	2	2		X	X	X	1.4 W
NCN6044A	1	1		X	X	X	1.4 W
NCN6045A	1	1		X	X	X	5 W
NCN6047A	2	1		X	X	X	5 W
NCN6049A	2	2		X	X	X	5 W
NCN6052A	1	1	X	X	X	X	1.4 W
NCN6054A	2	2	X	X	X	X	1.4 W
NCN6056A	1	1	X	X	X	X	5 W
NCN6058A	2	1	X	X	X	X	5 W
NCN6060A	2	2	X	X	X	X	5 W

RECEIVERS

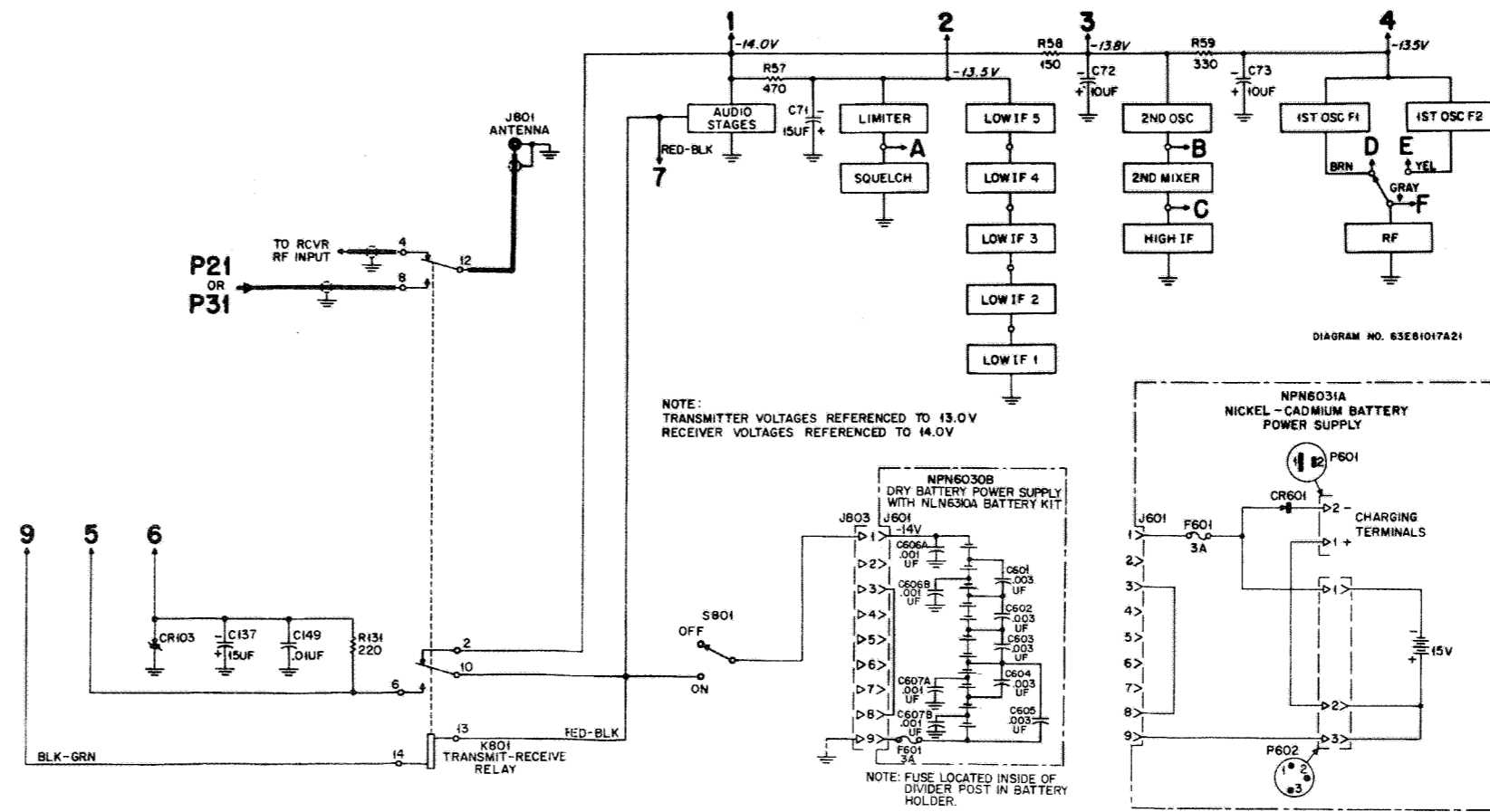
SERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	CHANNEL SPACING	FREQUENCY RANGE	USED WITH
NRB1120AA	NRB1122AA	10	1	40 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1123AA	13	1	40 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1124AA	13	1	40 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1120AB	NRB1121AB	9	1	20 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1122AB	12	1	20 KC	30-52 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1120AC	NRB1123AC	11	1	20 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1124AC	10	2	40 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1120AD	NRB1122AD	13	2	40 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1123AD	13	2	40 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1120AE	NRB1121AE	9	2	20 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1122AE	12	2	20 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1120AF	NRB1123AF	11	2	20 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1124AF	10	2	40 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1150AA	NRB1152AA	7	1	40 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1153AA	7	1	40 KC	42-54 MC	HANDSET ONLY
NRB1150AB	NRB1151AB	7	1	20 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1152AB	6	1	20 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
NRB1150AC	NRB1153AB	6	1	20 KC	42-54 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1151AC	8	2	40 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
NRB1150AD	NRB1152AC	7	2	40 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1153AC	7	2	40 KC	42-50 MC	HANDSET ONLY
NRB1150AE	NRB1151AD	7	2	20 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1152AD	6	2	20 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
NRB1150AF	NRB1153AD	6	2	20 KC	42-54 MC	HANDSET ONLY

POWER AMPLIFIERS

MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	FREQUENCY RANGE
NLB6121A	2	25-30 MC
NLB6122A	2	30-42 MC
NLB6123A	1	42-54 MC

POWER SUPPLIES

MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	TYPE OF BATTERIES
NPN6030B		DRY
NPN6031A		NICKEL-CADMNIUM



REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	CHASSIS AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION	REFER TO CIRCUIT BOARD
V	NRB1121AF-9 NRB1122AF-12 NRB1123AF-11 NRB1151AF-6 NRB1152AF-5 NRB1153AF-5	C63, 78 R63	WERE 23D82397D07, 6, 8 uf WAS 6K128545, 470	Q13 BASE CIRCUIT	EPD-8978-E
V1	NLB6141A-3	C728 C729	ADDED 21K861441, 500 uuf ADDED 21K861442	Q701 BASE "VIBRA- SENDER - SPONDER" UNIT	EPD-9204-D
W	NTB6051AC-1 NTB6051AD-1 NTB6061AC-1 NTB6061AD-1	C151L R139L C159L	WAS 21K861432, 20 uuf ADDED 6K127802, 1K REMOVED 21K861434, 40 uuf; WAS BETWEEN Q108 BASE AND GROUND	PARTS LIST Q112 COLLECTOR Q108 BASE	EPD-8838-E
W1	NTB6051AC-1 NTB6051AD-1 NTB6061AC-1 NTB6061AD-1	C151L R139L C159L C188	REMOVED REMOVED 1K; WAS CONNECTED ACROSS Q112 EMITTER AND COLLECTOR ADDED ADDED	PARTS LIST Q112 CURRENT LIMITER Q108 BASE CIRCUIT Q105 COLLECTOR CIRCUIT	EPD-8838-F
Y	NLB6141A-4 NLB6142A-4	R706 R726	WAS 6K129862, 150 OHMS ADDED 56K	Q701 EMITTER Q701 BASE	"PL" SQUELCH BD, EPD-9204-E, EPD-9206-D
Z	NLB6141A-5 NLB6142A-5	R727	ADDED 470 OHMS	"VIBRASEND- ER-SPOND- ER"	"PL" SQUELCH BD, EPD-9204-F, EPD-9206-E
AA	NRB1121AF-10 NRB1122AF-13 NRB1123AF-12 NRB1121AH-6 NRB1122AH-5 NRB1123AH-5 NRB1151AF-7 NRB1152AF-6 NRB1153AF-6	C34 C35 R14 R15 Q2, 301 Q3, 5 C305 C302 R304 R303	WAS C34L, 20 uuf C34M, 30 uuf C34H, 30 uuf WAS 21K861428, 6 uuf WAS 6K127807, 33K WAS 6K127804, 4.7K WERE 48R869047 WERE 48R869031 WAS C305L, 20 uuf C305M, 30 uuf C305H, 30 uuf WAS 21K861428, 6 uuf WAS 6K127807, 33K WAS 6K127804, 4.7K	PARTS LIST Q2 EMITTER Q2 BASE RCVR. BD, EPD-8841-G PARTS LIST Q301 EMITTER Q301 BASE	RCVR. BD, EPD-8978-F
AB	NLB6141A-6 NLB6142A-6 NTB6061AC-2 NTB6063AC-3 NTB6061AD-2 NTB6062AD-2 NTB6063AD-3 NTB6051AD-2 NTB6052AD-2 NTB6053AD-3	C702A, 702B C154L, 154H, 155L, 155H C205A, 205B	WAS 21B861469, DUAL .01 uf WERE 21B861469, DUAL .01 uf	Q701 BASE CIRCUIT PARTS LIST XMTR F2 OSC, S802B SWITCH	"PL" SQUELCH BD, EPD-9204-G, EPD-9206-F XMTR. BD, EPD-8838-G
AB1	NRB1121AH-6 NRB1122AH-5 NRB1123AH-5	Q1	WAS 48R134576	PARTS LIST	RCVR. BD EPD-8841-H
AB2	NTB6051AC-2 NTB6052AC-1 NTB6053AC-3 NTB6061AC-2 NTB6062AC-1 NTB6063AC-3	L110M, 110H, 210M, 210H L114	WERE 24D82549D02 WAS 24D82549D01	PARTS LIST	NONE
AC	NLB6141A-7	C730	ADDED .002 uf	Q704 COLLEC- TOR CIRCUIT- RY	"PRIVATE- LINE" BD, EPD-9204-H
AD	NTB6052AC-2 NTB6052AD-3 NTB6062AC-2 NTB6062AD-3 NLB6121A-2 NLB6122A-2	C188L, M R401L, M	WAS REF. C188 ADDED 6R6330, 150	PARTS LIST RF INPUT TO POWER AMP. (USED IN P31DDC SER- IES ONLY)	NONE
AE	NRB1121AF-11 NRB1122AF-14 NRB1123AF-13 NRB1121AH-7 NRB1122AH-6 NRB1123AH-6 NRB1151AF-8 NRB1152AF-7 NRB1153AF-7		REPLACED 455 KC IF FILTER NFN6004AS WITH NFN6006AS	PARTS LIST	NONE
AE1	NRB1121AF-11 NRB1122AF-14 NRB1123AF-13 NRB1121AH-7 NRB1122AH-6 NRB1123AH-6 NRB1151AF-8 NRB1152AF-7	C17 Q3	WAS 21K861603, 3.3 uuf WAS 48R869169, M9169	Q3 BASE IF AMP.	RCVR. BD, EPD-8841-J

PARTS LIST for Schematic Diagram 63E81017A22- AE1

LEGEND

L = 25-30 MC
M = 30-42 MC
H = 42-54 MC

NRB1121AF, NRB1151AF Receiver Circuit Board (25-30 MC) 1-Freq.
NRB1122AF, NRB1152AF Receiver Circuit Board (30-42 MC) 1-Freq.
NRB1123AF, NRB1153AF Receiver Circuit Board (42-54 MC) 1-Freq.
NRB1151AH Receiver Circuit Board (25-30 MC) 2-Freq.
NRB1152AH Receiver Circuit Board (30-42 MC) 2-Freq.
NRB1153AH Receiver Circuit Board (42-54 MC) 2-Freq.

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
C1L, 1M, 13M C1H, 10H, 12H, 30 C2L, 2H, 32, 59 C2M, 82 C3 C4L C4M, 5M C4H, 34, 305 C5L C5H, 8M, 12M, C7L, 7M, 13L, 13M, 14L, 14M, 21, 27, 31, 37, 75, 77, 301, 303, 306 C7H, 13H, 14H, 43, 47, 54 C8L C8H C6L, 6M, 6H, 9L, 11L C9M, 11M, 33, 304 C9H, 11H C10L, 12L C15 C16 C17 C18, 20, 26, 28, 50 C19 C22, 23 C24, 25 C29 C30 C33, 304 C34L, 305L C35, 302 C42, 44, 44, 48, 49, 51, 56, 61, 79, 80 C52 C53 C55 C57 C58, 62 C60 C63, 78 C64 C65 C66, 67, 71 C68 C69 C70 C72, 73 C74 C76 C83 C84 C85L, 85M	21K861433 21K861462 21D82877B02 21K868829 21C82450B27 21K861433 or 21K861434 21K864013 21K861432 21K861435 21D82877B06 21K861442 21K847065 21D82877B01 21K861431 21C82450B30 21C82450D28 21C82450B24 21D82877B01 or 21D82877B06 21D82877B15 21K861440 21D82877B17 21K861444 21D82877B14 21C82450B22 21K864522 21K861429 21K865197 21C82450B28 21K861432 21K861427 21D82239E02 23C82397D06 21K864457 8C82317B03 21D82239E03 23D82397D19 23D82397D05 23D82397D19 23D82397D17 21C82187B16 or 21D82428B09 23D82397D07 23D82397D16 23D82397D15 23D82397D08 8C82317B06 21K861437 8C82317B01 21K861426	CAPACITOR, fixed: uuf ±10%; 75 v; unl stated 36; N150 15; N150 150; N1400 220; N1400 1.5; 500 v 36; N150; handset models 40; N150; speaker models 50; N150 20; N150 70; N150 30; N150 .002 uf +100-20% 500 GMV; 250 v 24; N150 12; N150 1.8 ±5%; 500 v 1.0; 500 v 0.47; 500 v 24; N150; handset models 30; N150; speaker models 120; N150 470; N2200 5 ±5%; N150 .02 uf +100-20% 91; N470 0.75; 500 v 90; N080 8; N150 25; N150 1.0; 500 v 20; N150 4; N150 .01 uf +100-20% 800 ±5%; 200 v 0.22 uf +40-20%; 35 v 22 uf ±20%; 15 v .002 uf +100-20% .03 uf; 50 v 250 ±5%; 200 v 2 uf +40-20%; 8 v 4.7 uf +40-20%; 3 v 2 uf +40-20%; 8 v 15 uf ±20%; 20 v 3000; 100 v (speaker models) 4700; 100 v (handset models) 1 uf +40-20%; 15 v 22 uf ±20%; 15 v (speaker models) 10 uf ±20%; 20 v 0.15 uf +40-20%; 35 v .0082 uf; 100 v 100; N2200 0.1 uf; 100 v 2.2; N150

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
CR1 CR2 CR4, 6, 7 CR8, 9, 10 CR12 L1L, 2L, 3L L1M, 1H, 2M, 2H, 3M, 3H L4 L5L, 5H, 30L, 301H L5M, 301M L6 L9 L10 L12 L13 Q1 Q2, 5, 301 Q3 Q4 Q6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 Q12, 13 Q14 Q15 Q16 R1,1,4,37,38,304 R2, 9, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 45, 47 R3, 4, 7 R5, 65 R6, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29 R8, 49, 52, 57 R10, 59 R11, 31 R12 R13,32,39,44 R15, 303 R16,17,34,69, 301, 302 R33, 50 R43, 60 R46, 68 R51 R53 R54, 55 R58 R63 R64 T1L T1M, 1H T2L T2M, 2H	48C82363E03 48C859464 48C82178A01 48C82363E02 48C82392B03 24C82765D07 24C82765D06 24C82765D05 24C82766D04 24C82766D08 24C847920 24B82695D01 24B82696D01 25B82751D01 48C82392B03 48R869167 48R869168 48R869238 48K869062 48R869057 48R869148 48R869022 48R869028 48R869027 6K127806 6K127804 6K129432 6K129433 6K127807 6K127801 6K129775 6K128685 6K129225 6K128688 6K128687 6K127802 6K128689 6K128904 6K129144 6K129233 6K129433 or 6K127804 6K127806 6K129862 6K129269 6K129753 24C82767D06 24C82767D03 24C82767D07 24C82767D04	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, diode; NOTE I silicon germanium germanium silicon silicon COIL, RF: GRN-RED; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron GRN-BRN; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron GRN-ORG; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron BLU-GRAY; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron BLU-RED; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron choke; 9 uh limiter; c/o pri: term. No. 1 and 2 with No. 5 center tap sec: term. No. 3 and 4 discriminator; 455 kc; incl. tuning core choke; 1.5 h silicon TRANSISTOR; NOTE I P-N-P; type M9167 P-N-P; type M9168 P-N-P; type M9238 N-P-N; type M9062; BLU P-N-P; type M9057 P-N-P; type M9148 N-P-N; type M9022 P-N-P; type M9028 N-P-N; type M9027 RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1/4 w; unl stated 27K 4.7K 820 5.6K 33K 470 330 22K 10K 2.7K 6.8K 1K 2.2K 18K 68K 47 5.6K; handset models 4.7K; speaker models 27K; speaker models 150 1.8K; 1/10 w 470; handset models TRANSFORMER, GRN-BLK; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron GRN-ORG; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron GRN-VIO; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron GRN-GRN; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
T3, 5	24C82767D05	GRN-BLU; does not incl. 76K847164 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron
T4	24C82207G01	RED-RED; does not incl. 76K847164 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron
T6	1V80729A40	ASSY. audio input; GRN dot; c/o; pri: coil res. 1K; imped. 10K; sec: coil res. 200 imped. 1, 2K
T7	25B82893E01	audio: pri: imped. 1200; res. 125; sec: imped. 120; res. 12
Y1	YM45 or YM46	CRYSTAL UNIT, quartz; NOTE II 25-42 mc 42-54 mc
Y2	YN	5.245 or 6.155 mc

FILTER

Z1	NFN6006AS	FILTER, IF: bandpass
NON-REFERENCED ITEMS		
	26B82671D01 14A82271E01	SHIELD, coil: 10 req'd INSULATOR, coil shield: used with L1, 2, 3, 5, T1, 2

NLB6141A "Private-Line" Squelch Deck (25-42 MC)
NLB6142A "Private-Line" Squelch Deck (42-54 MC)

C701 C702 C702A C702B C703 C704 C705 C706 C707, 719 C709 C710 C711, 713, 724 C712, 714 C715, 717 C716, 721 C718, C720 C722,723,729,730 C726 C727 C728 CR701 CR702 L701 L702 Q701, 702, 703, 704 R701, 708 R702 R703 R704, 705, 714, 716 R706 R709 R710,711,712 R713 R715,717,723 R718 R719 R720 R721 R722 R724 R725 R726 R727	23D82397D20 21C82724H01 23D82397D11 23D82397D13 23D82397D10 23D82397D12 23D82397D14 23D82397D05 21K847065 23D82397D07 23D82397D23 23D82397D09 23D82397D16 23D82397D28 23D82397D25 21K861442 21K858108 21K831126 21K861441 48C82392B03 48C82187A01 25C82750D01 25C82750D02 48R869033 6S127805 6K128687 6S128686 6K129242 6K129662 6K128987 6S127804 6K128558 6S128689 6S129752 6K129225 6S129269 6K129620 6K129229 6K129231 6K129432 6K128570 6K128545 or 6K127801	CAPACITOR, fixed: uf; ±10%; unl stated 0.12 ±20%; 35 v; non-polarized dual sect.; c/o; .0055 +100-20%; 75 v .0055 +100-20%; 75 v .068; 35 v .022; 6 v .056; 35 v 0.12; 20 v .082; 20 v 4.7 +40-20%; 3 v 500 uuf GMV; 250 v 1 +40-20%; 15 v 6.8 ±20%; 20 v 6.8 +40-20%; 10 v 22 ±20%; 15 v 3.3 ±20%; 20 v 0.27; 20 v .002 +100-20%; 75 v .003 ±25%; 250 v .002 GMV; 300 v 500 uuf; 75 v; N4700 SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, diode; NOTE I silicon germanium COIL, RF: choke: 5 h 7 h TRANSISTOR; NOTE I P-N-P; type M9033 RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1/4 w; unl stated 15K 6.8K 8.2K 56K 180 120K 4.7K 5.6K; 1/10 w 2.2K 270 10K 1.8K 560 180K 3.3K 820 56K; 1/10 w 470; 1/10 w (NLB6141A) 470; (NLB6142A)
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TRANSMITTERS					
SERIES	MODEL NO	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	FREQUENCY RANGE	RF POWER OUTPUT
NTB6050AC	NTB6051AC	2	1	25-30 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6052AC	2	1	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AC	3	1	42-54 MC	1.4 W
NTB6050AD	NTB6051AD	2	2	25-30 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6052AD	3	2	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AD	3	2	42-54 MC	1.4 W
NTB6060AC	NTB6061AC	2	1	25-30 MC	5 W
	NTB6062AC	2	1	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AC	3	1	42-54 MC	5 W
NTB6060AD	NTB6061AD	2	2	25-30 MC	5 W
	NTB6062AD	3	2	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AD	3	2	42-54 MC	5 W

RECEIVERS						
SERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	CHANNEL SPACING	FREQUENCY RANGE	USED WITH
NRB1120AF	NRB1121AF	11	1	20 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1122AF	14	1	20 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1123AF	13	1	20 KC	42-54 MC	HANDSET ONLY
NRB1150AF	NRB1151AF	8	1	20 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1152AF	7	1	20 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1153AF	7	1	20 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1120AH	NRB1121AH	7	2	20 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1122AH	6	2	20 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1123AH	6	2	20 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER

POWER SUPPLIES		
MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	TYPE OF BATTERIES
NPN6030B		DRY
NPN6031A		NICKEL-CADMIUM

"PRIVATE-LINE" DECK	
MODEL	CHASSIS SUFFIX
NLB6141A	6
NLB6142A	6

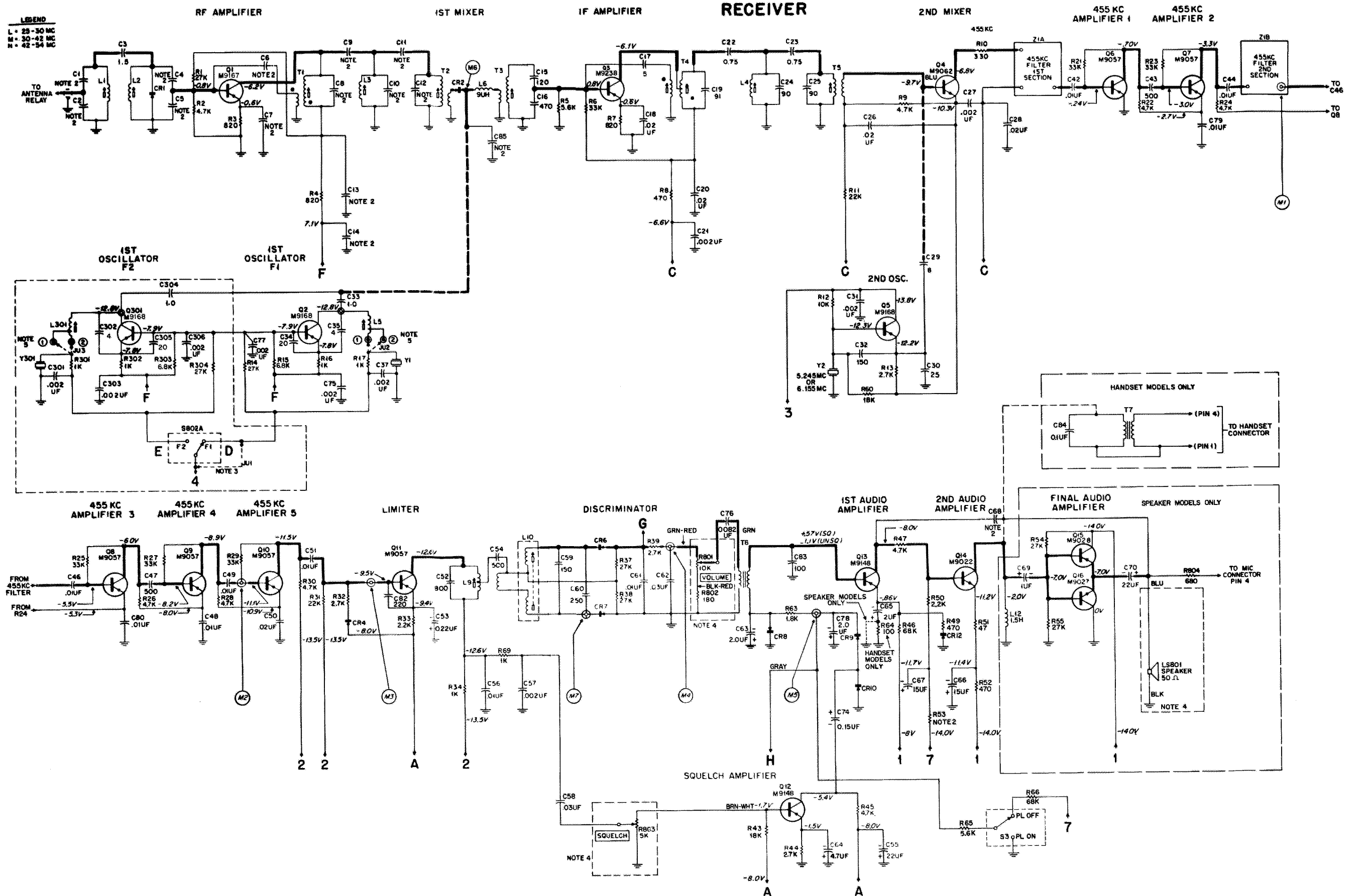
POWER AMPLIFIERS		
MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	FREQUENCY RANGE
NLB6121A	2	25-30 MC
NLB6122A	2	30-42 MC
NLB6123A		42-54 MC

CONTROL PANELS							
MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	XMTN. FREQ.	RCVR. FREQ.	HANDSET	SPEAKER	MICROPHONE	RF POWER OUTPUT
NGN6024A	1	1	1	X			1.4 W
NGN6040A	1	1	1		X	X	1.4 W
NCN6042A	1	2	1		X	X	1.4 W
NCN6046A	1	1	1		X	X	5 W
NCN6048A	1	2	1		X	X	5 W
NCN6050A	1	2	2		X	X	1.4 W
NCN6051A	1	2	2		X	X	5 W
NCN6053A	1	2	1	X	X		1.4 W
NCN6055A	1	2	2	X	X		1.4 W
NCN6057A	1	1	1	X	X		5 W
NCN6059A	1	2	1	X	X		5 W
NCN6061A	1	2	2	X	X		5 W
NCN6065A	1	2	2	X	X		1.4 W

NOTES:

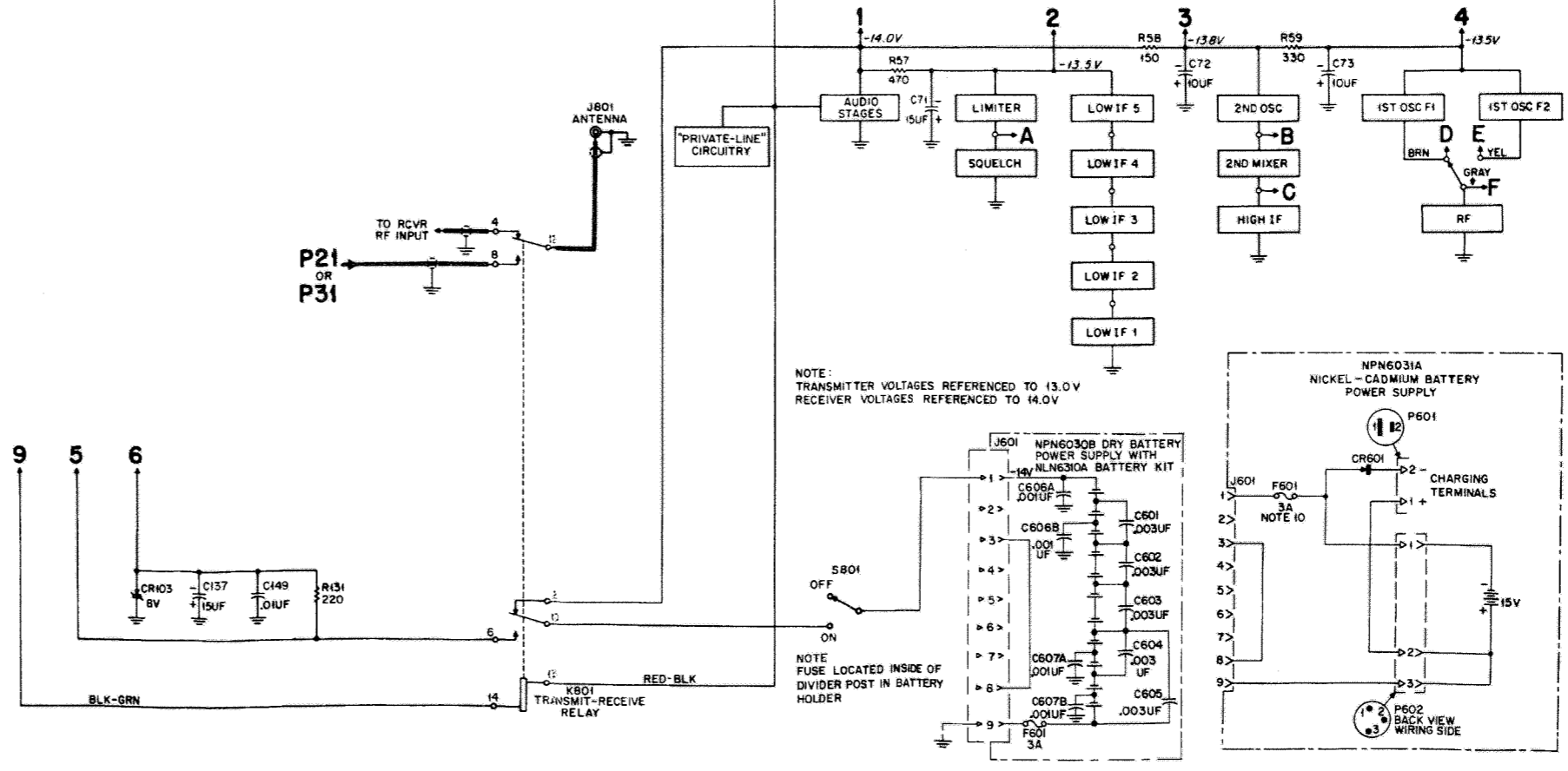
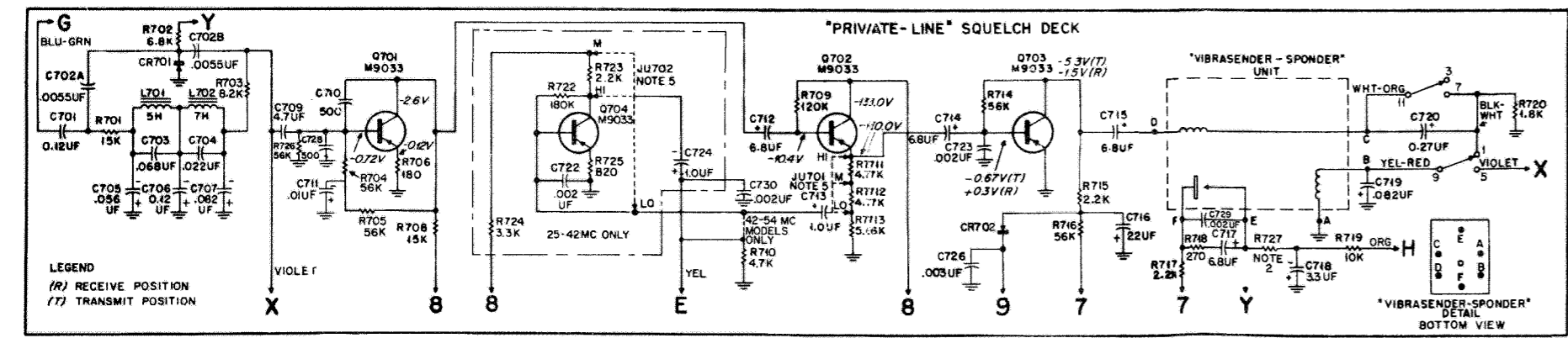
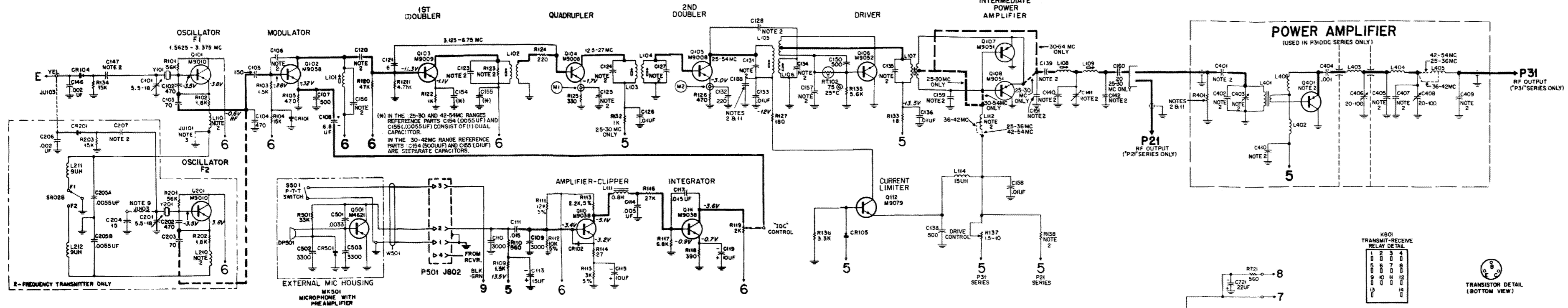
- UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED: RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, ±10%, 1/4 WATT, K=1000. ALL CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROMICROFARADS.
- REFER TO PARTS LIST FOR COMPONENT VALUE.
- USED IN SINGLE FREQUENCY MODELS ONLY.
- PART OF HOUSING.
- REFER TO RECEIVER PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD AND WIRING DIAGRAM FOR PROPER TAP.
- ALL VOLTAGE READINGS REFERENCED TO CHASSIS GROUND. DC READINGS TAKEN WITH A MOTOROLA DC MULTIMETER.
- FREQUENCY CALCULATIONS:
 TRANSMITTER: $f_c = \frac{f}{16}$
 RECEIVER: $f_c =$ CARRIER FREQUENCY (25-54 MC)
 $f_{01} =$ 1ST OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (30.7-48.3 MC)
 $f_{02} =$ 2ND OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (REFER TO CHART ON BLOCK DIAGRAM)
 $f_1 =$ 1ST INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (5.7 MC)
 $f_2 =$ 2ND INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (455 KC)
 $f_{01} = f_c + f_1$ (25-42 MC)
 $f_{02} = f_c - f_1$ (42-54 MC)
- HANDSET MODELS ONLY.
- JU103 MAY OR MAY NOT EXIST DEPENDING UPON OPERATING FREQUENCY.
- REFER TO BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING SECTION OF THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR LOCATION OF FUSE.
- NOT USED IN 42-54 MC RANGE.

EPD-8874-C



25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" Radio Set
 Dual Squelch "Private-Line"
 Schematic Diagram
 Motorola No. 63E81017A22-AE1
 (Sheet 1 of 2)

TRANSMITTER



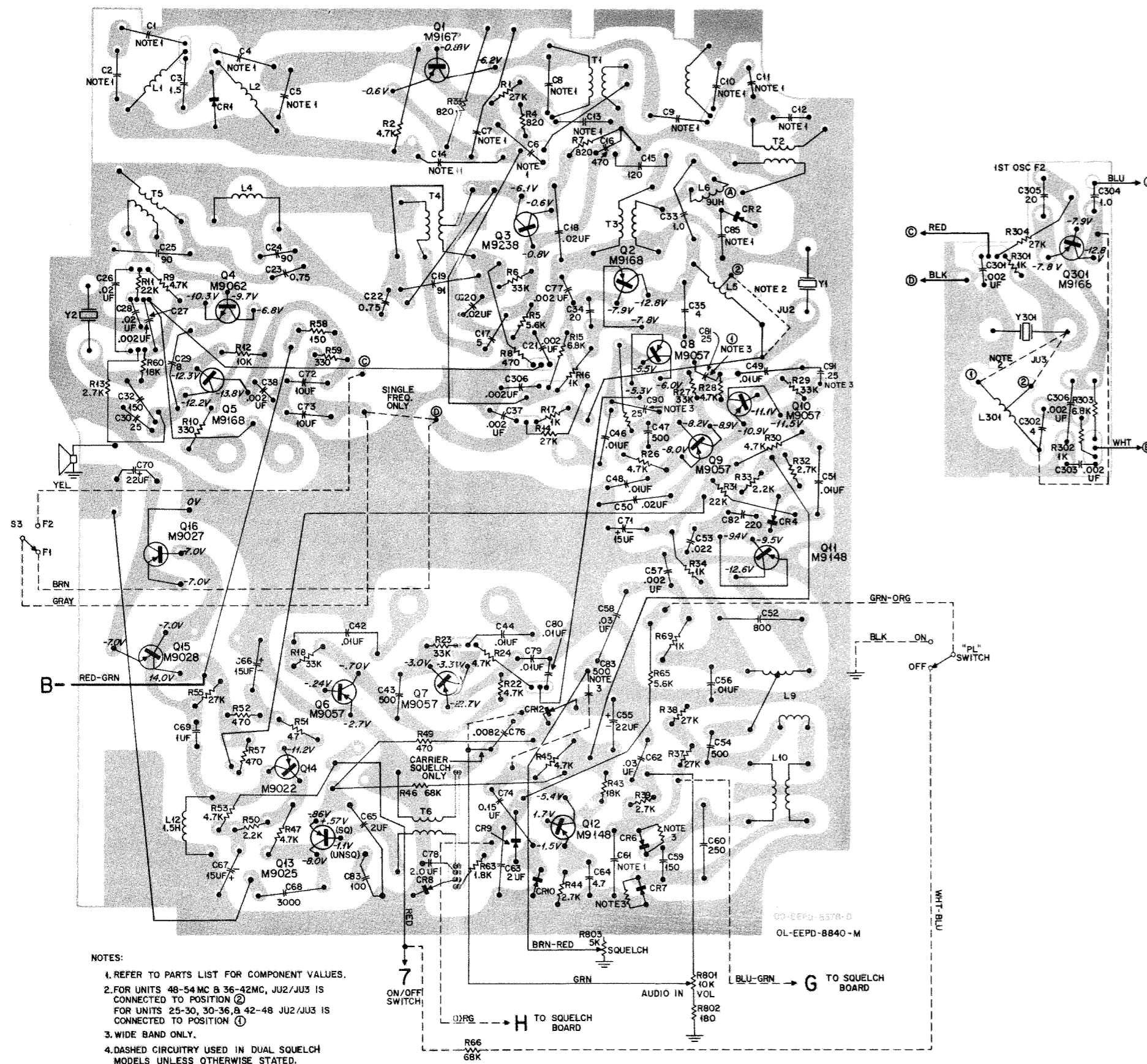
25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" Radio Set
Dual Squelch "Private-Line"
Schematic Diagram
Motorola No. 63E81017A22-AE1
(Sheet 2 of 2)

MANUAL REVISIONS AND ADDENDA

For 68P81017A20-C

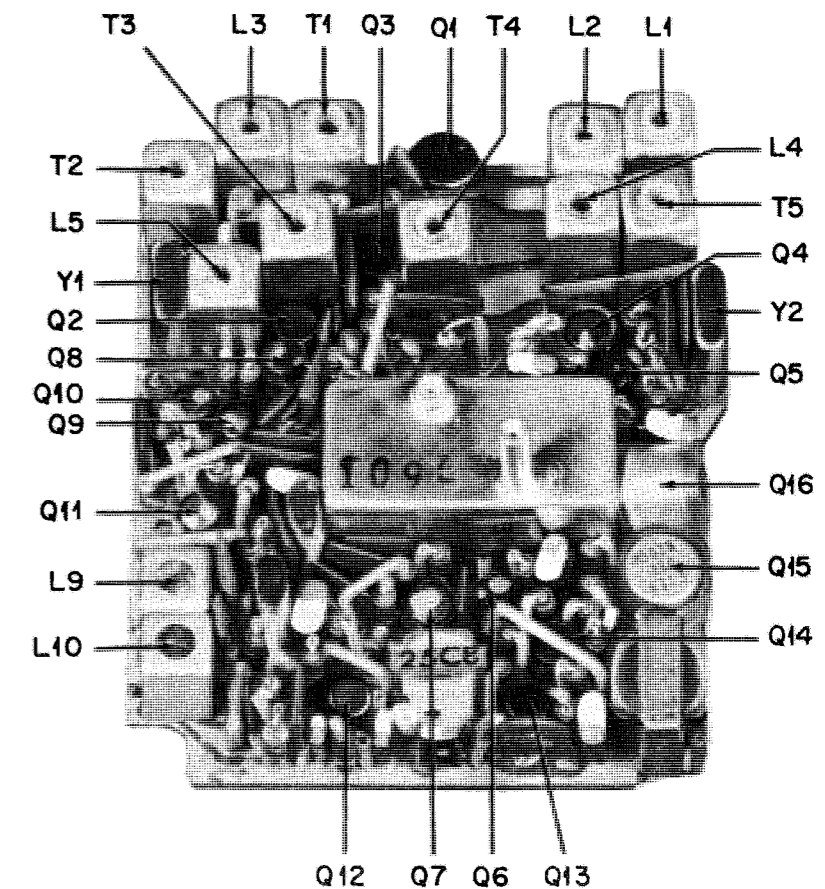
Replace EPD-8841 with this EPD-8841-L.

MODEL TABLE (SPEAKER MODELS)			
MODEL SERIES	NO. OF FREQ	CHANNEL WIDTH	TYPE OF CARRIER
NRB1120AA		40 KC	DUAL
NRB1120AB		20 KC	
NRB1120AC		40 KC	
NRB1120AD		20 KC	
NRB1120AF	1	20 KC	
NRB1120AH	2	20 KC	



- NOTES:
- REFER TO PARTS LIST FOR COMPONENT VALUES.
 - FOR UNITS 48-54MC & 36-42MC, JU2/JU3 IS CONNECTED TO POSITION (2) FOR UNITS 25-30, 30-36, & 42-48 JU2/JU3 IS CONNECTED TO POSITION (1)
 - WIDE BAND ONLY.
 - DASHED CIRCUITRY USED IN DUAL SQUELCH MODELS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

REVISIONS				
DIAG. ISS/E	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
B	NRB1121AA-3 NRB1121AB-3 NRB1121AC-3 NRB1121AD-3	C34L, 34M, 34H, 305L, 305M, 305H	WERE REF. ITEM C34, C305	PARTS LIST
		C35L, M 35H, 302L, 302M, 302H	WERE REF. ITEM C35, C302	
C	NRB1121AF-5 NRB1122AF-9 NRB1123AF-8 NRB1121AH-1 NRB1122AH-1 NRB1123AH-1	R61 C86	REMOVED 6K127804 (4.7K) WAS BETWEEN ON POSITION OF "PL" SWITCH AND GROUND REMOVED 21D8277B02 (150 uuf) WAS BETWEEN Q10 COLLECTOR AND ON POSITION OF "PL" SWITCH	S3 Q10 COLLECTOR
		R49 R65 CR12	WAS 6K127803 (1.5K) ADDED 6K129433 (5.6K) ADDED 48C82392B03	Q13 EMITTER ABOVE Q12
D	NRB1121AH-2 NRB1122AH-2 NRB1123AH-2	L11	REMOVED 24V80900A61, 0.62 mh; (WAS BETWEEN JUNC- TIONS OF L9, C56 AND C57, 58)	BELOW Q11
		R69	ADDED 6K127802, 1K (REPLACES L11)	
E	NRB1121AA-6 NRB1122AA-9 NRB1123AA-9 NRB1121AB-6 NRB1122AB-9 NRB1123AB-8 NRB1121AC-6 NRB1122AC-9 NRB1123AC-9 NRB1121AD-6 NRB1122AD-9 NRB1123AD-8	Q12, 13	WERE 48R869025, M9025	Q12, 13
F	NRB1121AA-7 NRB1122AA-10 NRB1123AA-10 NRB1121AB-7 NRB1122AB-10 NRB1123AB-7 NRB1121AC-7 NRB1122AC-10 NRB1123AC-10 NRB1121AD-7 NRB1122AD-10 NRB1123AD-9	C63 R63 C78	WAS 23D82397D09, 6.8 uf WAS 6K128545, 470 WAS 23D82397D09, 6.8 uf	LOWER LEFT OF Q12 BELOW T6
G	NRB1121AA-8 NRB1122AA-11 NRB1123AA-11 NRB1121AB-8 NRB1122AB-11 NRB1123AB-10 NRB1121AC-8 NRB1122AC-11 NRB1123AC-11 NRB1121AD-8 NRB1122AD-11 NRB1123AD-10	C35 R14 R15 Q2, 301 Q3, 5 C302 R304 R303	WAS 21K861428, 6 uuf WAS 6K127807, 33K WAS 6K127804, 4.7K WERE TYPE M9047 WERE TYPE M9031 WAS 21K861428, 6 uuf WAS 6K127807, 33K WAS 6K127804, 4.7K	Q2 COLLEC- TOR Q2 BASE BELOW Q301
H	NRB1121AA-8 NRB1122AA-11 NRB1123AA-11 NRB1121AB-8 NRB1122AB-11 NRB1123AB-10 NRB1121AC-8 NRB1122AC-11 NRB1123AC-11 NRB1121AD-8 NRB1122AD-11 NRB1123AD-10	Q1	WAS TYPE M4576	
J	NRB1121AA-9 NRB1122AA-12 NRB1123AA-12 NRB1121AB-9 NRB1122AB-12 NRB1123AB-11 NRB1121AC-9 NRB1122AC-12 NRB1123AC-12 NRB1121AD-9 NRB1122AD-12 NRB1123AD-11	C17 Q3	WAS 21K861603, 3.3 uuf WAS 48R869169, M-9169	Q3 BASE TOP CENTER OF BOARD
K	NRB1121AA-10 NRB1122AA-13 NRB1123AA-13 NRB1121AC-10 NRB1122AC-13 NRB1123AC-13	C81 C90, 91	WAS 21K860413 ADDED	Q9 BASE TO COLL. Q8 AND Q10 BASE TO COLL.
L	NRB1121AH-7 NRB1122AH-6 NRB1123AH-6 NRB1151AF-8 NRB1152AF-7 NRB1153AF-7	C61	WAS 21K861444, .01 uf	LOWER RIGHT OF Q12



RECEIVER PRINTED
CIRCUIT BOARD AEPD-8482-O(CE2286-O3)

Speaker-Microphone and
Speaker-Handset Models
Receiver Printed Circuit Board
and Wiring Diagram used in
25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie"
FM Two-Way Radio Sets
Motorola No. EPD-8841-L

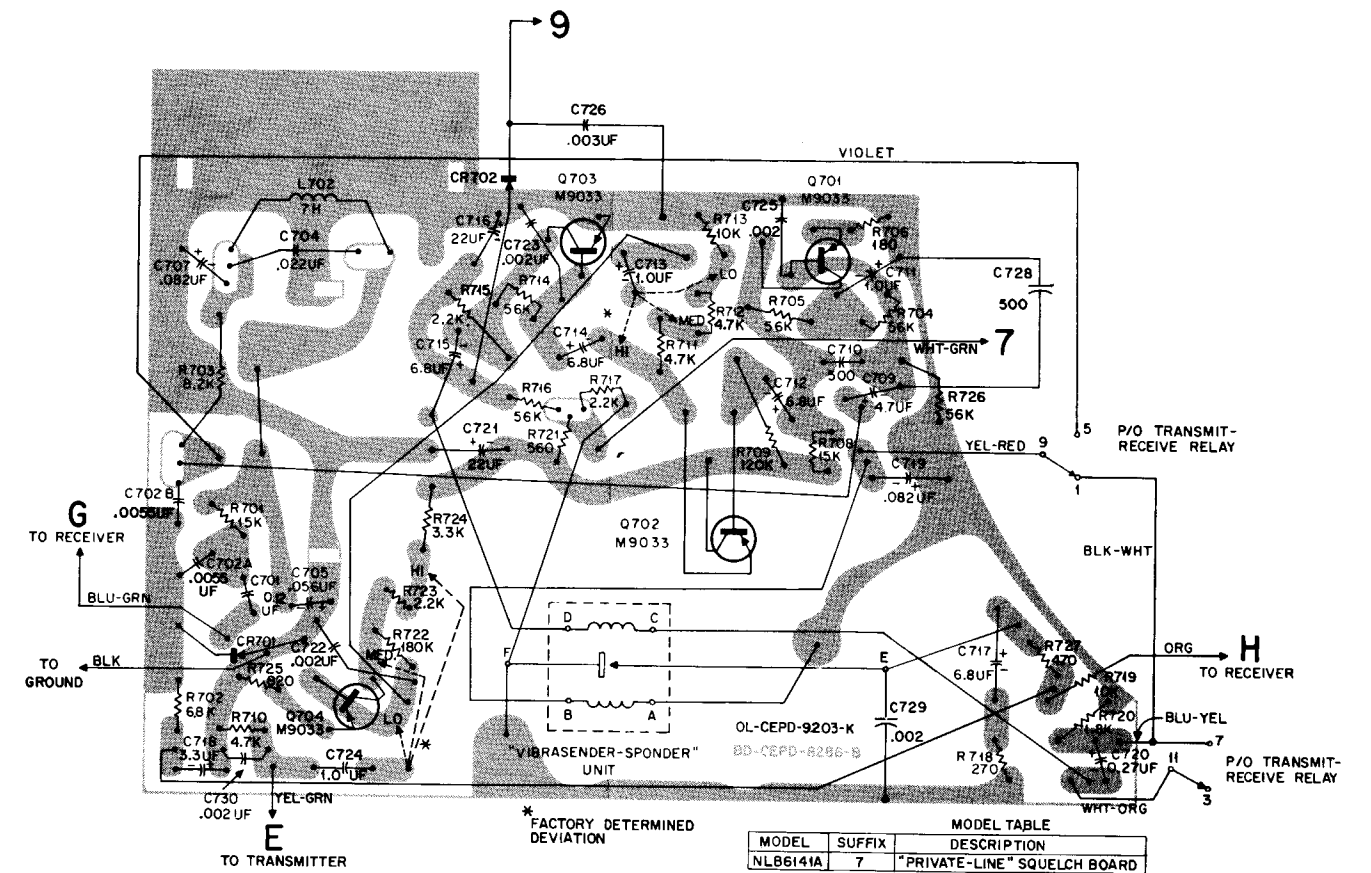
For 68P81017A20-C

Replace EPD-9204 and EPD-9206 with this EPD-9204-J and EPD-9206-G, respectively.

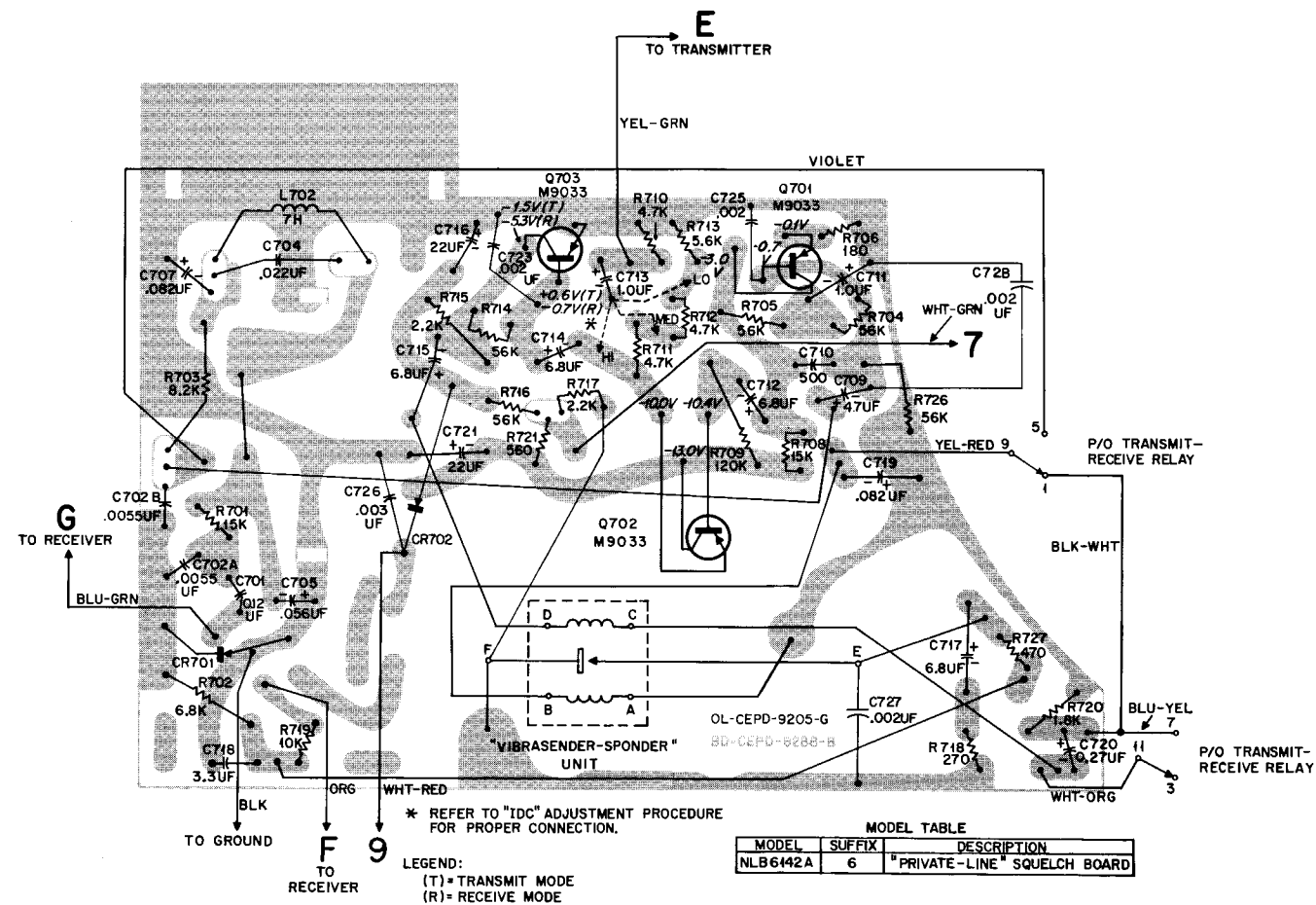
REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
A	NLB6141A-1	C727	ADDED 21K831126 .02 uf	"VIBRA-SENDER-SPONDER" UNIT CONTACT A
B	NLB6141A-2	R719	WAS 6K127806 (27K)	"VIBRA-SENDER-SPONDER" RESONANT REED CONTACT E
C	NLB6141A-3	C718	WAS 23D82397D07	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD
D	NLB6141A-3	C729	ADDED	"VIBRA-SENDER-SPONDER" UNIT CONTACT E
E	NLB6141A-4	R706	WAS 6K129862, 150 OHMS	Q701 EMITTER
		R726	ADDED 56K OHMS	Q701 BASE
F	NLB6141A-5	R727	ADDED 470 OHMS	LOWER RIGHT OF BOARD
G	NLB6141A-6	C702A, 702B	WAS 21B861469, DUAL .01 uf	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD
H	NLB6141A-7	C730	ADDED	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD
J	NLB6141A-7	C703	REMOVED 23D82397D11, .068 uf	UPPER LEFT OF BD
		C706	REMOVED 23 23D82397D12, 0.12 uf	
		L701	REPLACED 25C82750D01, CHOKE 5H WITH JUMPER CKT WAS AS SHOWN BELOW	

REF. SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	PARTS LIST
R701, R708	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W	
R703	WAS 6S128686, 1/4 W	
R704, 705, 714, 716	WERE 6K129242, 1/4 W	
R726	WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W	
R706	WAS 6K129662, 1/4 W	
R709	WAS 6K128987, 1/4 W	
R710, 711, 712	WERE 6S127804, 1/4 W	
R713	WAS 6K128558, 1/10 W	
R721	WAS 6K129620, 1/4 W	
R727	WAS 6K128545, 1/10 W	
R715, 717, 723	WERE 6S128689, 1/4 W	



Model NLB6141A
 25-42 MC "Private-Line" Printed
 Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram used in
 25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" FM
 Two-Way Radio Sets
 Motorola No. EPD-9204-J



Model NLB6142A
42-54 MC "Private-Line" Printed
Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram used in
25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie"
FM Two-Way Radio Sets
Motorola No. EPD-9206-G

REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
A	NLB6142A-1	C727	ADDED 21K831126 .02 uf	"VIBRA-SENDER-SPONDER" UNIT CONTACT A
B	NLB6142A-2	R719	WAS 6K127906 (27K)	"VIBRA-SENDER-SPONDER" RESONANT REED CONTACT E
C	NLB6142A-3	C718	WAS 23D82397D07 1 uf	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD
D	NLB6142A-4	R706 R726	WAS 6K129862, 150 OHMS ADDED 56K OHMS	Q701 EMITTER Q701 BASE
E	NLB6142A-5	R727	ADDED 470 OHMS	LOWER RIGHT OF BOARD
F	NLB6142A-6	C702A, C702B	WAS 21B861469, DUAL .01 uf	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD
G	NLB6142A-6	C703 C706 L701	REMOVED 23D82397D11, .068 uf REMOVED 23D82397D12, 0.12 uf REPLACED 25C82750D01, CHOKE 5H WITH JUMPER, CKT WAS AS SHOWN BELOW	UPPER LEFT OF BOARD.

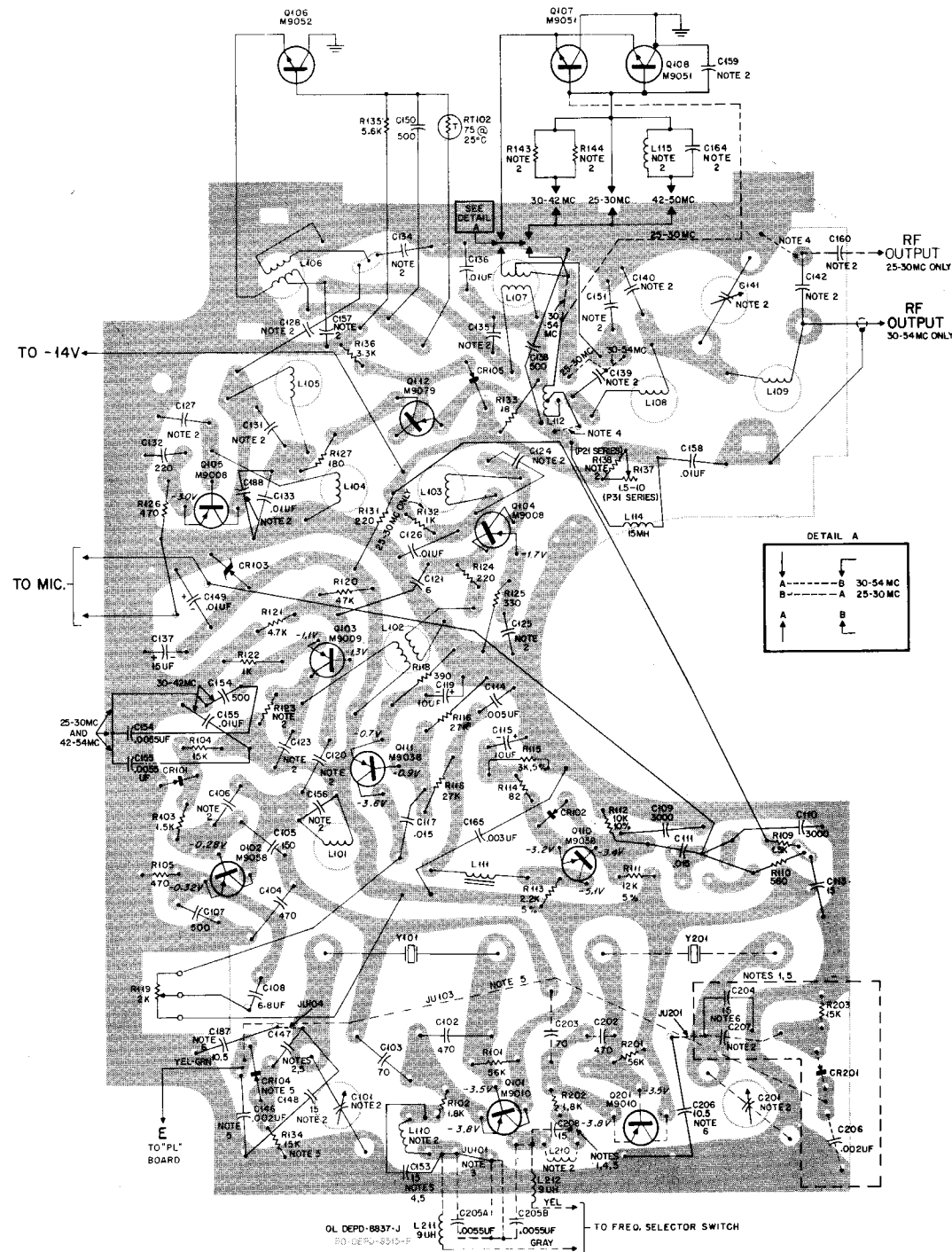
REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
R701, 708	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W	PARTS LIST
R703	WAS 6S128686, 1/4 W	
R704, 705, 714, 716	WERE 6K129242, 1/4 W	
R726	WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W	
R706	WAS 6K129662, 1/4 W	
R709	WAS 6K128987, 1/4 W	
R710, 711, 712	WERE 6S127804, 1/4 W	
R713	WAS 6K128558, 1/10 W	
R721	WAS 6K129620, 1/4 W	
R715, 717, 723	WERE 6S128689, 1/4 W	

For 68P81017A20-C

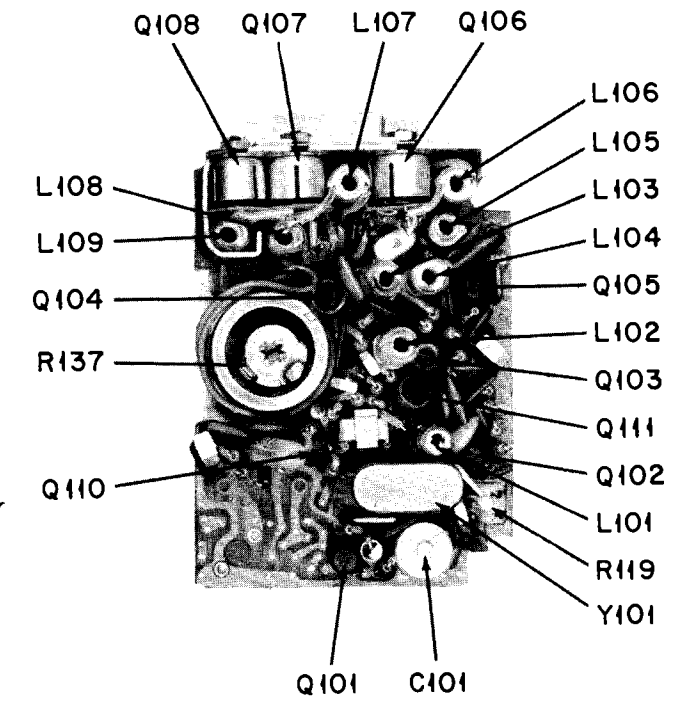
Replace EPD-8838 and EPD-8978 with this EPD-8838-H and EPD-8978-K, respectively.

REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
A	NTB6061AA NTB6062AA NTB6063AA NTB6061AB NTB6062AB NTB6063AB	C109, 110 L211, 212	WERE 21D82428D10 (.0033 uf) ADDED 24C82000E03 (9 uh)	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD
B	NTB6051AA-1 NTB6052AA-1 NTB6053AA-2 NTB6051AB-1 NTB6052AB-1 NTB6053AB-2 NTB6061AA-1 NTB6062AA-1 NTB6063AA-2 NTB6061AB-1 NTB6062AB-1 NTB6063AB-2	C187, 206	ADDED 21D82877B11 (10.5 uuf)	BOTTOM OF BOARD
C	NTB6051AA, AB-1 NTB6052AA, AB-2 NTB6053AA, AB-3 NTB6061AA, AB-1 NTB6062AA, AB-2 NTB6063AA, AB-3	C105L, M, H C138 C156L C157L C158 L114	WAS C106 21D82877B02 (150 uuf) WAS 21K861443 (.01 uf) ADDED 21K861435 (70 uf) ADDED 21K861432 (20 uuf) ADDED 21K861443 .01 uf ADDED 24D82549D01 (15 uh)	PARTS LIST Q102 COLLECTOR Q106 BASE Q108 BASE
D	NTB6051AA, AB-1 NTB6061AA, AB-1	C139L C141L C141M C141H C142L C151L C160L C159 R132L	WAS 21K861436 (100 uuf) WAS 20C82399D04, VAR 5, 5-18 uuf WERE 20C82399D05 VAR 9-35 uuf REMOVED 21D82877B18, 30 uuf WAS C151 21K861430 10 uuf ADDED 21K861432 (20 uuf) ADDED 21K861434 (40 uuf) WAS 6R129617, (120)	PARTS LIST L109 RF OUTPUT Q108 BASE L103
E	NTB6051AC-1 NTB6051AD-1 NTB6061AC-1 NTB6061AD-1	C151L R139L C159L	WAS 21K861432, 20 uuf ADDED 6K127802, 1K REMOVED 21K861434, 40 uuf. WAS BETWEEN Q108 BASE AND GROUND	PARTS LIST Q112 COLLECTOR Q108 BASE
F	NTB6051AC-1 NTB6051AD-1 NTB6061AC-1 NTB6061AD-1	C188 C159L R139 C151L	ADDED 1.0 uf ADDED 40 uuf REMOVED 1K. WAS CONNECTED ACROSS Q112 COLLECTOR AND EMITTER REMOVED	RIGHT OF Q105 RIGHT OF Q108 Q112 PARTS LIST
G	NTB6051AA-3 NTB6053AA-4 NTB6061AA-3 NTB6063AA-4 NTB6051AB-3 NTB6052AB-3 NTB6053AB-4 NTB6061AB-3 NTB6062AB-3 NTB6063AB-4	C154L, 154H, 155L, 155H C205A, 205B	WERE 21B861469, DUAL .01 uf	Q103 EMITTER BELOW Q101
H	NTB6052AA-4 NTB6053AA-5 NTB6052AB-5 NTB6053AB-5 NTB6062AA-4 NTB6063AA-5 NTB6062AB-5 NTB6063AB-5 NTB6052AC-3 NTB6053AC-4 NTB6052AD-4 NTB6053AD-4 NTB6062AC-3 NTB6063AC-4 NTB6062AD-4 NTB6063AD-4	C165H C164H L115H R143M R144M	ADDED .003 uf ADDED CHOKE 3 TURNS ADDED 10 OHMS	LEFT OF Q110 Q107 BASE



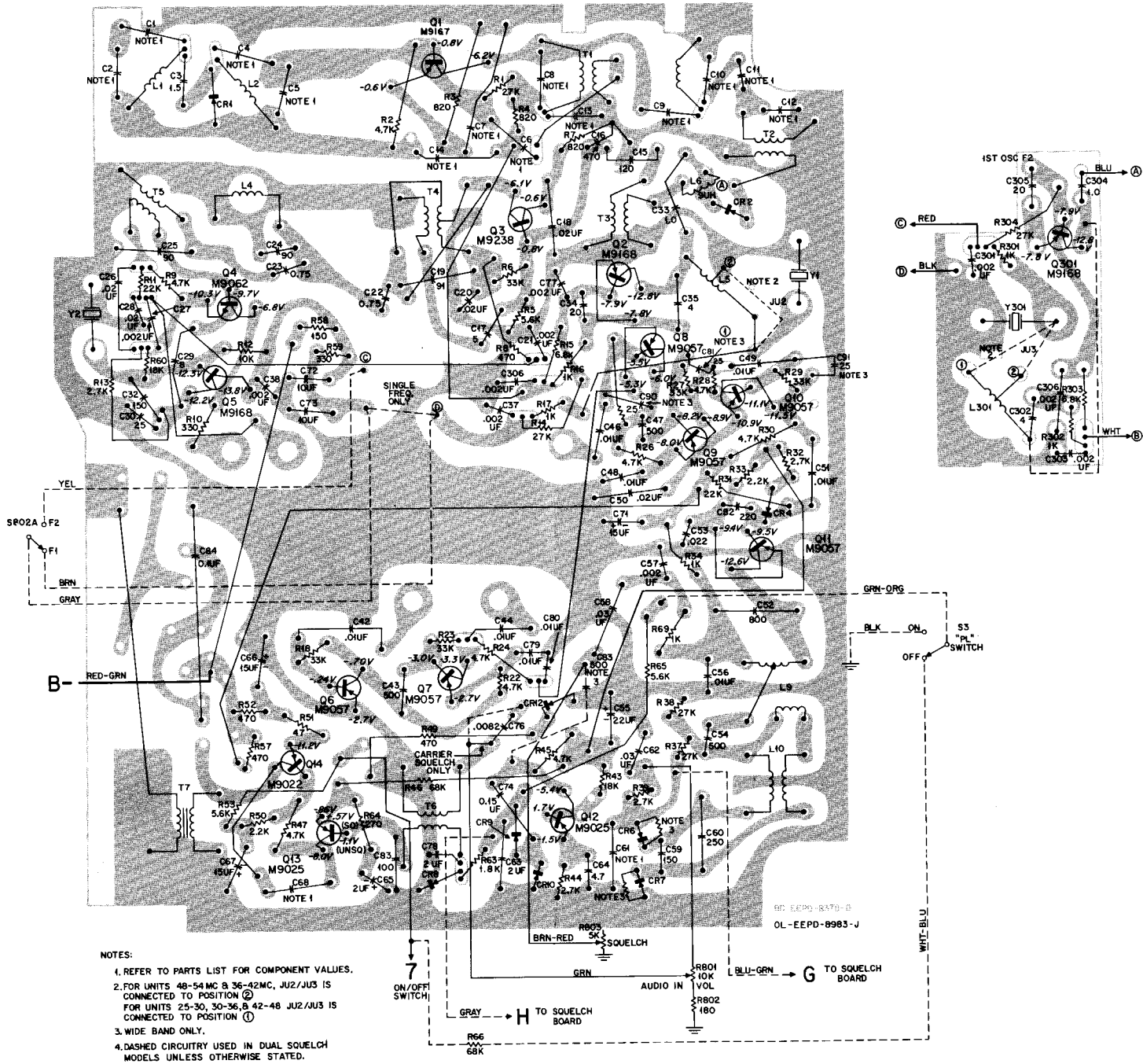
- NOTES:
1. DASHED CIRCUITRY USED IN TWO FREQUENCY OPERATION ONLY.
 2. REFER TO PARTS LISTS FOR COMPONENT VALUES.
 3. USED ON 1-FREQ. MODELS ONLY.
 4. APPEARS ON 30-42 MC UNITS ONLY.
 5. USED IN "PRIVATE-LINE" MODELS ONLY.
 6. USED IN CARRIER SQUELCH MODELS ONLY.
 7. USED IN NTB6060 SERIES ONLY.



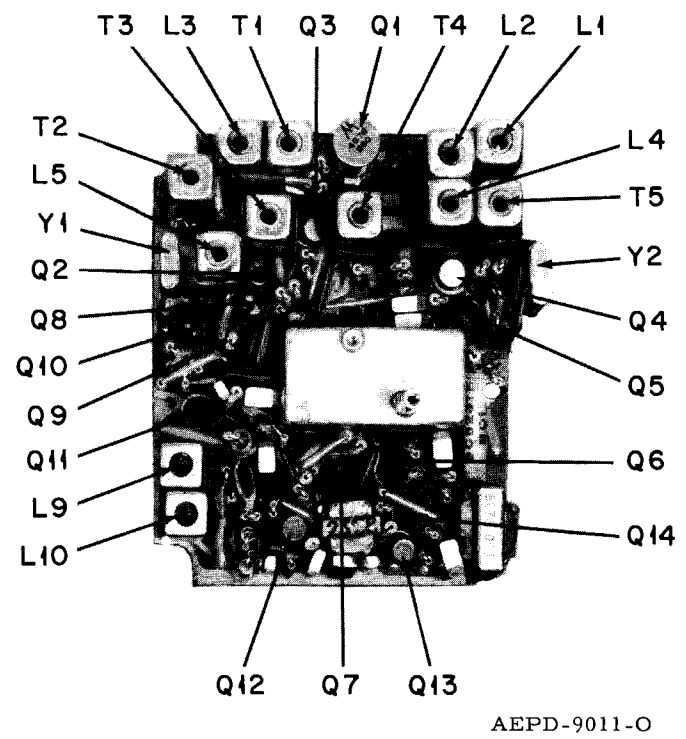
AEPD-9005-O

Transmitter Printed Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram used in 25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" FM Two-Way Radio Sets Motorola No. EPD-8838-H

MODEL TABLE (HANDSET ONLY)			
MODEL SERIES	NO. OF FREQ	CHANNEL WIDTH	TYPE OF CARRIER
NRB1150AA	1	40KC	CARRIER
NRB1150AB	1	20KC	CARRIER
NRB1150AC	2	40KC	CARRIER
NRB1150AD	2	20KC	CARRIER
NRB1150AF	1	20KC	DUAL



NOTES:
 1. REFER TO PARTS LIST FOR COMPONENT VALUES.
 2. FOR UNITS 48-54 MC & 36-42MC, J2/J3 IS CONNECTED TO POSITION ② FOR UNITS 25-30, 30-36, & 42-48 J2/J3 IS CONNECTED TO POSITION ①.
 3. WIDE BAND ONLY.
 4. DASHED CIRCUITRY USED IN DUAL SQUELCH MODELS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.



REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
A	NRB1151AF-1	C34L, M, 34H, 305L, M, 305H	WAS C34, 305 21D82877B06 (30 uuf)	PARTS LIST
B	NRB1151,52,53AA-1 NRB1151,52,53AB-1 NRB1151,52,53AC-1 NRB1151,52,53AD-1 NRB1151,52,53AF-2 NRB1151,52,53AH-1	R64 R66	WAS 6K129752, 270 ADDED 6K129144, 68K	Q13 EMITTER S3 "PL" SWITCH
B1	NRB1151AA-2 NRB1151AB-2 NRB1151AC-2 NRB1151AD-2 NRB1151AF-3	C6L	WAS 21K861426 (2.2 uuf)	PARTS LIST
C	NRB1151AA-3 NRB1152AA-2 NRB1153AA-2 NRB1151AB-3 NRB1152AB-2 NRB1153AB-2 NRB1151AC-3 NRB1152AC-2 NRB1153AC-3 NRB1152AD-2 NRB1153AD-2 NRB1151AF-4 NRB1152AF-3 NRB1153AF-3	L11 R69	REMOVED 24V80900A61, 0.62 mh; (WAS BETWEEN JUNCTIONS OF L9, C56 AND C57, 56). ADDED 6K127802, 1K (REPLACES L11)	BELOW Q11
D	NRB1151AA-4 NRB1152AA-3 NRB1153AA-3 NRB1151AB-4 NRB1152AB-3 NRB1153AB-3 NRB1151AC-4 NRB1152AC-3 NRB1153AC-3 NRB1152AD-4 NRB1153AD-3 NRB1151AF-3	Q12, 13	WERE 48R869025, M9025	Q12, 13
E	NRB1151AA-5 NRB1152AA-4 NRB1153AA-4 NRB1151AB-5 NRB1152AB-4 NRB1153AB-4 NRB1151AC-5 NRB1152AC-4 NRB1153AC-4 NRB1152AD-5 NRB1153AD-4	C63 R63 C78	WAS 23D82397D07, 6.8 uf WAS 6K128545, 470 WAS 23D82397D07, 6.8 uf	LOWER LEFT OF Q12 BELOW T6
F	NRB1151AA-6 NRB1152AA-5 NRB1153AA-5 NRB1151AB-6 NRB1152AB-5 NRB1153AB-5 NRB1151AC-6 NRB1152AC-5 NRB1153AC-5 NRB1152AD-6 NRB1153AD-5	C35 R14 R15 Q2, 301 Q3, 5 C302 R304 R303	WAS 21K861428, 6 uuf WAS 6K127807, 33K WAS 6K127804, 4.7K WERE TYPE M9047 WERE TYPE M9031 WAS 21K861428, 6 uuf WAS 6K127807, 33K WAS 6K127804, 4.7K	Q2 COLLECTOR Q2 BASE BELOW Q301
G	NRB1151AA-6 NRB1152AA-5 NRB1153AA-5 NRB1151AB-6 NRB1152AB-5 NRB1153AB-5 NRB1151AC-6 NRB1152AC-5 NRB1153AC-5 NRB1152AD-6 NRB1153AD-5	Q1	WAS TYPE M4576	
H	NRB1151AA-7 NRB1152AA-6 NRB1153AA-6 NRB1151AB-7 NRB1153AB-6 NRB1151AC-7 NRB1152AC-6 NRB1153AC-6 NRB1152AD-7 NRB1153AD-6	C17 Q3	WAS 21K861603, 3.3 uuf WAS 48R869169; M9169	Q3 BASE TOP CENTER OF BOARD
J	NRB1151AA-8 NRB1152AA-7 NRB1153AA-7 NRB1151AC-8 NRB1152AC-7 NRB1153AC-7	C81 C90, 91	WAS 21K864013 ADDED	Q9 BASE TO COLL, Q8 AND Q10 BASE TO COLL.
K	NRB1151AF-8 NRB1152AF-7 NRB1153AF-7	C61	WAS 21K861443, .01 uf	LOWER RIGHT OF Q12

Handset Models Only
 Receiver Printed Circuit
 Board and Wiring Diagram used in
 25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie"
 FM Two-Way Radio Sets
 Motorola No. EPD-8978-K

MOTOROLA

INSTRUCTION MANUAL REVISION MR-1788

GENERAL

This revision outlines changes that have occurred since the printing of your instruction manual. Use this information to correct your manual.

INSTRUCTION MANUAL(S) AFFECTED:

25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" FM Radiophone
 "HT" & "PT" Series
 25-54 MC Selective "Handie-Talkie" FM Radio

REVISION DETAILS

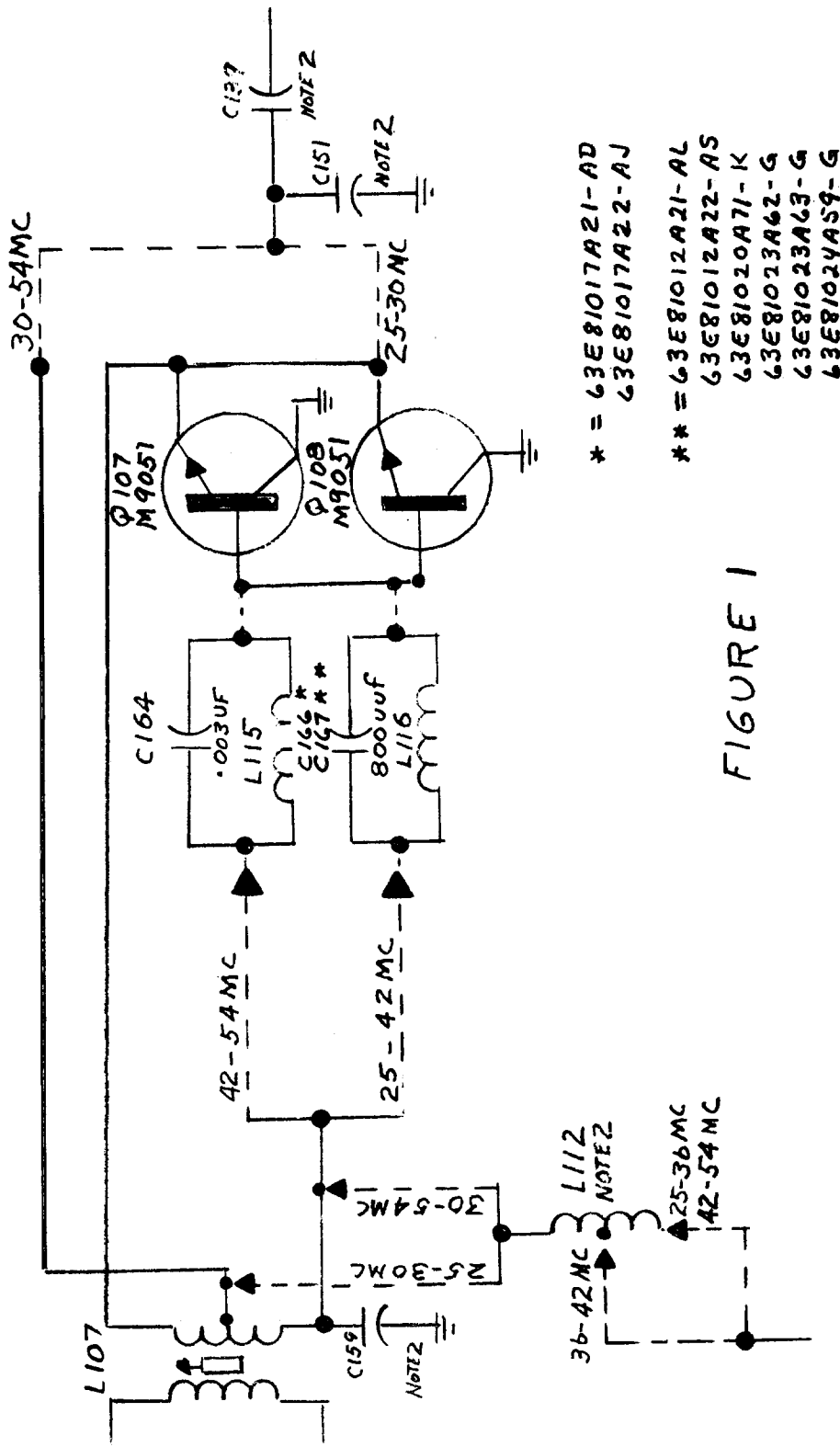
With this change the following becomes effective:

<u>Instruction Manual No.</u>	<u>Schematic Diagram No.</u>	<u>New Issue</u>	<u>Xmtr. Chassis</u>	<u>New Suffix</u>	<u>Ckt. Bd. Detail</u>	<u>New Issue</u>	<u>Change Item #</u>
68P81012A20-D	63E81012A21	AM,	NTB6041AA	7,	EPD-8516	N,	2 thru 5
	63E81023A63	H	NTB6042AA	10,	EPD-13427	C	2 thru 5
68P81023A60-O	63E81024A59	H	NTB6043AA	8,			
			NTB6041AB	7,			
			NTB6042AB	12,			
68P81020A70-O	63E81020A71	L	NTB6043AB	8	EPD-9518	F	2 thru 5
68P81012A20-D	63E81012A22	AT	NTB6041AC	7,	EPD-13427	C	2 thru 5
	63E81023A62	H	NTB6042AC	11			
			NTB6043AC	8			
68P81017A20-C	63E81017A21	AE	NTB6051AA	5	EPD-8838	L,	1 thru 4
			NTB6052AA	7	EPD-13429	C	1 thru 4
			NTB6053AA	6			
			NTB6051AB	5			
			NTB6052AB	8			
			NTB6053AB	6			
			NTB6061AA	5			
			NTB6062AA	7			
			NTB6063AA	6			
			NTB6061AB	5			
NTB6062AB	8						
NTB6063AB	6						

<u>Instruction Manual No.</u>	<u>Schematic Diagram No.</u>	<u>New Issue</u>	<u>Xmtr. Chassis</u>	<u>New Suffix</u>	<u>Ckt. Bd. Detail</u>	<u>New Issue</u>
	63E81017A22	AK	NTB6051AC	4		
			NTB6052AC	7		
			NTB6053AC	5		
			NTB6061AC	4		
			NTB6062AC	7		
			NTB6063AC	5		

<u>Change Item No.</u>	<u>Ref Sym</u>	<u>Action</u>	<u>Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	C166	Added	21C82040D12	CAPACITOR, fixed: 800 uuf $\pm 5\%$; 25 v; 25-42 mc only: SEE FIGURE 1
2	L116	Added	24C83961B01	COIL, RF: 3 turns; coded BRN; 25-42 mc only: SEE FIGURE 1
3	R143, I44	Removed	6S129755	RESISTOR, fixed; 10 $\pm 10\%$; 1/4 w; 30-42 mc only: SEE FIGURE 1
4	CR105	Changed to	48C82392B12	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, diode; silicon
5	C167	Added		Same as change item 1.

Revised
10/14/65



- * = 63E81017A21-AD
63E81017A22-AJ
- ** = 63E81012A21-AL
63E81012A22-AS
63E81020A71-K
63E81023A62-G
63E81023A63-G
63E81024A59-G

FIGURE 1

REVISED
10/14/65

INSTRUCTION MANUAL REVISION MR-1784

GENERAL

This revision outlines changes that have occurred since the printing of your instruction manual. Use this information to correct your manual.

INSTRUCTION MANUAL(S) AFFECTED:

25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" FM Two-Way Radio Sets

REVISION DETAILS

With this change the following becomes effective:

<u>Instruction Manual No.</u>	<u>Schematic Diag. No. & New Issue</u>	<u>Xmtr. Chassis</u>	<u>New Suffix</u>	<u>Ckt. Bd. & Wiring Diag</u>	<u>New Issue</u>	<u>Change Item #</u>
68P81012A20-D	63E81012A21-AL,	NTB6041AA,	6	EPD-13427	B	2,3,4
68P81023A60-O	63E81023A63-G,	NTB6042AA,	9			2,3,4
68P81020A70-O	63E81020A71-K,	NTB6041AB,	6	EPD-9518	E	2,3,4
68P81023A60-O	63E81024A59-G	NTB6042AB	11	EPD-13427	B	2,3,4
68P81012A20-D	63E81012A22-AS,	NTB6041AC,	6			2,3,4
68P81023A60-O	63E81023A62-G	NTB6042AC	10			2,3,4
68P81017A20-C	63E81017A21-AD	NTB6051AA,	4	EPD-13429	B	1,3,4
		NTB6052AA,	6			
		NTB6051AB,	4			
		NTB6052AB,	7			
		NTB6061AA,	4			
		NTB6062AA,	6			
		NTB6061AB,	4			
		NTB6062AB	7			
68P81017A20-C	63E81017A22-AJ	NTB6051AC,	3			1,3,4
		NTB6052AC,	6			
		NTB6061AC,	3			
		NTB6062AC	6			

(1) Component Changes

<u>Change Item No.</u>	<u>Ref. Sym.</u>	<u>Action</u>	<u>Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	C166	Added	21C82040D12	CAPACITOR, fixed: 800 uuf +5%; 25 v (SEE FIGURE 1)
2	C167	Added		Same as Change Item No. 1
3	L116	Added	24C83961B01	COIL, RF: choke; coded BRN; 42-54 MC (SEE FIGURE 1)
4	R143, R144	Changed to	6S185B55	RESISTOR, fixed: 10 ±10%; 1/8 w (SEE FIGURE 1)

(2) Supplementary Remarks

In ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE under ANTENNA PEAKING, insert the following:

NOTE: Perform antenna peaking procedure while connected to external power supply set for 14.0 v d-c. Each power supply lead must be isolated by an r-f choke (Motorola Part No. 24C83961B01) at the radio.

* APPLIES ONLY TO:
 63E81017A21-AD
 63E81017A22-AU

** APPLIES ONLY TO:
 63E81012A21-A4
 63E81012A22-AS
 63E81020A71-K
 63E81023A62-G
 63E81023A63-G
 63E81024A59-G

NOTE: Point C and C1 will be connected to either A, B or A1, B1, respectively, depending on frequency band. In 30-42 mc band, J1 is connected if output power is less than 1.4 watts at 14.2V.

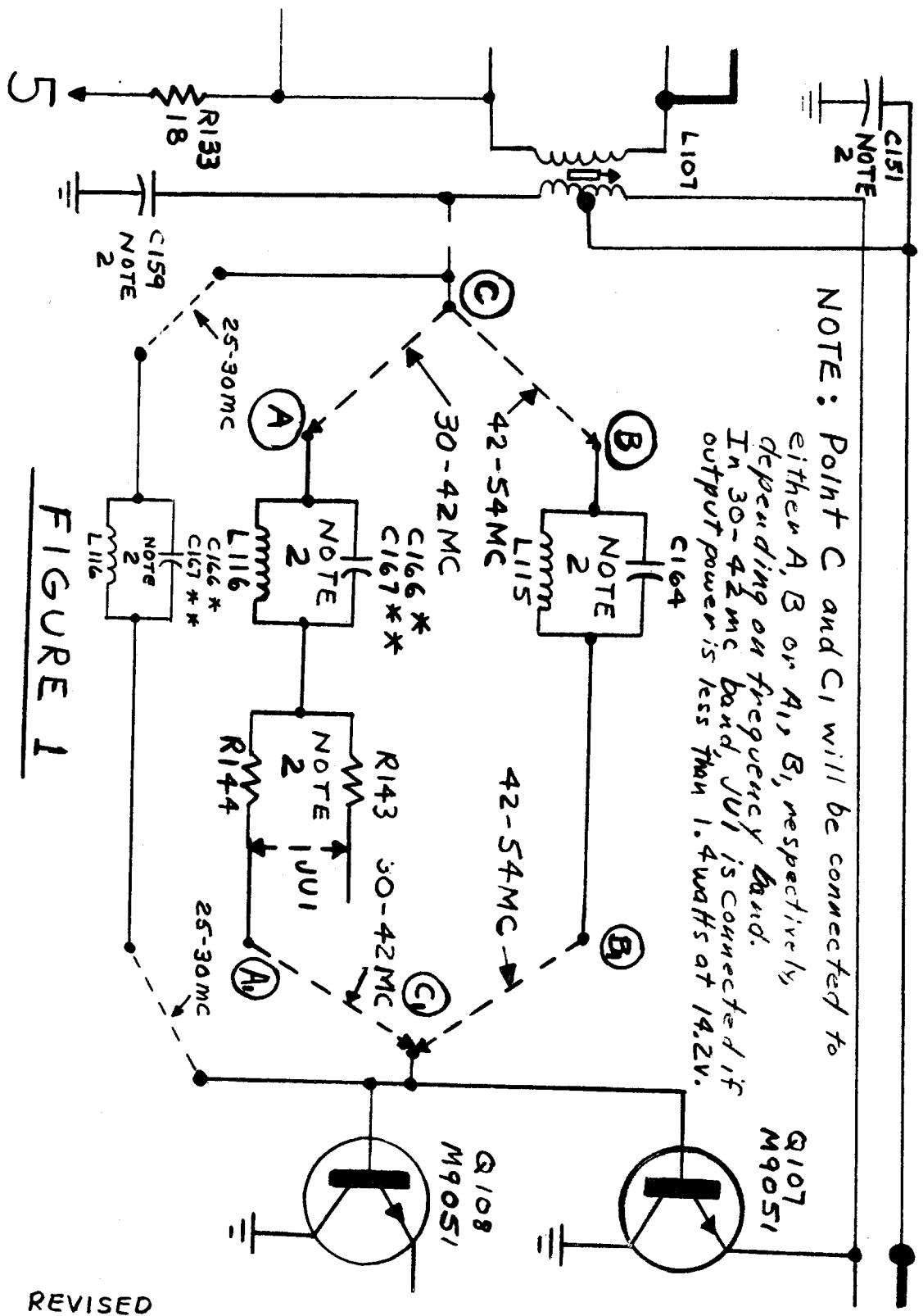


FIGURE 1

REVISED
 10/14/65

GENERAL

This revision outlines changes that have occurred since the printing of your instruction manual. Use this information to correct your manual.

INSTRUCTION MANUAL(S) AFFECTED: 25-54 MC & 136-174 MC
"MOTRAC" RADIO SETS

REVISION DETAILS

With this change the following becomes effective:

<u>Instruction Manual No</u>	<u>Schematic Diagram No.</u>	<u>New Issue</u>	<u>455 KC IF Bd.</u>	<u>New Suffix</u>	<u>Ckt. Bd. Detail</u>	<u>New Issue</u>
68P81014A15	63E81014A16	AB,	TLN6347A	10,	EPD-6375	T
68P81014A25	63E81014A26	AF,	TLN6532A	4		
68P81014A30	63E81014A31	Y,				
68P81014A35	63E81014A36	AB,				
68P81014A55	63E81014A56	Y,				
68P81014A65	63E81014A66	T,				
68P81014A70	63E81014A71	Z,				
68P81007A45	63E81007A46	AN,				
68P81007A70-A	63E81007A71	K,				
68P81019A01-A	63E81019A02	M,				
68P81007A95	63E81007A91	AA,				
68P81014A45	63E81014A46	T,	TLN6347A	10,	EPD-6483	K
68P81014A60	63E81014A61	P,	TLN6348A	7		

*NOTE

When the letter "A" follows the suffix number stamped on your unit, it indicates some of the previous changes are not included.

Component Changes

<u>Ref. Sym</u>	<u>Action</u>	<u>Part Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
Q11	Changed to	48R869376	TRANSISTOR, P-N-P; type M9376

INSTRUCTION MANUAL REVISION MR-1846

GENERAL

This revision outlines changes that have occurred since the printing of your instruction manual. Use this information to correct your manual.

INSTRUCTION MANUAL AFFECTED:

25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" Radio Sets

REVISION DETAILS

With this change the following becomes effective:

<u>Instruction Manual No.</u>	<u>Schem. Diag. & New Issue</u>	<u>Rcvr. Chassis</u>	<u>New Suffix</u>	<u>Ckt. Bd. Detail</u>	<u>New Issue</u>
68P81012A20-D	63E81012A21-AR,	NRB1121AC	12	EPD-8382,	S
	63E81023A63-L,	NRB1122AC	15	EPD-8383,	R
68P81023A60-O	63E81024A59-L,	NRB1123AC	15	EPD-8841	P
68P81017A20-C,	63E81017A21-AH	NRB1121AD	11		
68P81032A45-O		NRB1122AD	14		
68P81032A45-A		NRB1123AD	13		
68P81017A20-C,	63E81017A22-AM	NRB1121AF	13	EPD-8841	P
68P81032A45-O		NRB1122AF	16		
68P81032A45-A					
68P81012A20-D	63E81012A22-AV	NRB1123AF	15		
	63E81023A62-K				
68P81020A70-O	63E81020A71-P	NRB1162AB	6	EPD-9521	G
		NRB1163AB	6		
		NRB1162AD	6		
		NRB1163AD	6		

NOTE

When the letter "A" follows the suffix number stamped on your unit, it indicates some of the previous changes are not included.

COMPONENT CHANGE

<u>Ref. Sym.</u>	<u>Action</u>	<u>Part Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
R70	Changed to	6S185B84	RESISTOR, fixed: 2.7K $\pm 10\%$; 1/8 w

GENERAL

This revision outlines changes that have occurred since the printing of your instruction manual. Use this information to correct your manual.

INSTRUCTION MANUAL(S) AFFECTED: 25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie"
FM Radiophone,
"HT" & "PT" Series.

25-54 MC Selective
"Handie-Talkie" FM Radio

REVISION DETAILS

With this change the following becomes effective:

<u>Instruction Manual No.</u>	<u>Schematic Diagram & New Issue</u>	<u>Transmitter Chassis</u>	<u>New Suffix</u>	<u>Ckt. Bd. Detail</u>	<u>New Issue</u>
68P81012A20-D	63E81012A21-AK, 63E81023A63-E	NTB6042AA, NTB6042AB	8 10	EPD-8516	M
68P81023A60-O	63E81024A59-E			EPD-9518	D
68P81020A70-O	63E81020A71-J			EPD-8516	M
68P81012A20-D	63E81012A22-AR, 63E81023A62-F	NTB6042AC	9	EPD-8516	M
68P81017A20-C	63E81017A21-AC, 63E81017A22-AH	NTB6052AA, NTB6052AB, NTB6062AA, NTB6062AB NTB6052AC, NTB6062AC	5 6 5 6 5 5	EPD-8838	K

Component Changes

<u>Ref. Sym.</u>	<u>Action</u>	<u>Part Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
C156M	Changed to	21K861436	CAPACITOR, fixed: 100 uuf ±10%; 75 v; N750
L101M	Changed to	24C82901B04	COIL, RF: modulator

INSTRUCTION MANUAL REVISION MR-1828

GENERAL

This revision outlines changes that have occurred since the printing of your instruction manual. Use this information to correct your manual.

INSTRUCTION MANUAL AFFECTED:

25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" Radio Sets

REVISION DETAILS

With this change the following becomes effective:

<u>Instruction Manual No.</u>	<u>Schem. Diag. & New Issue</u>	<u>Rcvr. Chassis</u>	<u>New Suffix</u>	<u>Ckt. Bd. Detail</u>	<u>New Issue</u>
68P81012A20-D	63E81012A21-AP	NRB1121AA	12	EPD-8383	P
	63E81023A63-K	NRB1122AA	15		
68P81023A60-O	63E81024A59-K	NRB1123AA	15		
		NRB1121AB	11		
68P81032A45-A	63E81017A21-AG	NRB1122AB	14	EPD-8841	N
		NRB1123AB	13		

*NOTE

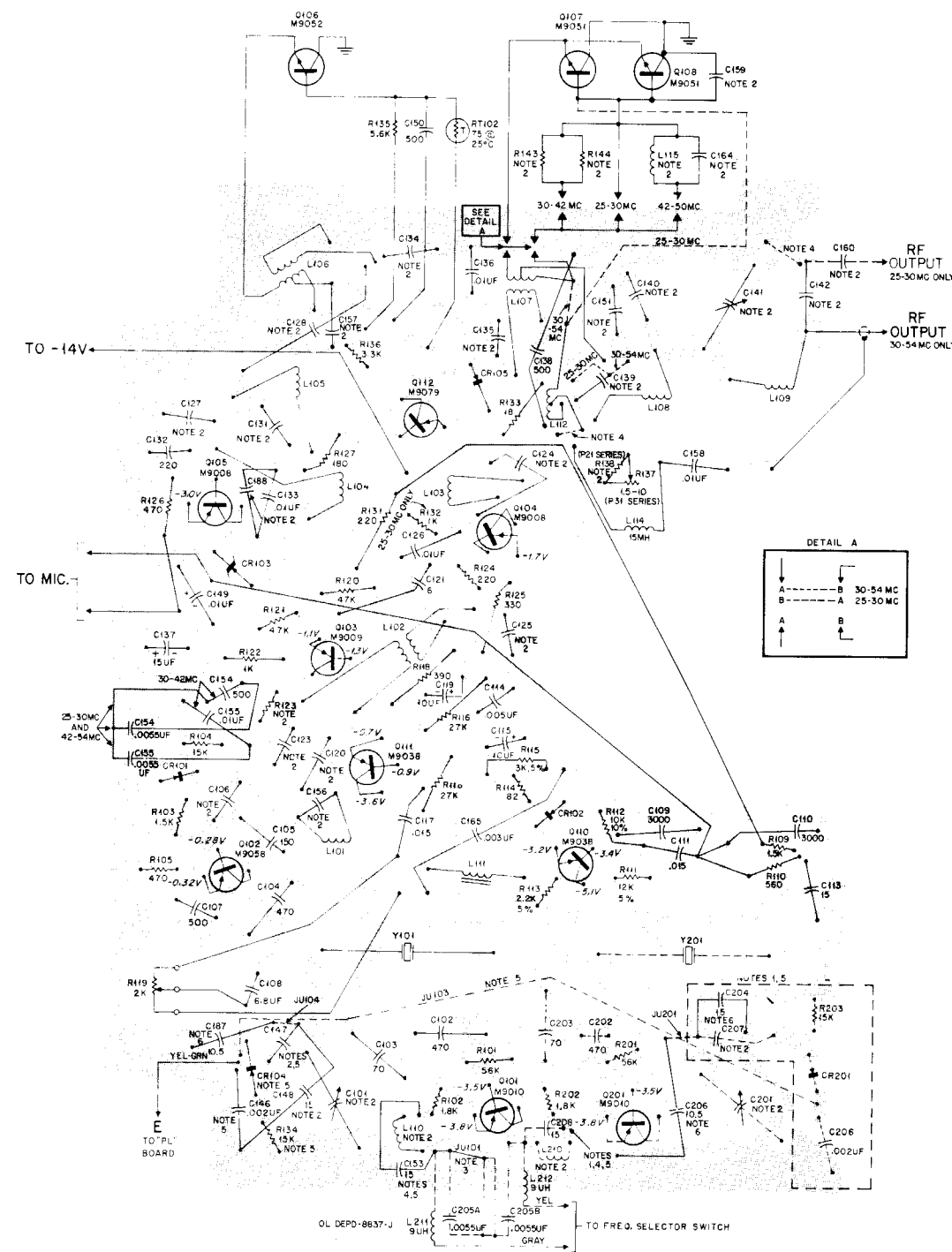
When the letter "A" follows the suffix number stamped on your unit, it indicates some of the previous changes are not included.

Component Changes

<u>Ref. Sym.</u>	<u>Action</u>	<u>Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
R70	Changed to	6S185B84	RESISTOR, fixed: 2.7K \pm 10%; 1/8 w

For 68P81017A20-C

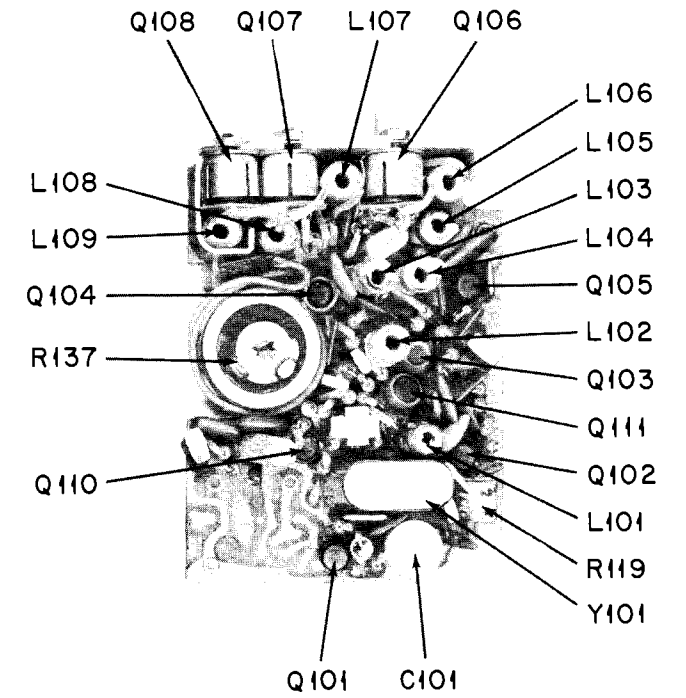
Replace EPD-8838 and EPD-8978 with these EPD-8838-K and EPD-8978-K, respectively.



- NOTES:
1. DASHED CIRCUITRY USED IN TWO FREQUENCY OPERATION ONLY.
 2. REFER TO PARTS LISTS FOR COMPONENT VALUES.
 3. USED ON 1-FREQ. MODELS ONLY.
 4. APPEARS ON 30-42MC UNITS ONLY.
 5. USED IN "PRIVATE-LINE" MODELS ONLY.
 6. USED IN CARRIER SQUELCH MODELS ONLY.
 7. USED IN NTB6060 SERIES ONLY.

REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
A	NTB6061AA NTB6062AA NTB6063AA NTB6061AB NTB6062AB NTB6063AB	C109, L110, L211, 212	WERE 21D82428D10 (.0033 uF) ADDED 24C82000E03 (9 uH)	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD
B	NTB6051AA-1 NTB6052AA-1 NTB6053AA-2 NTB6051AB-1 NTB6052AB-1 NTB6053AB-2 NTB6061AA-1 NTB6062AA-1 NTB6063AA-2 NTB6061AB-1 NTB6062AB-1 NTB6063AB-2	C187, 206	ADDED 21D82877B11 (10.5 uuf)	BOTTOM OF BOARD
C	NTB6051AA, AB-1 NTB6052AA, AB-2 NTB6053AA, AB-3 NTB6061AA, AB-1 NTB6062AA, AB-2 NTB6063AA, AB-3	C105L, M, H C138 C156L C157L C158 L114	WAS C106 21D82877B02 (150 uuf) WAS 21K861443 (.01 uF) ADDED 21K861435 (70 uF) ADDED 21K861432 (20 uuf) ADDED 21K861443 .01 uF ADDED 24D82549D01 (15 uH)	PARTS LIST Q102 COLLECTOR Q106 BASE Q108 BASE
D	NTB6051AA, AB-1 NTB6061AA, AB-1	C139L C141L C141M C141H C142L C151L C160L C159 R132L	WAS 21K861436 (100 uuf) WAS 20C82399D04, VAR 5.5-18 uuf WERE 20C82399D05 VAR 9-35 uuf REMOVED 21D82877B18, 30 uuf WAS C151 21K861430 10 uuf ADDED 21K861432 (20 uuf) ADDED 21K861434 (40 uuf) WAS 6R129617, (120)	PARTS LIST L109 RF OUTPUT Q108 BASE L103
E	NTB6051AC-1 NTB6051AD-1 NTB6061AC-1 NTB6061AD-1	C151L R139L C159L	WAS 21K861432, 20 uuf ADDED 6K127802, 1K REMOVED 21K861434, 40 uuf. WAS BETWEEN Q108 BASE AND GROUND	PARTS LIST Q112 COLLECTOR Q108 BASE
F	NTB6051AC-1 NTB6051AD-1 NTB6061AC-1 NTB6061AD-1	C188 C159L R139 C151L	ADDED 1.0 uF ADDED 40 uuf REMOVED 1K. WAS CONNECTED ACROSS Q112 COLLECTOR AND EMITTER REMOVED	RIGHT OF Q105 RIGHT OF Q108 Q112 PARTS LIST Q103 EMITTER
G	NTB6051AA-3 NTB6053AA-4 NTB6061AA-3 NTB6063AA-4 NTB6051AB-3 NTB6052AB-3 NTB6053AB-4 NTB6061AB-3 NTB6062AB-3 NTB6063AB-4	C154L, 154H, 155L, 155H C205A, 205B	WERE 21B861469, DUAL .01 uF	BELOW Q101
H	NTB6052AA-4 NTB6053AA-5 NTB6052AB-5 NTB6053AB-5 NTB6062AA-4 NTB6063AA-5 NTB6062AB-5 NTB6063AB-5 NTB6052AC-3 NTB6053AC-4 NTB6052AD-4 NTB6053AD-4 NTB6062AC-3 NTB6063AC-4 NTB6062AD-4 NTB6063AD-4	C165H C164H L115H R143M R144M	ADDED .003 uF ADDED CHOKE 3 TURNS ADDED 10 OHMS	LEFT OF Q110 Q107 BASE
J	NTB6051AC-1 NTB6052AC-3 NTB6061AC-1 NTB6062AC-3		25-42 MC "PRIVATE-LINE" MODELS TRANSFERRED TO NEW BOARD DIAGRAM EPD-13429	
K	NTB6052AA-5 NTB6052AB-6 NTB6062AA-5 NTB6062AB-6	C156M L101M	ADDED 100 uuf WAS 24C82901B02	CENTER OF BOARD



AEPD-9005-O

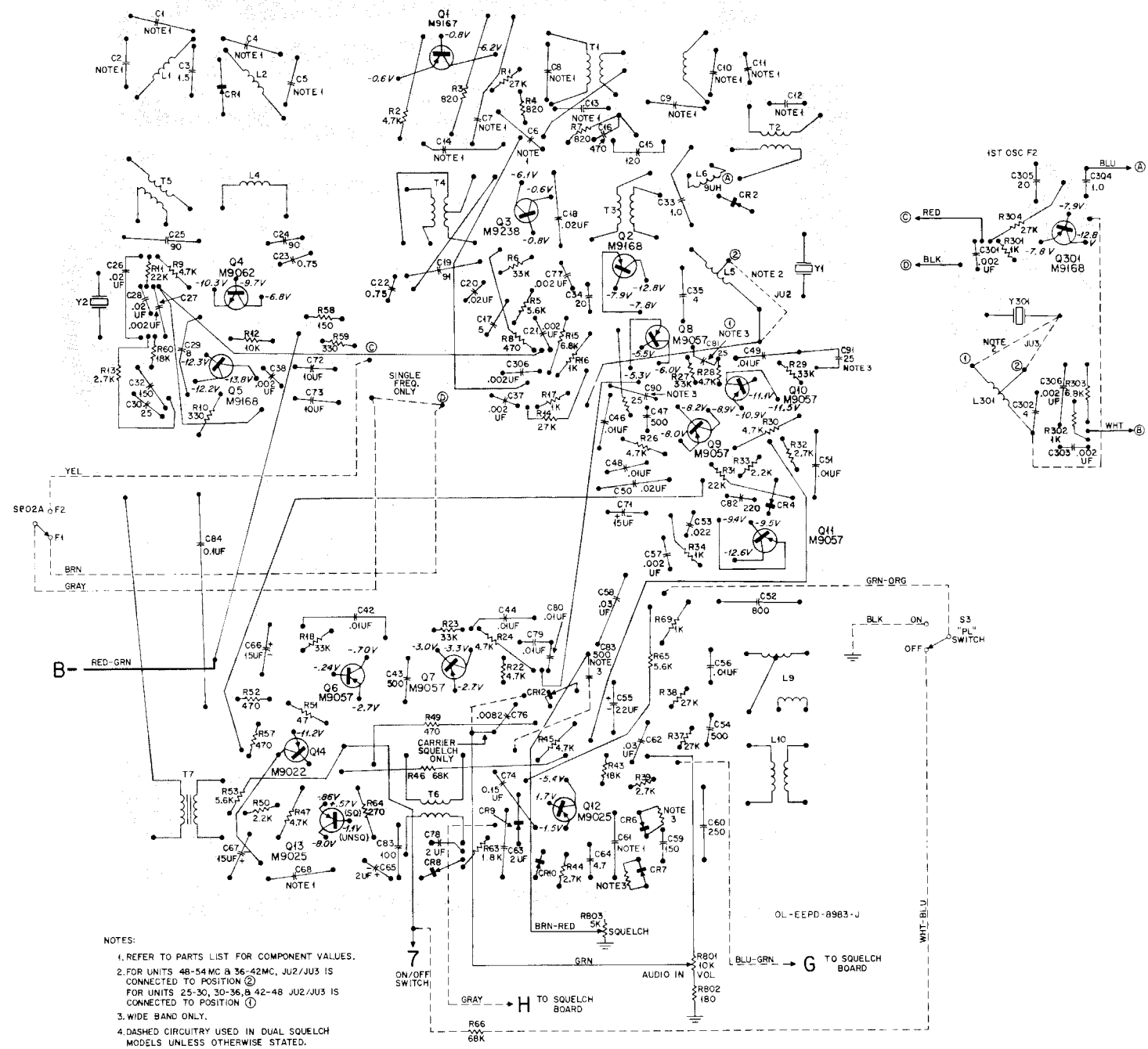
MODEL	SUFFIX
NTB6051AC	1
NTB6052AC	3
NTB6061AC	1
NTB6062AC	3

FOR UNITS SUFFIXED LATER THAN INDICATED IN THIS CHART, REFER TO CIRCUIT BOARD DIAGRAM EPD-13429.

EPD-13472-O

Transmitter Printed Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram used in 25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" FM Two-Way Radio Sets Motorola No. EPD-8838-K

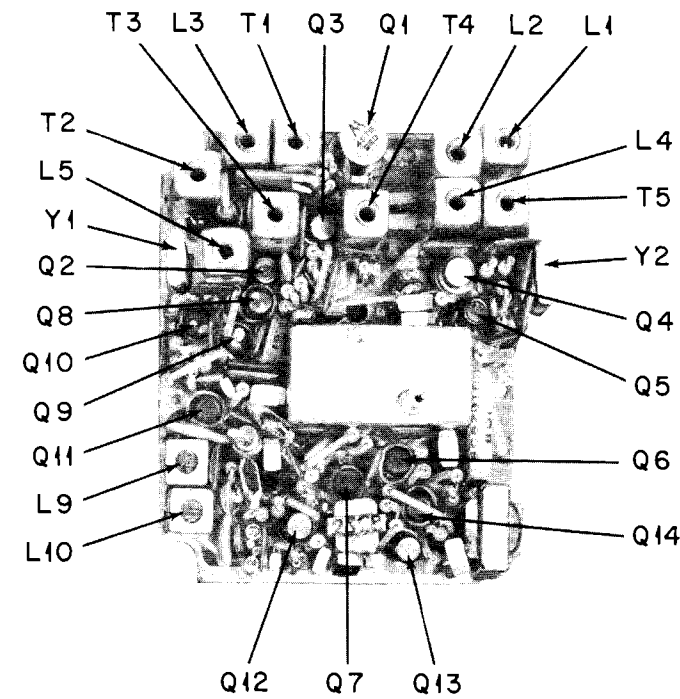
MODEL TABLE (HANDSET ONLY)			
MODEL SERIES	NO OF CHANNELS	CHANNEL WIDTH	TYPE OF SQUELCH
NRB1150AA	1	40KC	CARRIER
NRB1150AB	1	20KC	
NRB1150AC	2	40KC	
NRB1150AD	2	20KC	
NRB1150AF	1	20KC	DUAL



- NOTES:
- REFER TO PARTS LIST FOR COMPONENT VALUES.
 - FOR UNITS 48-54 MC & 36-42 MC, JU2/JU3 IS CONNECTED TO POSITION ② FOR UNITS 25-30, 30-36, & 42-48 JU2/JU3 IS CONNECTED TO POSITION ①
 - WIDE BAND ONLY.
 - DASHED CIRCUITRY USED IN DUAL SQUELCH MODELS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
A	NRB1151AF-1	C341, M, 34E, 3051, M, 305H	WAS C341, 305 21D-2577B9 (30 305)	PARTS LIST
B	NRB1151,52,53AA-1 NRB1151,52,53AB-1 NRB1151,52,53AC-1 NRB1151,52,53AD-1 NRB1151,52,53AF-2 NRB1151,52,53AH-1	R64 R66	WAS 6K12752, 270 ADDED 6K12744, 65K	Q13 EMITTER S3 PL SWITCH
B1	NRB1151AA-2 NRB1151AB-2 NRB1151AC-2 NRB1151AD-2 NRB1151AF-2	C61	WAS 21K861470 (2.2 uuf)	PARTS LIST
C	NRB1151AA-3 NRB1152AA-2 NRB1153AA-2 NRB1151AB-3 NRB1152AB-2 NRB1153AB-2 NRB1151AC-3 NRB1152AC-2 NRB1153AC-2 NRB1151AD-4 NRB1152AD-2 NRB1153AD-2 NRB1151AF-4 NRB1152AF-3 NRB1153AF-3	L11 R69	REMOVED 21V8090A61, 6.0 uuf (WAS BETWEEN JUNCTIONS OF L9, C56 AND C57, 56K) ADDED 6K127802, 1K (REPLACES L11)	BELOW Q11
D	NRB1151AA-4 NRB1152AA-3 NRB1153AA-3 NRB1151AB-4 NRB1152AB-3 NRB1153AB-3 NRB1151AC-4 NRB1152AC-3 NRB1153AC-3 NRB1151AD-3 NRB1152AD-3 NRB1153AD-3	Q12, 13	WERE 48R86925, M9025	Q12, 13
E	NRB1151AA-5 NRB1152AA-4 NRB1153AA-4 NRB1151AB-5 NRB1152AB-4 NRB1153AB-4 NRB1151AC-5 NRB1152AC-4 NRB1153AC-4 NRB1151AD-5 NRB1152AD-4 NRB1153AD-4	C63 R63 C76	WAS 23D82597D07, 6.8 uuf WAS 6K127545, 470 WAS 23D82597D07, 6.8 uuf	LOWER LEFT OF Q12 BELOW T6
F	NRB1151AA-6 NRB1152AA-5 NRB1153AA-5 NRB1151AB-6 NRB1152AB-5 NRB1153AB-5 NRB1151AC-6 NRB1152AC-5 NRB1153AC-5 NRB1151AD-6 NRB1152AD-5 NRB1153AD-5	C35 R14 R15 Q2, 301 Q3, 5 C302 R304 R303	WAS 21K861428, 6 uuf WAS 6K127807, 33K WAS 6K127802, 4.7K WERE TYPE M9047 WERE TYPE M9031 WAS 21K861428, 6 uuf WAS 6K127807, 33K WAS 6K127804, 4.7K	Q2 COLLECTOR Q2 BASE BELOW Q301
G	NRB1151AA-6 NRB1152AA-5 NRB1153AA-5 NRB1151AB-6 NRB1152AB-5 NRB1153AB-5 NRB1151AC-6 NRB1152AC-5 NRB1153AC-5 NRB1151AD-6 NRB1152AD-5 NRB1153AD-5	Q1	WAS TYPE M4576	
H	NRB1151AA-7 NRB1152AA-6 NRB1153AA-6 NRB1151AB-7 NRB1153AB-6 NRB1151AC-7 NRB1152AC-6 NRB1153AC-6 NRB1151AD-7 NRB1153AD-6	C17 Q3	WAS 21K861603, 3.3 uuf WAS 48R869169, M9169	Q3 BASE TOP CENTER OF BOARD
J	NRB1151AA-8 NRB1152AA-7 NRB1153AA-7 NRB1151AC-8 NRB1152AC-7 NRB1153AC-7	C81 C90, 91	WAS 21K864013 ADDED	Q9 BASE TO COLL. Q8 AND Q10 BASE TO COLL.
K	NRB1151AF-8 NRB1152AF-7 NRB1153AF-7	C61	WAS 21K86144, .01 uuf	LOWER RIGHT OF Q12



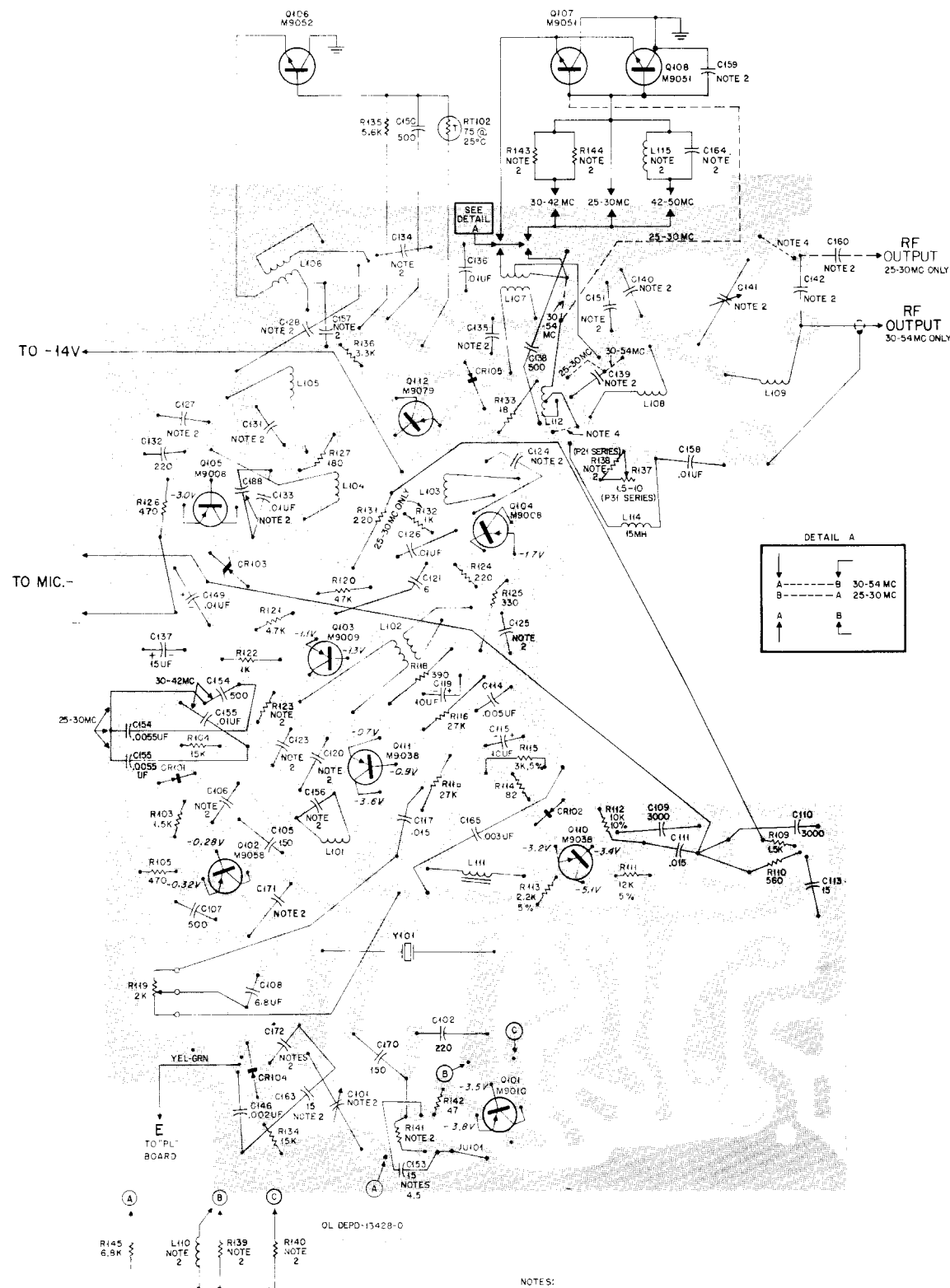
Handset Models Only
Receiver Printed Circuit
Board and Wiring Diagram used in
25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie"
FM Two-Way Radio Sets
Motorola No. EPD-8978-K

For 68P81017A20-C

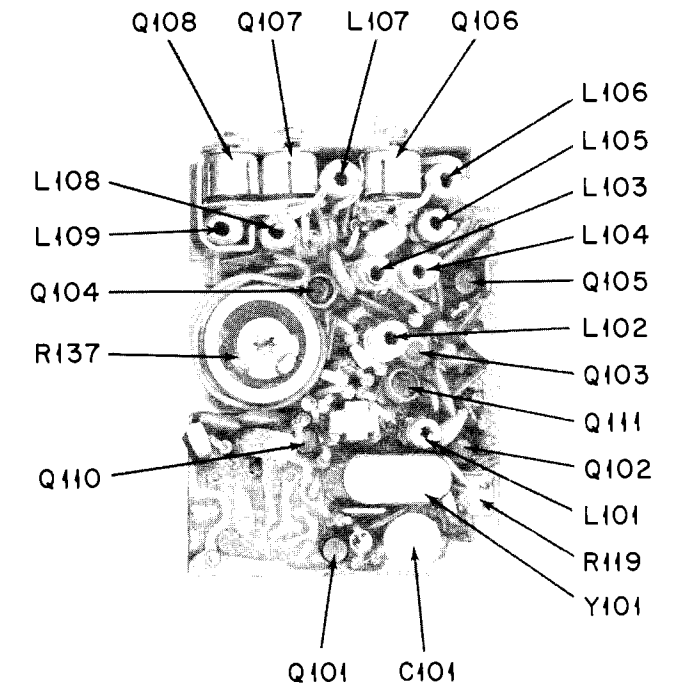
Add this Diagram EPD-13429-A to your manual.

REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
0	NTB6052AC-4 NTB6062AC-4		EXTENSIVE CIRCUIT BOARD AND COMPONENT CHANGES	
A	NTB6052AC-5 NTB6062AC-5	C156M L101M	ADDED 100 uuf WAS 24C82901B02	CENTER OF BOARD



NOTES:
2. REFER TO PARTS LISTS FOR COMPONENT VALUES.
4. APPEARS ON 30-42 MC UNITS ONLY.



AEPD-9005-O

MODEL	SUFFIX
NTB6051AC	2
NTB6052AC	4
NTB6061AC	2
NTB6062AC	4

FOR UNITS SUFFIXED EARLIER THAN INDICATED IN THIS CHART, REFER TO CIRCUIT BOARD DIAGRAM EPD-8838.

EPD-13473-O

Transmitter Printed Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram used in 25-42 MC "Handie-Talkie" "Private-Line" Dual Squelch FM Two-Way Radio Sets Motorola No. EPD-13429-A

For 68P81017A20-C

Replace Schematic Diagram 63E81017A22 with this Diagram 63E81017A22-AH.

Table with 6 columns: DIAG. ISSUE, CHASSIS AND SUFFIX NO., REF. SYMBOL, CHANGE, LOCATION, REFER TO CIRCUIT BOARD. Includes a circuit diagram for the CR701 section.

PARTS LIST for Schematic Diagram 63E81017A22-AH

LEGEND L = 25-30 MC M = 30-42 MC H = 42-54 MC

NRB1121AF, NRB1151AF Receiver Circuit Board (25-30 MC) 1-Freq. NRB1122AF, NRB1152AF Receiver Circuit Board (30-42 MC) 1-Freq. NRB1123AF, NRB1153AF Receiver Circuit Board (42-54 MC) 1-Freq. NRB1151AH Receiver Circuit Board (25-30 MC) 2-Freq. NRB1152AH Receiver Circuit Board (30-42 MC) 2-Freq. NRB1153AH Receiver Circuit Board (42-54 MC) 2-Freq.

Table with 3 columns: REFERENCE SYMBOL, MOTOROLA PART NO., DESCRIPTION. Lists various components like capacitors, resistors, and transistors.

Table with 3 columns: REFERENCE SYMBOL, MOTOROLA PART NO., DESCRIPTION. Lists various components like semiconductors, transformers, and coils.

Table with 3 columns: REFERENCE SYMBOL, MOTOROLA PART NO., DESCRIPTION. Lists various components like filters, capacitors, resistors, and transistors.

TRANSMITTERS					
SERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	FREQUENCY RANGE	RF POWER OUTPUT
NTB6050AC	NTB6051AC	2	1	25-30 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6052AC	5	1	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AC	4	1	42-54 MC	1.4 W
NTB6050AD	NTB6051AD	2	2	25-30 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6052AD	4	2	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AD	4	2	42-54 MC	1.4 W
NTB6060AC	NTB6061AC	2	1	25-30 MC	5 W
	NTB6062AC	5	1	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AC	4	1	42-54 MC	5 W
NTB6060AD	NTB6061AD	2	2	25-30 MC	5 W
	NTB6062AD	4	2	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AD	4	2	42-54 MC	5 W

RECEIVERS						
SERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	CHANNEL SPACING	FREQUENCY RANGE	USED WITH
NRB1120AF	NRB1121AF	11	1	20 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1122AF	14	1	20 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1123AF	13	1	20 KC	42-54 MC	HANDSET ONLY
NRB1150AF	NRB1151AF	8	1	20 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1152AF	7	1	20 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1153AF	7	1	20 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1120AH	NRB1121AH	7	2	20 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1122AH	6	2	20 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1123AH	6	2	20 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER

POWER SUPPLIES		
MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	TYPE OF BATTERIES
NPN6030B		DRY
NPN6031A		NICKEL-CADMIUM

"PRIVATE-LINE" DECK	
MODEL	CHASSIS SUFFIX
NLB6141A	7
NLB6142A	6

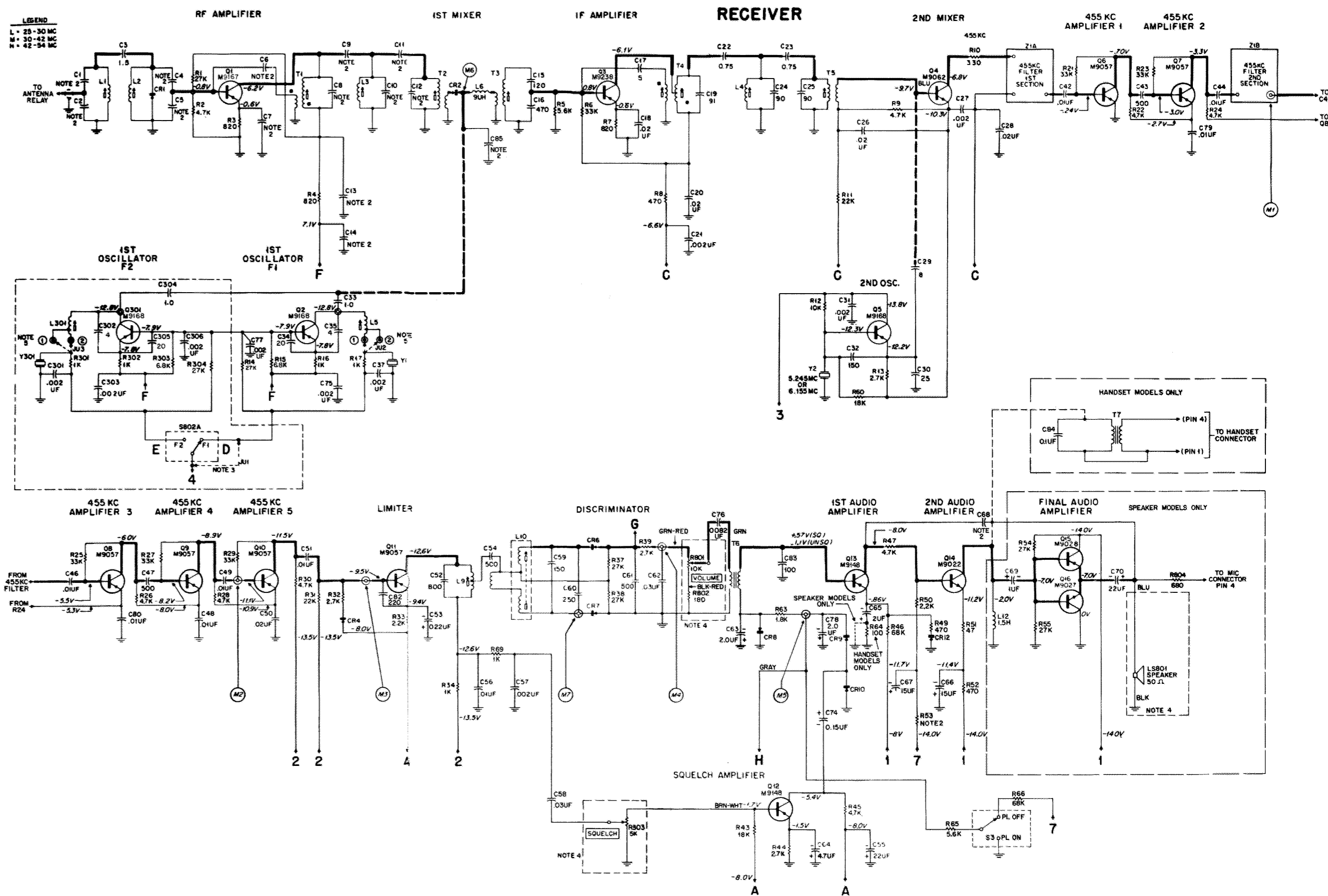
POWER AMPLIFIERS		
MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	FREQUENCY RANGE
NLB6121A	2	25-30 MC
NLB6122A	2	30-42 MC
NLB6123A		42-54 MC

CONTROL PANELS							
MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	XMTR. FREQ.	RCVR. FREQ.	HANDSET	SPEAKER	MICROPHONE	RF POWER OUTPUT
NGN6024A	1	1	1	X			1.4 W
NCN6040A	1	1	1		X	X	1.4 W
NCN6042A	1	2	1		X	X	1.4 W
NCN6046A	1	1	1		X	X	5 W
NCN6048A	1	2	1		X	X	5 W
NCN6050A	1	2	2		X	X	1.4 W
NCN6051A	1	2	2		X	X	5 W
NCN6053A	1	2	1	X	X		1.4 W
NCN6055A	1	2	2	X	X		1.4 W
NCN6057A	1	1	1	X	X		5 W
NCN6059A	1	2	1	X	X		5 W
NCN6061A	1	2	2	X	X		5 W
NCN6065A	1	2	2	X	X		1.4 W

NOTES:

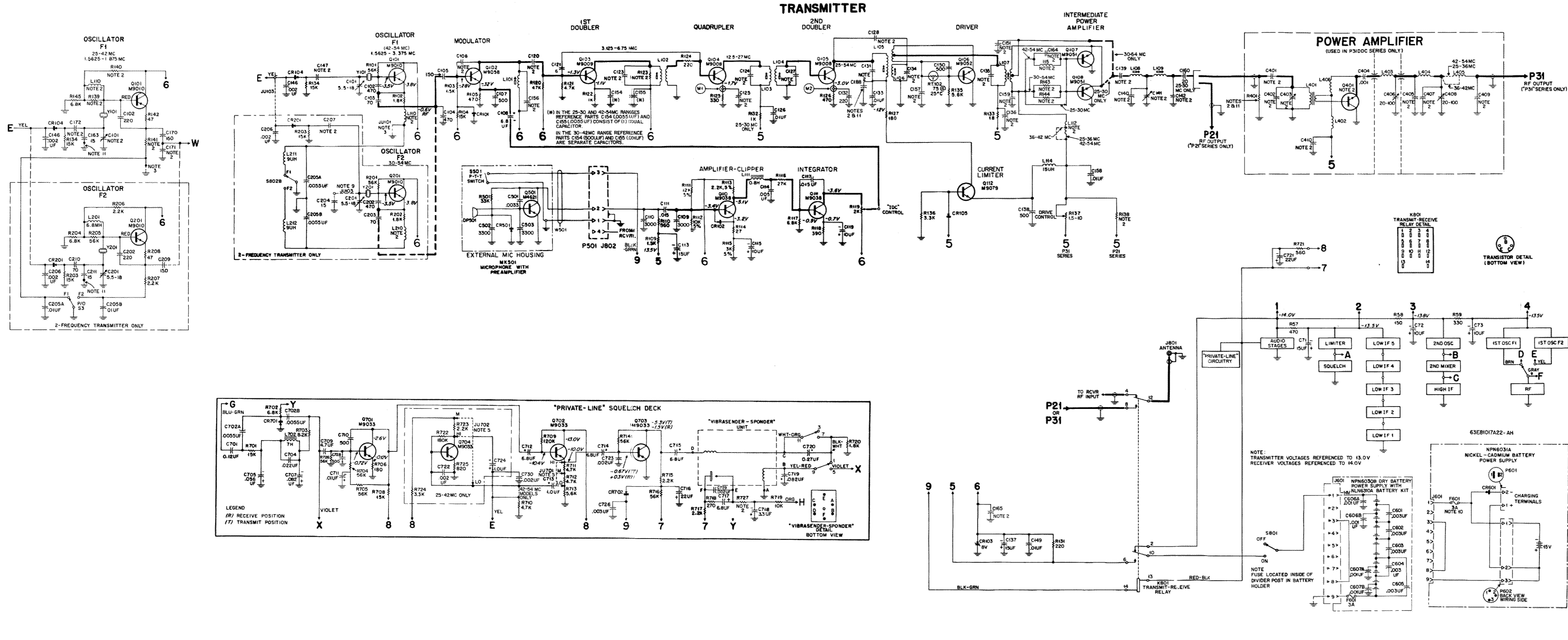
- UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED: RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, ±10%, 1/4 WATT, K=1000. ALL CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROMICROFARADS.
- REFER TO PARTS LIST FOR COMPONENT VALUE.
- USED IN SINGLE FREQUENCY MODELS ONLY.
- PART OF HOUSING.
- REFER TO RECEIVER PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD AND WIRING DIAGRAM FOR PROPER TAP.
- ALL VOLTAGE READINGS REFERENCED TO CHASSIS GROUND. DC READINGS TAKEN WITH A MOTOROLA DC MULTIMETER.
- FREQUENCY CALCULATIONS:
 TRANSMITTER: $f_0 = \frac{f}{16}$
 RECEIVER: f_c = CARRIER FREQUENCY (25-54 MC)
 f_{01} = 1ST OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (30.7-46.3 MC)
 f_{02} = 2ND OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (REFER TO CHART ON BLOCK DIAGRAM)
 f_1 = 1ST INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (5.7 MC)
 f_2 = 2ND INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (455 KC)
 $f_{01} = f_c + f_1$ (25-42 MC)
 $f_{02} = f_c - f_1$ (42-54 MC)
- HANDSET MODELS ONLY.
- JU105: MAY OR MAY NOT EXIST DEPENDING UPON OPERATING FREQUENCY.
- REFER TO BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING SECTION OF THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR LOCATION OF FUSE.
- NOT USED IN 42-54 MC RANGE.

EPD-6874-C



25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie"
 FM Two-Way Radio Sets
 Dual Squelch "Private-Line"
 Schematic Diagram
 Motorola No. 63E81017A22-AH
 (Sheet 1 of 2)

Replace Schematic Diagram 63E81017A22 with this Diagram
63E81017A22-AH.



REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	CHASSIS AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION	REFER TO CIRCUIT BOARD
V	NTB6051AA-3 NTB6053AA-4 NTB6061AA-3 NTB6063AA-4 NTB6051AB-3 NTB6052AB-3 NTB6053AB-4 NTB6061AB-3 NTB6062AB-3 NTB6063AB-4	C154L, 154H, 155L, 155H C205A, 205B	WERE 21B861469, DUAL .01 uf	PARTS LIST	XMTR. BD. EPD-8838-G
				XMTR F2 OSC, 5802B SWITCH	
V1	NRB1151AA-6 NRB1152AA-5 NRB1153AA-5 NRB1151AB-6 NRB1152AB-5 NRB1153AB-5 NRB1151AC-6 NRB1152AC-5 NRB1153AC-5 NRB1151AD-6 NRB1152AD-5 NRB1153AD-5	Q1	WAS 48R134576	PARTS LIST	RCVR. BD. EPD-8978-G EPD-8841-H
V2	NTB6051AA-3 NTB6052AA-2 NTB6053AA-4 NTB6051AB-3 NTB6052AB-3 NTB6053AB-4 NTB6061AA-3 NTB6062AA-2 NTB6063AA-4 NTB6061AB-3 NTB6062AB-3 NTB6063AB-4	L110M, 110H, 210M, 210H L114	WERE 24D82549D02 WAS 24D82549D01	PARTS LIST	NONE
W	NTB6052AA-3 NTB6052AB-4 NTB6062AA-3 NTB6062AB-4 NLB6121A-2 NLB6122A-2	C188L, M R401L, M	WAS REF. C188 ADDED 6R6330, 150	PARTS LIST	NONE
				RF INPUT TO POWER AMP. (USED IN P31DDC SERIES ONLY)	
Y	NRB1121AB-9 NRB1122AB-12 NRB1123AB-11 NRB1121AA-9 NRB1122AA-12 NRB1123AA-12 NRB1121AD-9 NRB1122AD-12 NRB1123AD-11 NRB1121AC-9 NRB1122AC-12 NRB1123AC-12		REPLACE THE 455 KC FILTERS, MOD-ELS NFN6004H5 & NFN6004AW WITH NFN6006AW AND NFN6006AW RESPECTIVELY	PARTS LIST	NONE
Y1	NRB1121AA-9 NRB1122AA-12 NRB1123AA-12 NRB1121AB-9 NRB1122AB-12 NRB1123AB-11 NRB1121AC-9 NRB1122AC-12 NRB1123AC-12 NRB1121AD-9 NRB1122AD-12 NRB1123AD-11 NRB1151AA-7 NRB1153AA-6 NRB1151AB-7 NRB1153AB-6 NRB1151AC-7 NRB1153AC-6 NRB1151AD-7 NRB1153AD-6	C17 Q3	WAS 21K861603, 3.3 uf WAS 48R869169, M9169	Q3 BASE IF AMP.	RCVR. BD. EPD-8841-J
					RCVR. BD. EPD-8978-H
AA	NRB1121AA-10 NRB1122AA-13 NRB1123AA-13 NRB1121AC-10 NRB1122AC-13 NRB1123AC-13 NRB1151AA-8 NRB1152AA-7 NRB1153AA-7 NRB1151AC-8 NRB1152AC-7 NRB1153AC-7	C81 C90, 91	WAS 21K864013 ADDED	PARTS LIST Q8 AND Q10 BASE TO COLL.	EPD-8841 EPD-8978
AB	NTB6052AA-4 NTB6053AA-5 NTB6052AB-5 NTB6053AB-5 NTB6062AA-4 NTB6063AA-5 NTB6062AB-5 NTB6063AB-5	C165H C164H L115H R143M, 144M	ADDED .003 uf ADDED CHOKE, 3 TURNS ADDED 10 OHMS	LEFT OF K801; PWR. DISTR. CKT. Q107 BASE Q108 BASE	EPD-8838-H

PARTS LIST for Schematic Diagram 63E81017A21-AB

LEGEND
L = 25-30 MC
M = 30-42 MC
H = 42-54 MC

RECEIVER

NRB1121AA	NRB1121AD	NRB1151AC
NRB1122AA	NRB1122AD	NRB1152AC
NRB1123AA	NRB1123AD	NRB1153AC
NRB1121AB	NRB1151AA	NRB1151AD
NRB1122AB	NRB1152AA	NRB1152AD
NRB1123AB	NRB1153AA	NRB1153AD
NRB1121AC	NRB1151AB	
NRB1122AC	NRB1152AB	
NRB1123AC	NRB1153AB	

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
		<u>CAPACITOR, fixed; uf ±10%:</u>
C1L, 1M, 10M	21K861433	75 v; unl. stated
C1H, 10H, 12H	21K861462	36; N150
C2L, 2H, 32, 5-9	21D82877B02	15; N150
C2M, 82	21K868829	150; N1400
C3	21C82450B27	220; N1400
C4L	21K861433	1.5; 500 v
	or 21K861434	36; N150; handset models
C4M, 5M, 81	21K864013	40; N150; speaker models
C4H, 34, 305	21K861432	50; N150
C5L	21K861435	20; N150
C5H, 8M, 12M	21D82877B06	70; N150
		30; N150
C6L, 6M, 6H, 9L, 11L	21C82450B30	1.8 ±5%
C7L, 7M, 13L, 13M, 14L, 14M, 21, 27, 31, 37, 75, 77, 301, 303, 306	21K861442	.002 uf +100-20%
C7H, 13H, 14H, 43, 47, 54, 83	21K847065	500 GMV; 250 v
C8L	21D82877B01	24; N150
C8H	21K861431	12; N150
C9H, 11H	21C82450B24	0.47; 500 v
C9M, 11M, 33, 304	21C82450B28	1.0; 500 v
C10L, 12L	21D82877B01	24; N150; handset models
	or 21D82877B06	30; N150; speaker models
C15	21D82877B15	120; N150
C16	21K861440	470; N2200
C17	21D82877B17	5 ±5%; N150
C18, 20, 26, 28, 50	21K861444	.02 uf +100-20%
C19	21D82877B14	91; N470
C22, 23	21C82450B22	0.75; 500 v
C24, 25	21K864522	90; N080
C29	21K861429	8; N150
C30	21K865197	25; N150
C33, 304	21C82450B28	1.0; 500 v
C35, 302	21K861427	4; N150
C42, 44, 46, 48, 49, 51, 56, 61, 79, 80	21K861443	.01 uf +100-20%
C52	21D82239E02	800 ±5%; 200 v
C53	23D82397D06	0.22 uf +40-20%; 35 v
C55	23D82397D16	22 uf ±20%; 15 v
C57	21K864457	.002 uf +100-20%
C58, 62	8C82317B03	.03 uf; 50 v
C60	21D82239E03	250 ±5%; 200 v
C63, 78	23D82397D05	2 uf +40-20%; 8 v
C64	23D82397D05	4.7 uf +40-20%; 3 v
C65	23D82397D19	2 uf +40-20%; 8 v
C66, 67, 71	23D82397D17	15 uf ±20%; 20 v
C68	21C82187B16	3000; 100 v (speaker models)
	or 21D82428B09	4700; 100 v (handset models)
C69	23D82397D07	1 uf +40-20%; 15 v
C70	23D82397D16	22 uf ±20%; 15 v (speaker models)
C72, 73	23D82397D15	10 uf ±20%; 20 v
C74	23D82397D08	0.15 uf +40-20%; 35 v
C84	8C82317B01	0.1 uf; 100 v
C85L, 85M	21K861426	2.2; N150

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
GR1	48C82363E03	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, diode; NOTE 1
CR2	48C859464	silicon
CR4, 6, 7	48C82178A01	germanium
CR8, 9, 10	48C82363E02	germanium
		silicon
L1L, 2L, 3L	24C82765D07	<u>COIL, RF:</u> GRN-RED; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning
L1M, 1H, 2M, 2H, 3M, 3H	24C82765D06	GRN-BRN; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron
L4	24C82765D05	GRN-GRA; does not incl 76K847160 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron
L5M, 301M	24C82766D08	BLU-RED; does not incl 76A82686D02 CORE, tuning
L5L, 5H, 301L, 301H	24C82766D04	BLU-GRA; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron
L6	24C847920	choke; 9 uh
L9	24B82695D01	limiter; c/o; pri: term. no. 1 and 2 with no. 5 center tap; sec: term. no. 3 and 4
L10	24B82696D01	discriminator; 455 kc; incl tuning core
L12	25B82751D01	choke; 1.5 h
Q1	48R869167	TRANSISTOR; NOTE 1
Q2, 5, 301	48R869168	P-N-P; type M9167
Q3	48R869238	P-N-P; type M9168
Q4	48K869062	N-P-N; type M9238
Q6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11	48R869057	N-P-N; type M9062 BLU
Q12, 13	48R869148	P-N-P; type M9148
Q14	48R869022	N-P-N; type M9022
Q15	48R869028	P-N-P; type M9028
Q16	48R869027	N-P-N; type M9027
		<u>RESISTOR, fixed; ±10%; 1/4 w; unl. stated</u>
R1, 14, 37, 38, 304	6K127806	27K
R2, 9, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 45, 47	6K127804	4.7K
R3, 4, 7	6K129432	820
R5	6K129433	5.6K
R6, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29	6K127807	33K
R8, 52, 57	6K127801	470
R10, 59	6K129775	330
R11, 31	6K128685	22K
R12	6K129225	10K
R13, 32, 39, 44	6K128688	2.7K
R15, 303	6K128687	6.8K
R16, 17, 34, 69, 301, 302	6K127802	1K
R33, 50	6K128689	2.2K
R43, 60	6K128904	18K
R46	6K129144	68K
R49	6K127803	1.5K
R51	6K129233	47
R53	6K129433	5.6K; handset models
	or 6K127804	4.7K; speaker models
R54, 55	6K127806	27K; speaker models
R58	6K129862	150
R63	6K129269	1.8K; 1/10 w
R64	6K129753	100; handset models
T1L	24C82767D06	<u>TRANSFORMER:</u> GRN-BLK; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning
T1M, 1H	24C82767D03	GRN-ORG; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron
T2L	24C82767D07	GRN-VIO; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning
T2M, 2H	24C82767D04	GRN-GRN; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron
T3, 5	24C82767D05	GRN-BLU; does not incl 76K847160 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
T4	24C82207G01	RED-RED; does not incl 76K847160 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron
T6	25B82699D01	audio input; BLU dot; c/o; pri: coil res. 1340; impd. 10K
T7	25B82893E01	sec: coil res. 348; impd. 1K
		audio; pri: impd. 1200; res. 125; sec: impd. 120; res. 12
Y1, 301	YM45	<u>CRYSTAL UNIT, quartz;</u> NOTE II
Y2	or YM46 YN	25-42 mc 42-54 mc 5.245 or 6.155 mc

NLN6234A Resistor Kit (Wide Channel Spacing)

C81, 90, 91 C83	21K865197 21K847065	<u>CAPACITOR, fixed:</u> 50 ±10%; 75 v; N150 500 GMV; 250 v
R35, 36	6K128563	<u>RESISTOR, fixed; ±10%; 1/10 w</u> unl. stated 15K

FILTER

Z1	NFN6006AS NFN6006AW	<u>FILTER, IF:</u> bandpass; 20 kc bandpass; 40 kc
NON-REFERENCED ITEMS		
	26B82671D01 14A82271E01	<u>SHIELD, coil: 10 req'd</u> INSULATOR, coil shield; used with L1, 2, 3, 5, T1, 2

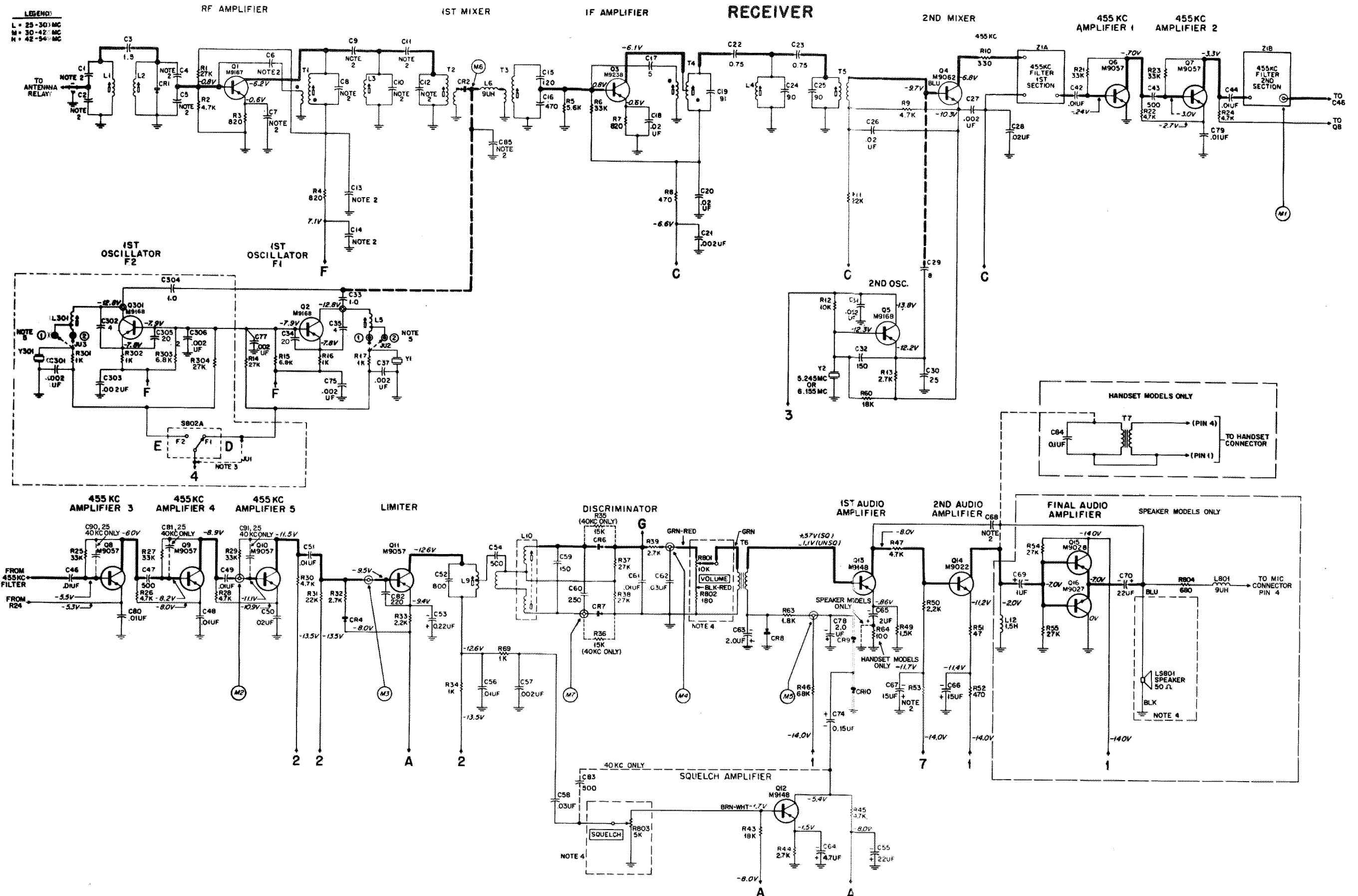
instruction manual revision MR-1746J

For 68P81017A20-C

Replace Schematic Diagram 63E81017A21 with this Diagram 63E81017A21-AB.

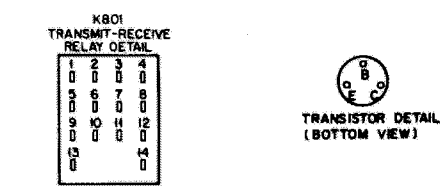
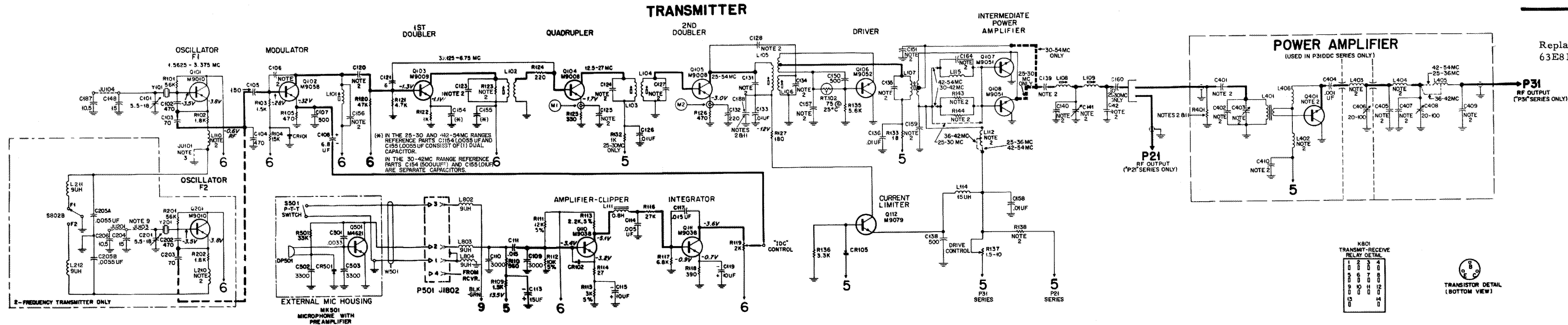
- NOTES:
- UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED: RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, $\pm 10\%$, 1/4 WATT, K=1000. ALL CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROMICROFARADS.
 - REFER TO PARTS LIST FOR COMPONENT VALUE.
 - USED IN SINGLE FREQUENCY MODELS ONLY.
 - PART OF HOUSING.
 - REFER TO RECEIVER PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD AND WIRING DIAGRAM FOR PROPER TAP.
 - ALL VOLTAGE READINGS REFERENCED TO CHASSIS GROUND. DC READINGS TAKEN WITH A MOTOROLA DC MULTIMETER.
 - FREQUENCY CALCULATIONS:
 TRANSMITTER: $f_o = \frac{f_c}{16}$
 RECEIVER: f_c = CARRIER FREQUENCY (25-54 MC)
 f_{o1} = 1ST OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (30.7-48.3 MC)
 f_{o2} = 2ND OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (REFER TO CHART ON BLOCK DIAGRAM)
 f_1 = 1ST INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (5.7 MC)
 f_2 = 2ND INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (455 KC)
 $f_{o1} = f_c + f_1$ (25-42 MC)
 $f_{o2} = f_c - f_1$ (42-54 MC)
 - HANDSET MODELS ONLY.
 - JU103 MAY OR MAY NOT EXIST DEPENDING UPON OPERATING FREQUENCY.
 - REFER TO BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING SECTION OF THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR LOCATION OF FUSE.
 - NOT USED IN 42-54 MC RANGE.

EPD-8874-C



25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie"
 FM Two-Way Radio Sets
 Carrier Squelch
 Schematic Diagram
 Motorola No. 63E81017A21-AB
 (Sheet 1 of 2)

Replace Schematic Diagram 63E81017A21 with this Diagram 63E81017A21-AB.



TRANSMITTERS

SERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	FREQUENCY RANGE	RF POWER OUTPUT
NTB6050AA	NTB6051AA	3	1	25-30 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6052AA	4	1	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AA	5	1	42-54 MC	1.4 W
NTB6050AB	NTB6051AB	3	2	25-30 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6052AB	5	2	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AB	5	2	42-54 MC	1.4 W
NTB6060AA	NTB6061AA	3	1	25-30 MC	5 W
	NTB6062AA	4	1	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AA	5	1	42-54 MC	5 W
NTB6060AB	NTB6061AB	4	2	25-30 MC	5 W
	NTB6062AB	5	2	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AB	5	2	42-54 MC	5 W

RECEIVERS

SERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	CHANNEL SPACING	FREQUENCY RANGE	USED WITH
NRB1120AA	NRB1121AA	10	1	40 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1122AA	13	1	40 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1123AA	13	1	40 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1120AB	NRB1121AB	9	1	20 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1122AB	12	1	20 KC	30-52 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1123AB	11	1	20 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1120AC	NRB1121AC	10	2	40 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1122AC	13	2	40 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1123AC	13	2	40 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1120AD	NRB1121AD	9	2	20 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1122AD	12	2	20 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1123AD	11	2	20 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1150AA	NRB1151AA	8	1	40 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1152AA	7	1	40 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1153AA	7	1	40 KC	42-54 MC	HANDSET ONLY
NRB1150AB	NRB1151AB	7	1	20 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1152AB	6	1	20 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1153AB	6	1	20 KC	42-54 MC	HANDSET ONLY
NRB1150AC	NRB1151AC	8	2	40 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1152AC	7	2	40 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1153AC	7	2	40 KC	42-50 MC	HANDSET ONLY
NRB1150AD	NRB1151AD	7	2	20 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1152AD	6	2	20 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1153AD	6	2	20 KC	42-54 MC	HANDSET ONLY

CONTROL PANELS

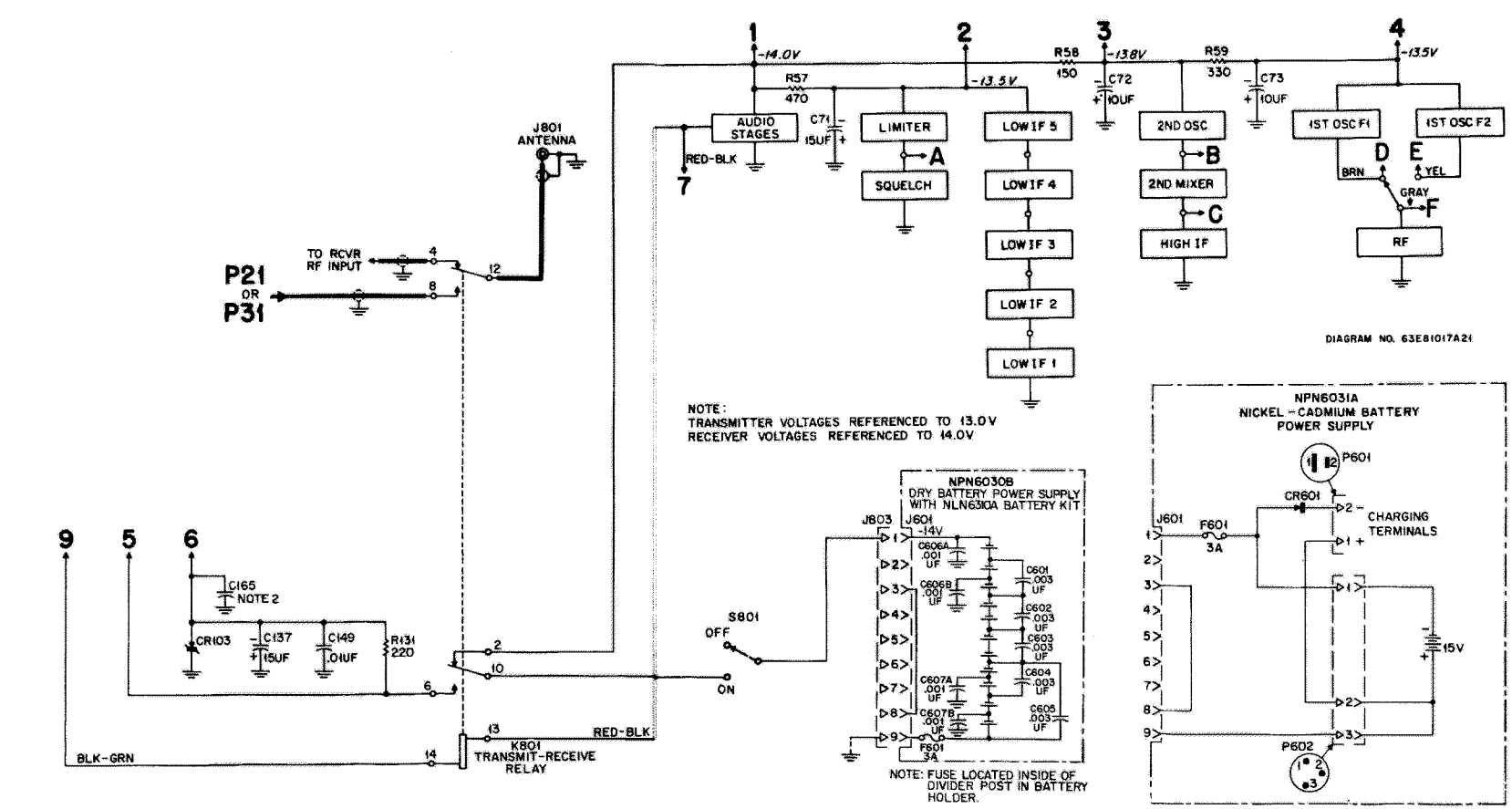
MODEL NUMBER	SUFFIX	XMTR. FREQ.	RCVR. FREQ.	HANDSET	SPEAKER	MICROPHONE	RF POWER OUTPUT
NGN6023A		1	1	X			1.4 W
NGN6025A		2	1	X			1.4 W
NGN6026A		2	2	X			1.4 W
NCN6039A		1	1		X	X	1.4 W
NCN6041A		2	1		X	X	1.4 W
NCN6043A		2	2		X	X	1.4 W
NCN6044A		1	1	X	X		1.4 W
NCN6045A		1	1		X	X	5 W
NCN6047A		2	1		X	X	5 W
NCN6049A		2	2		X	X	5 W
NCN6052A		1	1	X	X		1.4 W
NCN6054A		2	2	X	X		1.4 W
NCN6056A		1	1	X	X		5 W
NCN6058A		2	1	X	X		5 W
NCN6060A		2	2	X	X		5 W

POWER AMPLIFIERS

MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	FREQUENCY RANGE
NLB6121A	2	25-30 MC
NLB6122A	2	30-42 MC
NLB6123A	1	42-54 MC

POWER SUPPLIES

MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	TYPE OF BATTERIES
NPN6030B		DRY
NPN6031A		NICKEL-CADMIUM



25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" FM Two-Way Radio Sets Carrier Squelch Schematic Diagram Motorola No. 63E81017A21-AB (Sheet 2 of 2)

